

Beachwood

Community Health Needs Assessment 2022

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## **Executive Summary**

## Introduction

This Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) was conducted by Cleveland Clinic Rehabilitation Hospital, Beachwood (CCRH Beachwood or "the hospital") to identify significant community health needs and to inform development of an Implementation Strategy to address current needs.

Beachwood is a 60-bed rehabilitation hospital, offering sophisticated technology and advanced medical care within an intimate and friendly environment. Additional information on the hospital and its services is available at: <u>https://my.clevelandclinic.org/locations/rehabilitation-hospital</u>.

The hospital is a joint venture between Cleveland Clinic health system and Select Medical. The hospital is part of the Cleveland Clinic health system, which includes an academic medical center near downtown Cleveland, fourteen regional hospitals in northeast Ohio, a children's hospital, a children's rehabilitation hospital, five southeast Florida hospitals, and a number of other facilities and services across Ohio, Florida, and Nevada. Additional information about Cleveland Clinic is available at: <u>https://my.clevelandclinic.org/</u>.

Select Medical is one of the largest providers of post-acute care, operating 100 critical illness recovery hospitals in 28 states, 33 rehabilitation hospitals in 12 states and 1,695 outpatient rehabilitation clinics in 37 states and the District of Columbia. Additionally, Select Medical's joint venture subsidiary Concentra operates 526 occupational health centers in 41 states. Concentra also provides contract services at employer worksites and Department of Veterans Affairs community-based outpatient clinics. Select Medical provides post-acute care encompassing four areas of expertise: critical illness recovery, inpatient medical rehabilitation, outpatient physical therapy and occupational medicine, all of which are delivered and supported by more than 46,000 talented health care professionals across the U.S. Additional information about Select Medical is available at: <a href="https://www.selectmedical.com/">https://www.selectmedical.com/</a>.

Each Cleveland Clinic hospital supports a tripartite mission of patient care, research, and education. Research is conducted at and in collaboration with all Cleveland Clinic hospitals. Through research, Cleveland Clinic has advanced knowledge and improved community health for all its communities, from local to national, and across the world. This allows patients to access the latest techniques and to enroll in research trials no matter where they access care in the health system. Through education, Cleveland Clinic helps to train health professionals who are needed and who provide access to health care across Ohio and the United States.

Cleveland Clinic facilities are dedicated to the communities they serve. Each facility conducts a CHNA in order to understand and plan for the current and future health needs of residents and patients in the communities it serves. The CHNAs inform the development of strategies designed to improve community health, including initiatives designed to address social determinants of health.

These assessments are conducted using widely accepted methodologies to identify the significant health needs of a specific community. The assessments also are conducted to comply with federal and state laws and regulations including IRS requirements for 501(c) (3) Hospitals under the Affordable Care Act.<sup>1</sup>

## **Community Definition**

The community definition describes the zip codes where approximately 75% of CCRH Beachwood patients reside. Figure 1 shows the service area for the CCRH Beachwood Community. A table with zip codes and the associated postal names that comprise the community definition is located in <u>Appendix C.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Internal Revenue Service, Requirements for 501 (c) (3) Hospitals Under the Affordable Care Act – Section 501 (r), https://www.irs.gov/charities-non-profits/charitable-organizations/requirements-for-501c3-hospitals-under-the-affordable-care-act-section-501r

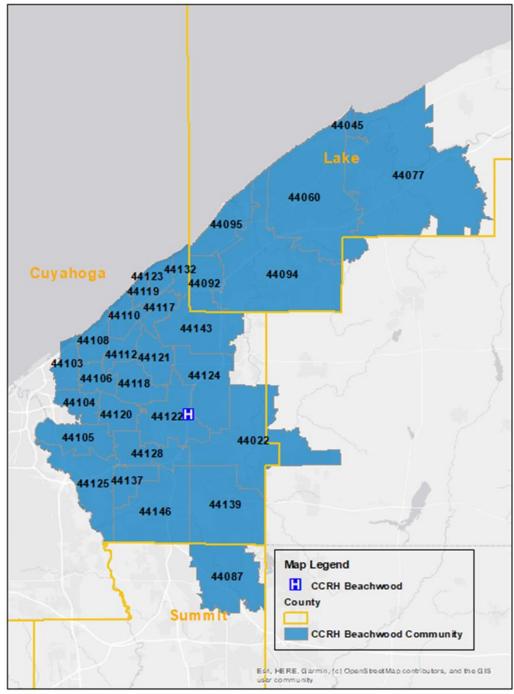


Figure 1: CCRH Beachwood Community Definition

## **Secondary Data Summary**

Secondary data used for this assessment were collected and analyzed from Conduent Healthy Communities Institute's (HCI) community indicator database. The database, maintained by researchers and analysts at HCI, includes 300 community indicators covering at least 28 topics in the areas of health, social determinants of health, and quality of life. The data are primarily derived from state and national public secondary data sources. The value for each of these indicators is compared to other communities, nationally set targets and to previous time periods.

Due to variability in which public health data sets are available, data within this report may be presented at various geographic levels:

- The CCRH Beachwood Community Definition—an aggregate of the 30 zip codes described in the Community Definition.
- Cuyahoga, Lake and Summit Counties—the three counties comprising the CCRH Beachwood Community Definition

# **Primary Data Summary**

Qualitative data collected from community members through key stakeholder interviews comprised the primary data component of the CHNA and helped to inform selection of the significant health needs. Conduent Healthy Communities Institute interviewed 20 key stakeholders from a diverse spectrum of community-based organizations and public health departments.

## **Prioritized Health Needs**

Following a comprehensive review of the significant community health needs throughout the Cleveland Clinic Health System, analysis of local county and state needs assessments and emerging trends, the following priority health needs were identified:

- Access to Healthcare
- Adult Health
- Community Safety



Access to Healthcare secondary data analysis results describe community needs related to consumer expenditures for health insurance, medical expenses, medicines and other supplies. Primary data collection found themes around limitations to accessing healthcare described in terms of transportation challenges, resource limitations and availability of primary care and other prevention services in local neighborhoods.



This health topic encompasses several subtopics where information is available including Older Adult Health; Other Conditions; and Chronic Disease Prevention and Management including Nutrition and Healthy Eating. By addressing these issues in concert, the Cleveland Clinic Foundation hopes to impact concerns for older adult mental health from isolation, chronic conditions and access to healthy food as described in the <u>Synthesis and</u> <u>Prioritization</u> section of this report (page 34).



Community Safety issues, though related to social determinants of health (SDOH) stands apart as a health topic intended to describe community health needs related to the following subtopics: Prevention & Safety and Alcohol & Drug Use.

## Additional Community Health Themes

In addition to the Prioritized Health Needs, other themes were prevalent in considering community health. These themes are intertwined in all community health components and impact multiple areas of community health strategies and delivery.



Health Equity issues in our communities were illuminated by COVID-19. They focus on the fair distribution of health determinants, outcomes and resources across communities.<sup>2</sup> Health Equity and reduction of health disparities are indicated as overarching themes in all our prioritized needs. It is described in detail and specifically as it relates to the CCRH Beachwood Community in both the <u>Disparities and Health Equity</u> section (page 25) of the report as well as in the <u>Synthesis and Prioritization</u> section (page 34). Special consideration will be given to addressing prioritized health needs through a health equity lens in the CCRH Beachwood implementation strategy report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Klein R, Huang D. Defining and measuring disparities, inequities, and inequalities in the Healthy People initiative.National Center for Health Statistics.Center for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ppt/nchs2010/41\_klein.pdf

# **Demographics of the CCRH Beachwood Community**

The demographics of a community significantly impact its health profile.<sup>3</sup> Different racial, ethnic, age, and socioeconomic groups may have unique needs and require varied approaches to health improvement efforts. The following section explores the demographic profile of the community residing in the CCRH Beachwood Community Definition.

## **Geography and Data Sources**

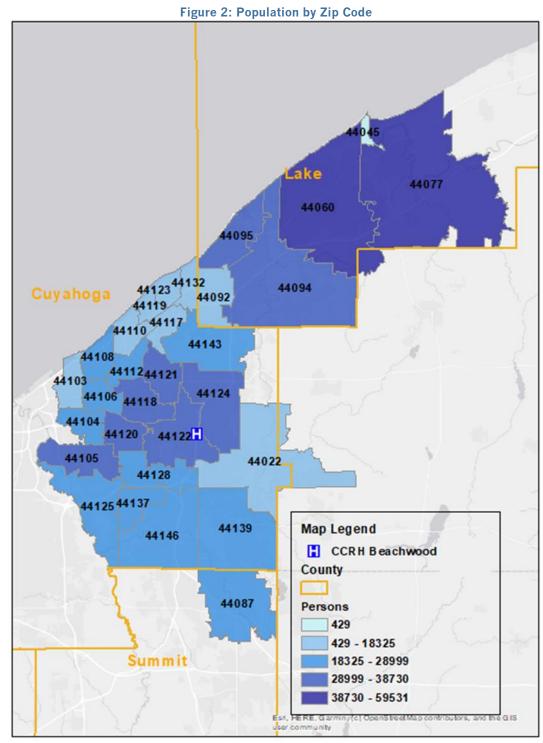
Data are presented in this section at the geographic level of the <u>Community Definition</u>. Comparisons to the county, state, and national values are also provided when available. All demographic estimates are sourced from Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates) and American Community Survey<sup>4</sup> one-year (2019) or five-year (2015-2019) estimates unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Population**

According to the 2022 Claritas Pop-Facts® population estimates, the CCRH Beachwood community has an estimated population of 785,911 persons. Figure 2 shows the population size by each zip code, with the darkest blue representing the zip codes with the largest population. Appendix C provides the actual population estimates for each zip code. The most populated zip code area within the CCRH Beachwood Community is zip code 44060 (Lake) with a population of 59,531.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> National Academies Press (US); 2002. 2, Understanding Population Health and Its Determinants. Available from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK221225/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> American Community Survey. <u>https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs</u>

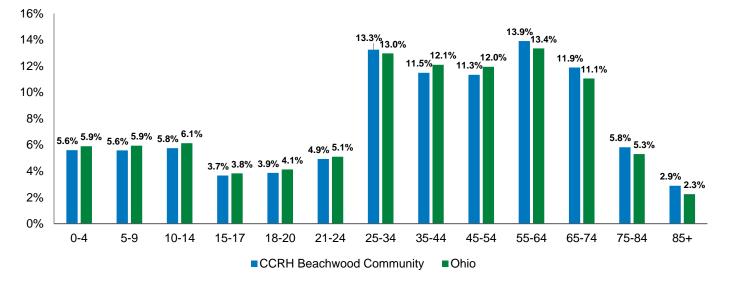


County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

## Age

Children (Ages 0-17) comprised 20.6% of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community, which is less when compared to the state of Ohio (21.8%). The CCRH Beachwood Community has a higher proportion of residents aged 65+ (20.6%) when

compared with the state of Ohio at 18.6%. Figure 3 shows further breakdown of age categories.





County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

#### Sex

Figure 4 shows the population of the CCRH Beachwood Community by sex. Males comprise 47.1% of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community, which is less than both the Ohio (49.0%) and U.S. (49.2%) values. Whereas females comprise 52.9% of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community which is greater than both the Ohio (51.0%) and the U.S. (50.8%) values.

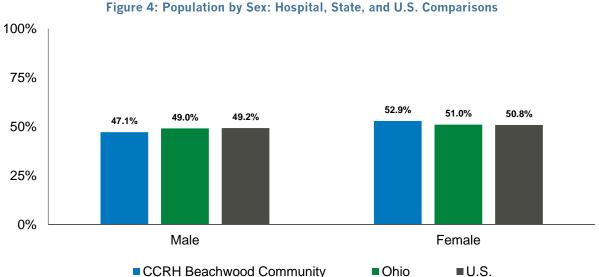


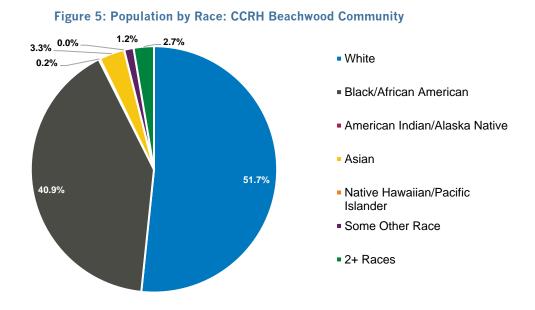
Figure 4: Population by Sex: Hospital, State, and U.S. Comparisons

County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates) U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

## **Race and Ethnicity**

Race and ethnicity contribute to the opportunities individuals and communities have to be healthy. The racial and ethnic composition of a population is also important in planning for future community needs, particularly for schools, businesses, community centers, healthcare, and childcare.

The racial makeup of CCRH Beachwood area shows 51.7% of the population identifying as White, as indicated in Figure 5. The proportion of Black/African American community members is the second largest of all races in the CCRH Beachwood Community at 40.9%.



County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

Community members who identify as White represent a smaller proportion of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community (51.7%) compared to Ohio (79.7%) and the U.S. (72.5%). Black/African American community members represent a greater proportion of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community (40.9%) when compared to Ohio (13.0%) and the U.S. (12.7%). Almost one in three (30.2%) community members in Cuyahoga County identify as Black/African American, which has the greatest percentage of community members identifying as Black/African American, followed by Summit County (15.1%), and Lorain County (5.0%) (Figure 6).

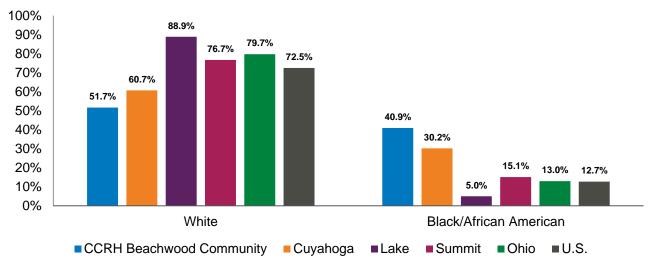
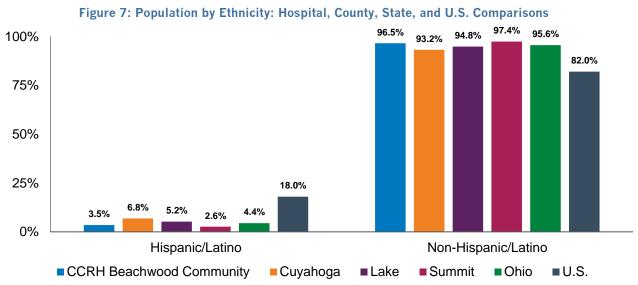


Figure 6: Population by Race: Hospital, County, State, and U.S. Comparisons

County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates), U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

As shown in Figure 7, 3.5% of the population in the CCRH Beachwood Community identify as Hispanic/Latino. This is a smaller proportion of the population when compared to Ohio (4.4%) and the U.S. (18.0%). Cuyahoga County has the largest percentage of community members who identify as Hispanic/Latino (6.8%).



County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates), U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

## Language and Immigration

Understanding countries of origin and language spoken at home can help inform the cultural and linguistic context for the health and public health system.

In the CCRH Beachwood Community, 91.4% of the population age five and older speak only English at home, which is slightly lower than the state value of 92.7% but higher than

the national value of 78.4% (Figure 8). This data indicates that 2.6% of the population five and older in the CCRH Beachwood Community speak Spanish, 1.4% speak an Asian/Pacific Islander language, 3.6% speak an Indo-European Language, and 1.1% speak Other Languages at home.

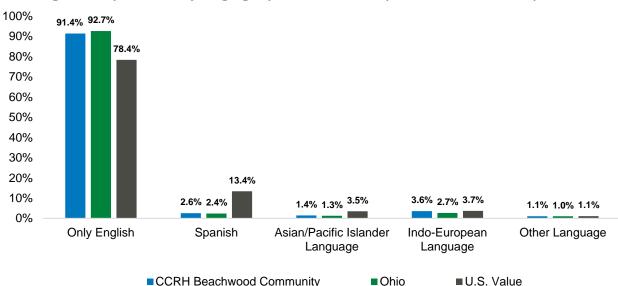


Figure 8: Population 5+ by Language Spoken at Home: Hospital, State and U.S. Comparisons

County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates), U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

# **Highlighted Demographics: Social & Economic Determinants of Health**

This section explores the economic, environmental, and social determinants of health (SDOH) impacting the CCRH Beachwood Community. The social determinants of health are the non-medical factors that influence health outcomes. They are the conditions in which people are born, grow, work, live, and age, and the wider set of forces and systems shaping the conditions of daily life. These forces and systems include economic policies and systems, development agendas, social norms, social policies, and political systems.<sup>5</sup> Figure 9 shows the Healthy People 2030 grouping of Social Determinants of Health domains into five key domains.<sup>6</sup>



#### Figure 9: Healthy People 2030 Social Determinants of Health Domains

#### **Geography and Data Sources**

Data in this section are presented at various geographic levels (e.g., zip code and/or county) depending on data availability. When available, comparisons to county, state, and/or national values are provided. It should be noted that county level data can sometimes mask what could be going on at the zip code level in many communities. While indicators may be strong when examined at a higher level, zip code level analysis can reveal disparities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> World Health Organization. Social Determinants of Health. <u>https://www.who.int/health-topics/social-determinants-of-health#tab=tab\_1</u>

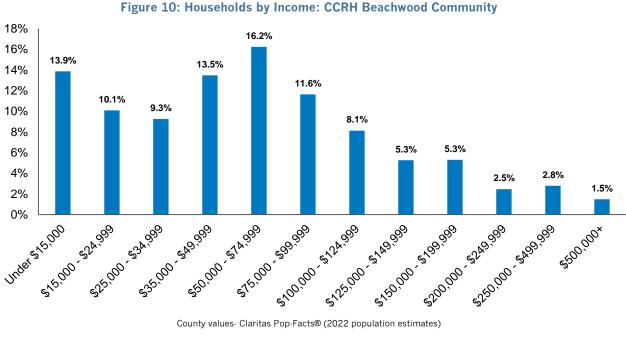
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Healthy People 2030, 2022. Social Determinants of Health Domains. <u>https://health.gov/healthypeople/priority-areas/social-determinants-health</u>

All demographic estimates are sourced from Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates) and American Community Survey one-year (2019) or five-year (2016-2020) estimates unless otherwise indicated.

#### Income

Income has been shown to be strongly associated with morbidity and mortality. influencing health through various clinical, behavioral, social, and environmental factors. Those with greater wealth are more likely to have higher life expectancy and reduced risk of a range of health conditions including heart disease, diabetes, obesity, and stroke. Poor health can also contribute to reduced income by limiting one's ability to work.<sup>7</sup>

Figure 10 provides a breakdown of households by income in the CCRH Beachwood Community Definition. A household income of \$50,000 - \$74,999 is shared by the largest proportion of households in the CCRH Beachwood Community (16.2%). Households with an income of less than \$15,000 make up 13.9% of households in the CCRH Beachwood Community.

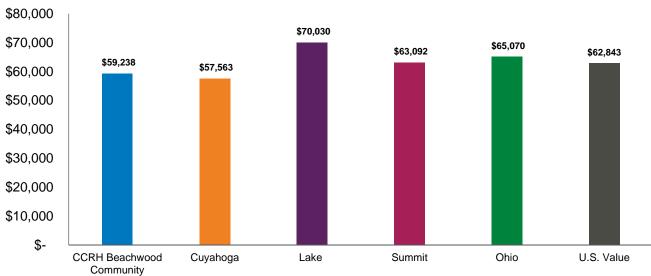


County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

The median household income for the CCRH Beachwood Community is \$59,238, which is higher than the state value of \$65,070 and national value of \$62,843 (Figure 11).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. Health, Income, and Poverty.

https://www.rwjf.org/en/library/research/2018/10/health--income-and-poverty-where-we-are-and-what-could-<u>help.html</u>





County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates), U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

Figure 12 shows the median household income by race and ethnicity. Three racial/ethnic groups – White (Hispanic and Non-Hispanic), Asian (Hispanic and Non-Hispanic), and Non-Hispanic/Latino– have median household incomes above the overall median value. All other races have incomes below the overall value, with the Black/African American population having the lowest median household income at \$38,631.





County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

#### **Poverty**

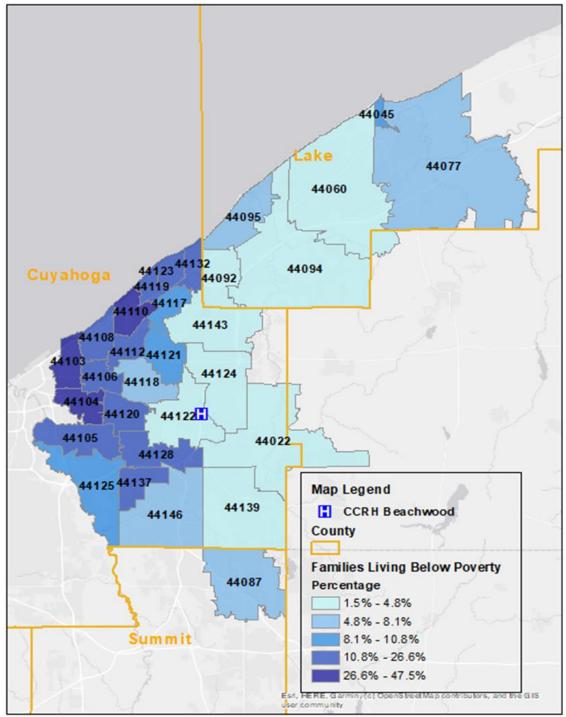
Federal poverty thresholds are set every year by the U.S. Census Bureau and vary by size of family and ages of family members. People living in poverty are less likely to have access to healthcare, healthy food, stable housing, and opportunities for physical activity.

These disparities mean people living in poverty are more likely to experience poorer health outcomes and premature death from preventable diseases.<sup>8</sup>

Figure 13 shows the percentage of families living below the poverty level by zip code. The darker blue colors represent a higher percentage of families living below the poverty level, with zip codes 44104 (Cleveland) and 44103 (Cleveland) having the highest percentages at 47.5% and 32.1%, respectively. Overall, 11.8% of families in the CCRH Beachwood Community live below the poverty level, which is higher than both the state value of 9.6% and the national value of 9.5%. The percentage of families living below poverty for each zip code in the CCRH Beachwood Community is provided in Appendix C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2030. <u>https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/economic-stability/reduce-proportion-people-living-poverty-sdoh-01</u>





County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

#### **Employment**

A community's employment rate is a key indicator of the local economy. An individual's type and level of employment impacts access to healthcare, work environment, health behaviors, and health outcomes. Stable employment can help provide benefits and

conditions for maintaining good health. In contrast, poor or unstable work and working conditions are linked to poor physical and mental health outcomes.<sup>9</sup>

Unemployment and underemployment can limit access to health insurance coverage and preventive care services. Underemployment is described as involuntary part-time employment, poverty-wage employment, and insecure employment.<sup>9</sup>

Type of employment and working conditions can also have significant impacts on health. Work-related stress, injury, and exposure to harmful chemicals are examples of ways employment can lead to poorer health.<sup>9</sup>

Figure 14 shows the population aged 16 and over who are unemployed. The unemployment rate for the CCRH Beachwood Community is 7.3%, which is higher the state value of 4.7% and the national value of 5.3%.

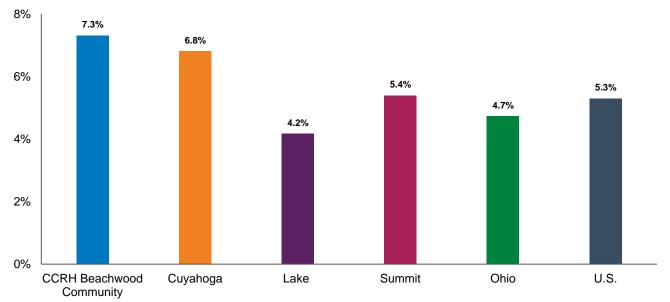


Figure 14: Population 16+ Unemployed: CCRH Beachwood Community

County and state values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates), U.S. values taken from American Community Survey five-year (2016-2020) estimates

#### **Education**

Education is an important indicator for health and wellbeing. Education can lead to improved health by increasing health knowledge, providing better job opportunities and higher income, and improving social and psychological factors linked to health. People with higher levels of education are likely to live longer, to experience better health outcomes, and practice health-promoting behaviors.<sup>10</sup>

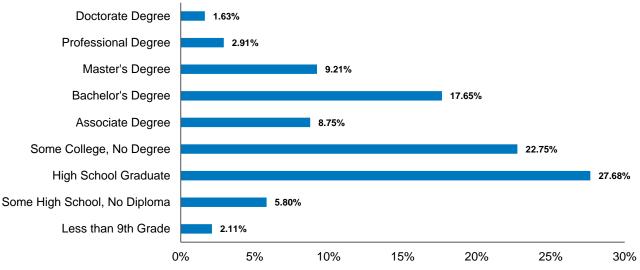
Figure 15 shows the percentage of the population 25 years or older by educational attainment.

<sup>9</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2030.

https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/social-determinants-health/literaturesummaries/employment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, Education and Health.

https://www.rwjf.org/en/library/research/2011/05/education-matters-for-health.html



#### Figure 15: Population 25+ by Education Attainment: CCRH Beachwood Community

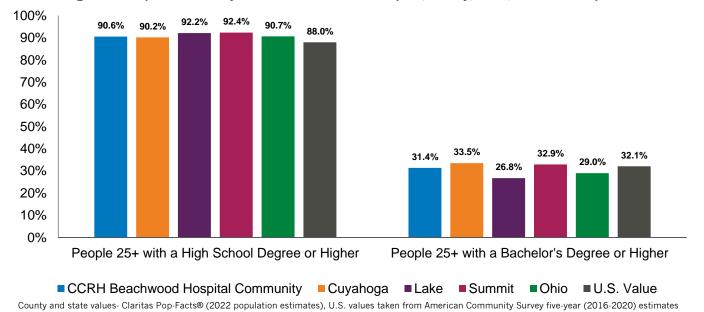
County values- Claritas Pop-Facts® (2022 population estimates)

Another indicator related to education is on-time high school graduation. A high school diploma is a requirement for many employment opportunities and for higher education. Not graduating high school is linked to a variety of negative health impacts, including limited employment prospects, low wages, and poverty.<sup>11</sup>

Figure 16 shows that the CCRH Beachwood Community has similar percentage of residents with a high school degree or higher (90.6%) when compared to the state of Ohio value (90.7%) and a higher percentage when compared to the U.S. value (88.0%). Furthermore, the CCRH Beachwood Community has a higher percentage of residents with a bachelor's degree or higher (31.4%) when compared to the state of Ohio value (29.0%) and has a lower percentage when compared to the U.S. value (32.1%).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2030.

https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/social-determinants-health/literature-summaries/high-school-graduation



#### Figure 16: Population 25+ by Education Attainment: Hospital, County, State, and U.S. Comparisons

#### Housing

Safe, stable, and affordable housing provides a critical foundation for health and wellbeing. Exposure to health hazards and toxins in the home can cause significant damage to an individual or family's health.<sup>12</sup>

Figure 17 shows the percentage of houses with severe housing problems. This indicator measures the percentage of households with at least one of the following housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, lack of kitchen, or lack of plumbing facilities. Cuyahoga County has the highest percentage of houses with severe housing problems.

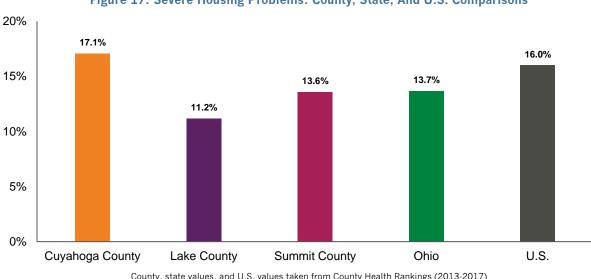


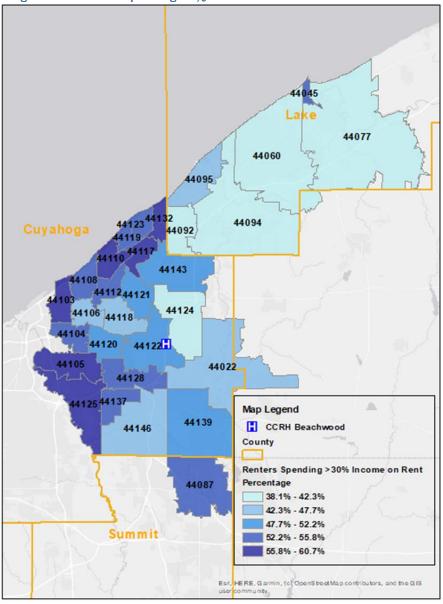
Figure 17: Severe Housing Problems: County, State, And U.S. Comparisons

County, state values, and U.S. values taken from County Health Rankings (2013-2017)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> County Health Rankings, Housing and Transit. <u>https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/explore-health-</u> rankings/measures-data-sources/county-health-rankings-model/health-factors/physical-environment/housingand-transit

When families must spend a large portion of their income on housing, they may not have enough money to pay for things like healthy foods or healthcare. This is linked to increased stress, mental health problems, and an increased risk of disease.<sup>13</sup>

Figure 18 shows the percentage of renters who are spending 30% or more of their household income on rent.





County values- American Community Survey five-year (2015-2019) estimates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2030. <u>https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/housing-and-homes/reduce-proportion-families-spend-more-30-percent-income-housing-sdoh-04</u>

#### **Neighborhood and Built Environment**

Internet access is essential for basic healthcare access, including making appointments with providers, getting test results, and accessing medical records. Access to the internet is also increasingly essential for obtaining home-based telemedicine services.<sup>14</sup> Internet access may also help individuals seek employment opportunities, conduct remote work, and participate in online educational activities.<sup>14</sup>

Figure 19 shows the percentage of households that have an internet subscription. Zip code 44103 (Cleveland) has the lowest percentage of households with internet connection, represented by darkest shade of blue on the map.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2030. <u>https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/neighborhood-and-built-environment/increase-proportion-adults-broadband-internet-hchit-05</u>

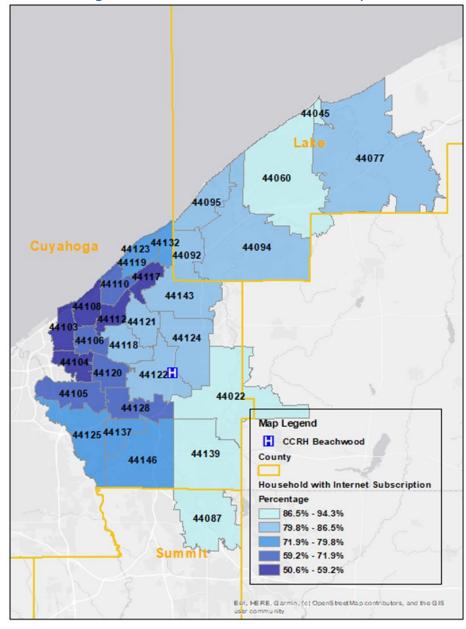


Figure 19: Households with an Internet Subscription

County values- American Community Survey five-year (2015-2019) estimates

# Highlighted Demographics: Disparities and Health Equity

Identifying disparities by population groups and geography helps to inform and focus priorities and strategies. Understanding disparities also helps us better understand root causes that impact health in a community and inform action towards health equity.

## **Health Equity**

Health equity focuses on the fair distribution of health determinants, outcomes, and resources across communities.<sup>15</sup> National trends have shown that systemic racism, poverty, and gender discrimination have led to poorer health outcomes for groups such as Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Indigenous, communities with incomes below the federal poverty level, and LGBTQ+ communities.<sup>16</sup>

## Race, Ethnicity, Age & Gender Disparities

Primary and secondary data revealed significant community health disparities by race, ethnicity, gender, and age. It is important to note that the data is presented to show differences and distinctions by population groups. And a data variation within each population group may be as great as that between different groups. For instance, Asian or Asian and Pacific Islander persons encompasses individuals from over 40 different countries with very different languages, cultures, and histories in the U.S. Information and themes captured through key informant interviews have been shared to provide a more comprehensive and nuanced understanding of each community's experiences.

#### **Secondary Data**

Community health disparities were assessed in the secondary data using the Index of Disparity<sup>17</sup> analysis, which identifies disparities based on how far each subgroup (by race, ethnicity, or gender) is from the overall county value. For more detailed methodology related to the Index of Disparity, see Appendix A.

Table 1 below identifies secondary data indicators with a statistically significant race or ethnic disparity for the CCRH Beachwood Community, based on the Index of Disparity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Klein R, Huang D. Defining and measuring disparities, inequities, and inequalities in the Healthy People initiative. National Center for Health Statistics. Center for Disease Control and Prevention. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ppt/nchs2010/41 klein.pdf</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Baciu A, Negussie Y, Geller A, et al (2017). Communities in Action: Pathways to Health Equity. Washington (DC): National Academies Press (US); The State of Health Disparities in the United States. Available from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK425844/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Pearcy, J. & Keppel, K. (2002). A Summary Measure of Health Disparity. Public Health Reports, 117, 273-280.

#### Table 1: Indictors with Significant Race or Ethnic Disparities

Health Indicator	Group(s) Negatively Impacted	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	Black/African American	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease	Black/African American	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	Black/African American	
Babies with Very Low Birth Weight	Black/African American, Asian/Pacific Islander	
Children Living Below Poverty Level	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Other Race, Two or More Races	
Families Living Below Poverty Level	American Indian/Alaska Native, Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Other Race, Asian	
HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rate	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino	
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	American Indian/Alaska Native, Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino	
People Living Below Poverty Level	American Indian/Alaska Native, Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Other Race, Two or More Races, Asian	
Persons without Health Insurance	Asian/Pacific Islander, Two or More Races, Hispanic/Latino	
Workers Commuting by Public Transportation	American Indian/Alaska Native, White (Non- Hispanic)	
Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Other Race	

The Index of Disparity analysis for Cuyahoga, Lake, and Summit counties reveals that the Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Two or More Races, and Asian, and Other Race group populations are disproportionately impacted by various measures of poverty, which is often associated with poorer health outcomes. These indicators include Families Living Below Poverty Level, Children Living Below Poverty Level, People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level, Young Children Living Below Poverty Level, and People Living Below Poverty Level. Furthermore, Black/African American populations are disproportionately impacted by HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rate. Black/African American and Asian/Pacific Islander populations experience higher rates of Babies with Very Low Birth Weight. Additionally, Black/African American populations experience a heavier burden related to chronic diseases, such as diabetes, prostate cancer, and kidney disease. Hispanic/Latino, Asian/Pacific Islander, and Two or More Race groups also have the highest rates of Persons without Health Insurance, compared to other races/ethnicities in the region.

Finally, White (Non-Hispanic) and American Indian/Alaska Native populations are disproportionately impacted across measures of public transportation (Table 1).

## **Geographic Disparities**

In addition to disparities by race, ethnicity, gender, and age, this assessment also identified specific zip codes/municipalities with differences in outcomes related to health and social determinants of health. Geographic disparities were identified using the Health Equity Index, Food Insecurity Index, and Mental Health Index. These indices have been developed by Conduent Healthy Communities Institute to easily identify areas of high socioeconomic need, food insecurity and poor mental health. For all indices, counties, zip codes, and census tracts with a population over 300 are assigned index values ranging from 0 to 100, with higher values indicating greater need. Understanding where there are communities with higher need is critical to targeting prevention and outreach activities.

## **Health Equity Index**

Conduent's Health Equity Index (HEI) estimates areas of high socioeconomic need, which are correlated with poor health outcomes. Zip codes are ranked based on their index value to identify relative levels of need, as illustrated by the map in Figure 20. The following zip codes in the CCRH Beachwood Community had the highest level of socioeconomic need (as indicated by the darkest shades of blue): 44108, 44103, 44104, 44105, 44128, 44110, and 44112 in Cuyahoga County. Appendix A provides the index values for each zip code.

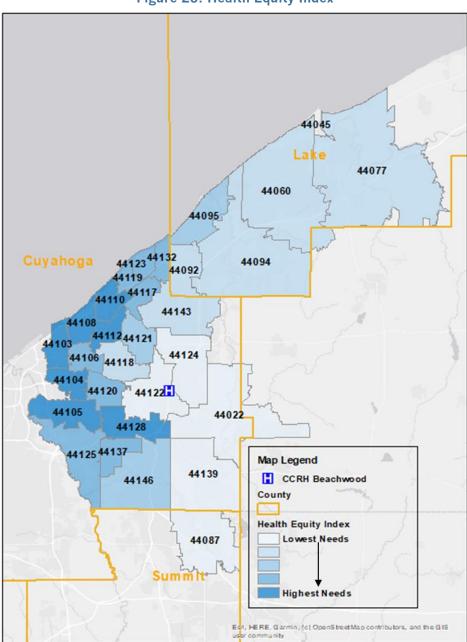
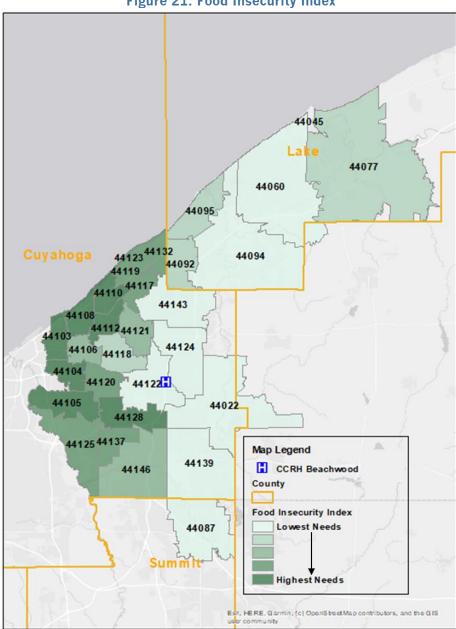


Figure 20: Health Equity Index

### **Food Insecurity Index**

Conduent's Food Insecurity Index (FII) estimates areas of low food accessibility correlated with social and economic hardship. Zip codes are ranked based on their index value to identify relative levels of need, as illustrated by the map in Figure 21. The following zip codes had the highest level of food insecurity (as indicated by the darkest shades of green): 44103, 44104, 44105, 44128, 44108, 44112, and 44110. These high needs zip codes are all within Cuyahoga County. Appendix A provides the index values for each zip code.





#### **Mental Health Index**

Conduent's Mental Health Index (MHI) is a measure of socioeconomic and health factors correlated with self-reported poor mental health. Zip codes were ranked based on their index value to identify the relative levels of need, as illustrated by the map in Figure 22. The following zip codes are estimated to have the highest need (as indicated by the darkest shades of purple): 44103, 44106, 44104, 44105, 44120, 44128, 44137, 44108, 44112, 44110, 44117, 44119, 44123, and 44132 in Cuyahoga County. Appendix A provides the index values for all zip codes within the CCRH Beachwood Community.

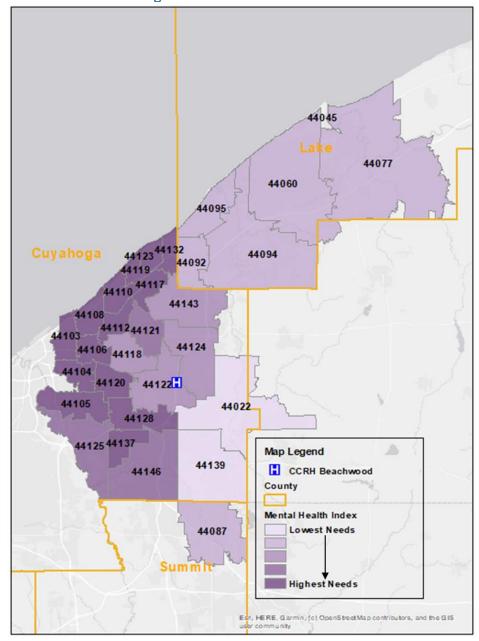


Figure 22: Mental Health Index

# Highlighted Demographics: COVID-19 Impacts Snapshot

On March 13, 2020, a U.S. national emergency was declared over the novel coronavirus outbreak first reported in the Wuhan Province of China in December 2019. Officially named COVID-19 by the World Health Organization (WHO) in February, WHO declared COVID-19 a pandemic on March 11, 2020. Later that month, stay-at-home orders were placed by the Ohio Governor and unemployment rates soared as companies were impacted and mass layoffs began.

At the time that the CCRH Beachwood Community began its collaborative CHNA process, the community and the state of Ohio were in a period of the pandemic that was hoped to be in its final phases. Primary data was collected virtually to ensure the health and safety of those participating.

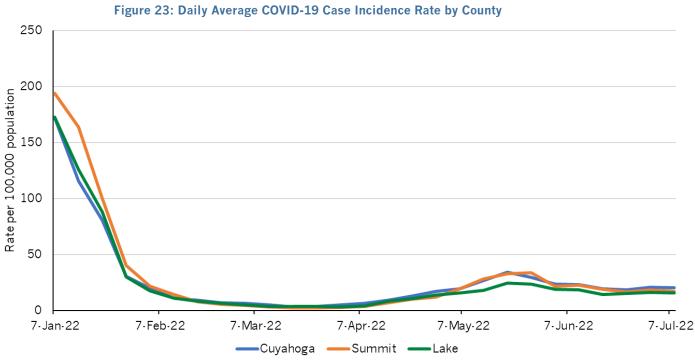
#### **COVID-19 Pandemic**

#### Community Input

Key stakeholder interviews served to assess the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic by asking respondents to describe how the pandemic has impacted community health outputs. Top responses focused on mental health challenges that spanned all age groups. Older adult health suffered both because of isolation borne of the fear of exposure to the COVID-19 virus, followed by sense of well-being, security, or hope, and social support/connection.

#### The COVID-19 Daily Average Case Incidence Rate by County

Figure 23 shows the daily average COVID-19 case incidence rate for Cuyahoga, Lake, and Summit counties from January 2022 through early July 2022. As shown, the incidence rate has declined since the beginning of 2022, although some small increases in incidence rates have occurred.



County values- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2022)

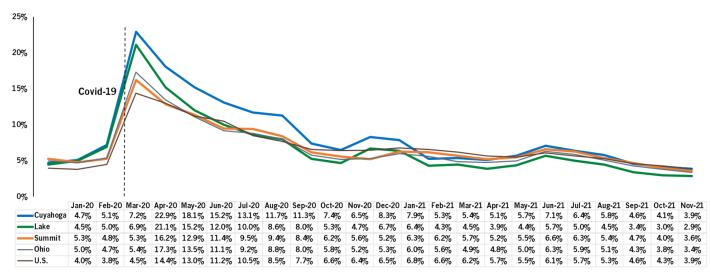
#### Vaccination Rates

As of June 2022, at least 64% of the population residing in counties within the CCRH Beachwood Community Definition are fully vaccinated against COVID-19. Lake County has the highest vaccination rates (66.2%), followed by Cuyahoga County (65.5%) and Summit County (64.0%).

#### **Unemployment Rates**

Unemployment rates rose between March and April 2020 for Cuyahoga, Lake and Summit counties when stay-at-home orders were first announced. Illustrated in Figure 24 below, as counties began slowly reopening some businesses in late-2020, the unemployment rate gradually began to go down. As of late 2021, unemployment rates have stabilized but still exceed pre-pandemic rates. When unemployment rates rise, there is a potential impact on health insurance coverage and healthcare access if jobs lost include employer-sponsored healthcare.

#### Figure 24: Unemployment Rate After the Start of the COVID-19 Pandemic



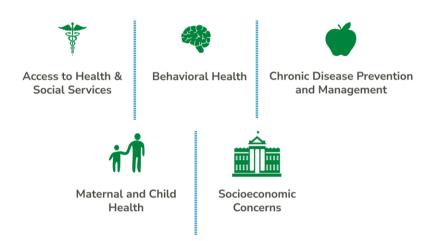
County, State, and National Values- Bureau of Labor Statistics (2020-2021)

# Synthesis and Prioritization

All forms of data may present strengths and limitations. Each data source used in this CHNA process was evaluated based on strengths and limitations and should be kept in mind when reviewing this report. Each health topic presented a varying scope and depth of quantitative data indicators and qualitative findings. For both quantitative and qualitative data, immense efforts were made to include as wide a range of secondary data indicators, and key stakeholders as possible. A full list of contributors can be found in the Primary Data Collection and Analysis description in <u>Appendix A</u>.

To gain a comprehensive understanding of the significant health needs for the CCRH Beachwood Community, the findings from both data sets were compared and studied simultaneously. The secondary data scores and key stakeholder responses were considered equally important in understanding the health issues of the community. The top health needs identified from each of these data sources were analyzed for areas of overlap. Three health issues were identified as significant health needs across both data sources and were used for further prioritization. To ensure alignment with state and local health department objectives, a working group analyzed these significant health needs alongside the <u>Ohio State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP)</u> as well as the <u>Cuyahoga</u>, <u>Lake</u> and <u>Summit</u> County Community Health Improvement Plans (CHIP) most recent findings. The prioritization process distilled the significant needs into five categories.

The five prioritized health needs are summarized in Figure 25. Each prioritized health topic includes the key findings from secondary data and key stakeholder interviews.



#### Figure 25: 2022 Prioritized Health Needs

# **Prioritized Health Topic #1: Access to Healthcare**

#### Access to Healthcare.

Key Themes from Community Input

• COVID-19 delayed preventative care and increased virtual visits putting care quality at risk and alienating populations without technical knowledge or access

...

- Difficulties navigating health care system due to lack of broadband access/computer knowledge, no prior experience as a healthcare consumer/history of accessing the system
- Issues of discrimination/bias create mistrust in healthcare: having doctors that look like the people they're serving, building a sustainable presence in the community, mobile health units, easily available translators, culturally responsive health care providers to implement traumainformed care/gender-affirming care
- Lack of financial investment in public health prevention as hospitals are focused on revenue which comes from specialty care, surgical care, etc.
- Non-English speakers, people living in poverty, and those underinsured face barriers to accessing health care
- Racial, economical, geographical, educational, environmental inequities all affect access to care and dictate quality of care received
- Systemic inequities in payment structures: conditions that communities of color were experiencing are reimbursed at lower rates than the conditions that White people are reimbursed for





- Consumer Expenditures: Health Insurance
- Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services
- Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies
- Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non-Prescription Drugs
- · Persons without Health Insurance

#### **Primary Data: Key Stakeholder Interviews**

Key stakeholders noted a lack of investment in prevention practices including accessibility of primary services at a local level. Interviews revealed feelings that racial, economical, geographical, educational and environmental inequities all impact access to care and disproportionately affect communities of color. Three key themes surfaced from community discussions including systemic inequities in healthcare, the need to focus on preventative care, and barriers to healthcare.

Systemic inequities in healthcare included issues of discrimination and bias from providers which ultimately creates mistrust from communities experiencing this discrimination. Key informants suggested hiring providers that look like the people they are caring for, building a sustainable presence in the community, and ensuring providers are trained in trauma-informed care and gender-affirming care.

Concerns about preventative care included the use of emergency departments for minor health issues due to lack of primary care physician, and the need to strengthen the public health infrastructure. Furthermore, COVID-19 allowed for the expansion of telehealth which increased access to healthcare for many. However, it also exposed the inequities in broadband support due to infrastructure issues leaving residents unable to access telehealth. Certainly the people who are living with Long COVID have very direct health care issues that they're dealing with. The pandemic has definitely led to significant delays in care early on, so a lot of that preventative stuff got pushed off and I don't think we've caught up

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with all that. - Key Stakeholder

Secondary Data

From the secondary data scoring results, Health Care Access & Quality ranked as the 14<sup>th</sup> highest scoring health need, with a score of 1.35. Further analysis was done to identify specific indicators of concern. Those indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) were categorized as indicators of concern and can be found in Appendix C and are discussed below. In addition, the appendices also contain a description of methodology (Appendix A) and a full list of indicators with data scoring categorized within this topic area (Appendix C).

Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services is one of the worst performing indicators in Cuyahoga, Summit and Lake counties. This indicator is defined as the average dollar amount per consumer unit spent on medical services (such as eye care, dental care, physician, and non-physician care). A consumer unit is defined as a household or any person living in a college dormitory.

The average dollar amount per consumer unit spent on medical services for 2021 in Summit, Cuyahoga, and Lake counties was 1,153, 1,058, and 1,242, respectively. These values are higher than the average dollar amount spent on medical services in the state of Ohio, where that amount is 1,099 per consumer unit. For this indicator, Summit and Lake counties fell in the worst 25% of all counties in the nation.

The average dollar amount per consumer unit for health insurance in Lake County is \$4,910. This is higher than the average dollar amount spent on health insurance in the state of Ohio, which is \$4,372 per consumer unit. A consumer unit is defined as a household or any person living in a college dormitory. Additionally, in Cuyahoga County, 89.8% of adults have health insurance, compared to 90.6% in the United States. People without health insurance may not be able to afford medical treatment or prescription drugs. They are also less likely to get routine checkups and screenings, so if they do become ill, they will not seek treatment until the condition is more advanced and therefore more difficult and costly to treat.<sup>18</sup> Many small businesses are unable to offer health insurance to employees due to rising health insurance premiums.<sup>19</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Kaiser Family Foundation, 2020 and 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The Commonwealth Fund, 2019

The rising costs of medical care and lack of insurance affects all races and ethnicities. However, in Cuyahoga County, people identifying as Hispanic/Latino and Some Other Race are disproportionately affected (see red in Figure 26 below).

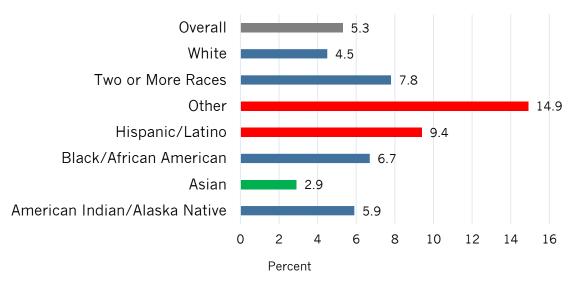
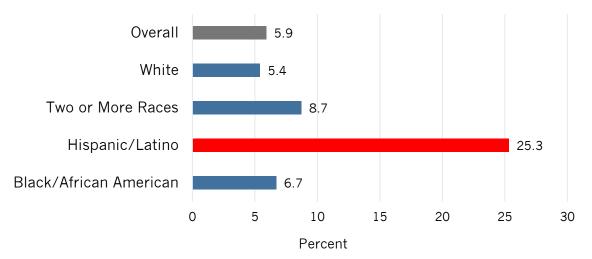


Figure 26. Persons without Health Insurance by Race/Ethnicity in Cuyahoga County

Similarly, as seen in red in Figure 27, in Lake County, persons identifying as Hispanic/Latino are much more likely to be without health insurance (25.3%) compared to the overall population as seen in gray (5.9%).

Figure 27. Persons without Health Insurance by Race/Ethnicity in Lake County



Source: American Community Survey, 2019

Source: American Community Survey, 2019

## **Prioritized Health Topic #2: Adult Health**

Adult Health includes secondary data from three health topics – Nutrition and Healthy Eating, Chronic Diseases, Older Adult Health and Other Conditions. An overview of each of these subtopics is provided below.

#### OLDER ADULT HEALTH & OTHER CONDITIONS



Population

· Stroke: Medicare Population

- Mass vaccination sites were difficult for non-English speaking older adults to navigate (language barriers) and those not technologically savvy
- · Social cohesion & connectedness:
  - Isolation in LGBTQ+ elderly patients because they come from a generation where they may have been rejected by family members, may have lost loved ones
- Wasn't common for LGBT folks to have families, so they're really alone
- · Isolation is an independent risk factor for adverse outcomes

## Primary Data: Key Stakeholder Interviews

Key stakeholders focused on older adults with lower income who are disproportionately affected by chronic conditions, access to healthy food and poor housing conditions. Furthermore, interviewees attributed difficulties navigating telehealth services as well as arranging in-person visits to lack of broadband access or lack of comfort with technologies required to access services like smart phones, computers and tablet devices in the older adult population.

Key stakeholders discussed that access to healthy food was often limited by a lack of public or private transportation and disproportionately affected older adults with lower incomes. Participants shared that there were few grocery stores in the community and stores were not within walking distance for most community members. Those interviewed shared concerns that the effects of redlining limited access to grocery stores, which were more likely to offer fresh fruits and vegetables. Furthermore, key informants shared concerns that COVID-19 had impacted the need for food increased levels of food

insecurity in the community the community. Conditions such as hypertension, asthma, diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and coronary heart disease are all related to the quality of food community members have access to.<sup>20</sup>

#### Secondary Data: Adult Health

From the secondary data scoring results, Older Adult Health topic area had the fifth highest score at 1.62 and the related Other Conditions health topic ranked third with a score of 1.78. Those indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) were categorized as indicators of concern and can be found in Appendix C and are discussed below. In addition, the appendices also contain a description of methodology (Appendix A) and a full list of indicators with data scoring categorized within this topic area (Appendix C).

The Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer is the worst performing indicator in Cuyahoga County with a score of 2.72. Not surprisingly, the county also has a high incidence rate of prostate cancer, with Cuyahoga County performing in the worst 25% of counties in the state and nation.

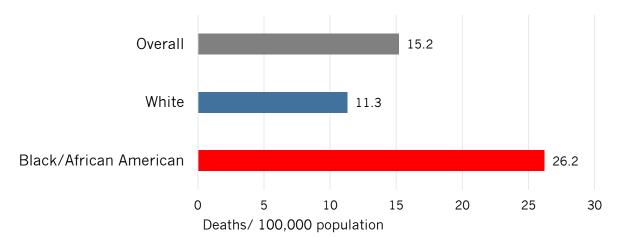
In Lake County, the Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls and Osteoporosis: Medicare Population were the worst performing indicators, both scoring a 2.92 out of a possible 3.00.

Disparities also exist within the CCRH Beachwood Community and Chronic Diseases. Black/African American residents in Cuyahoga County experience worse rates of Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease than their White peersresidents. Figure 28 shows Black/African Americans in Cuyahoga County have an Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease of 26.2 deaths per 100,000 population, compared to the overall rate of 15.2.

https://www.cdc.gov/chronicdisease/resources/publications/factsheets/nutrition.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion.





Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

# **Prioritized Health Topic #3: Community Safety**

## **Prevention and Safety**-

#### Key Themes from Community Input



- Food insecurity increased with unemployment during the pandemic
- Generational poverty, poor housing and lack of resources available to create healthy conditions for people to live, work, and play in
- · Gun violence was a top community concern
- People without safe and affordable housing are an underserved population





- · Adults with Current Asthma
- · Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls
- Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions
- Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries
- · Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings
- Annual Ozone Air Quality
- Asthma: Medicare Population
- Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store
- Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning
- Fast Food Restaurant Density
- Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store
- People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store
- Physical Environment Ranking
- SNAP Certified Stores
- WIC Certified Stores

## Primary Data: Key Stakeholder Interviews

Key stakeholders couched discussions around specific health needs in the context of intergenerational experiences of poverty, poor housing conditions, and historical redlining. Stakeholders expressed that they felt there were generally lack of resources individually and as a community to create healthy conditions for people to live, work and play. Gun violence was also a recurring theme throughout key stakeholder interviews. Community violence was mentioned as a barrier to physical activity, specifically, children playing outside in unsafe communities. Finally, concerns were shared about transgender patients experiencing higher rates of victimization and violence.

The biggest disparities that we are working on right now are infant

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mortality, lead poisoning, community violence and behavioral health. There is inequity imbedded into our economic and

educational system that so greatly impact health outcomes.

- Key Stakeholder

## **Secondary Data**

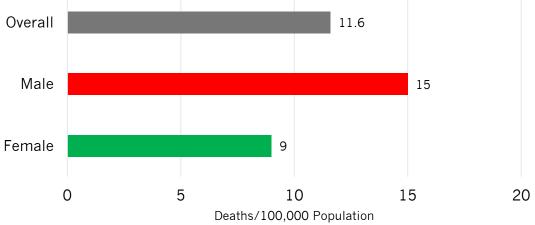
Prevention & Safety ranked second among all health topics with a score of 1.79. Further analysis was done to identify specific indicators of concern. Those indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) were categorized as indicators of concern and can be found in Appendix C and are discussed below. In addition, the

appendices also contain a description of methodology (Appendix A) and a full list of indicators with data scoring categorized within this topic area (Appendix C).

Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning ranked highest in this topic area for Cuyahoga County with a death rate of 42.6 deaths per 100,000 population, compared to Ohio's rate of 38.1 and the U.S. rate of 21.0 This indicator is also increasing significantly in Cuyahoga County.

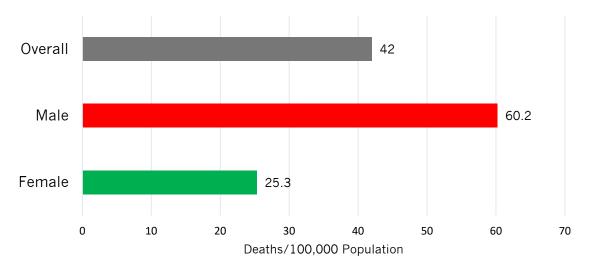
Additionally, disparities were identified in this topic area for all three counties and are shown below. In Cuyahoga County, disparities exist for males in the following indicators: Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls, Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings, and Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries, as seen in Figures 29, 30 and 31.

Figure 29. Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls by Gender in Cuyahoga County



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

Figure 30. Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings by Gender in Cuyahoga County



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

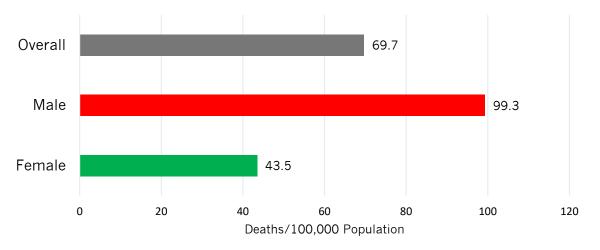


Figure 31. Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries by Gender in Cuyahoga County

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

Males in Summit and Lake counties also have higher values of age-adjusted death rates due to unintentional poisonings and injuries as seen in Figures 32, 33, 34 and 35.

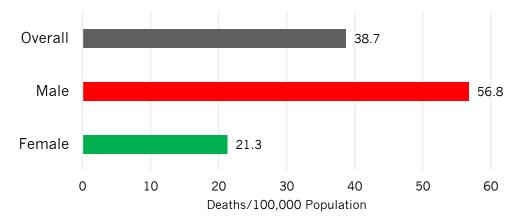
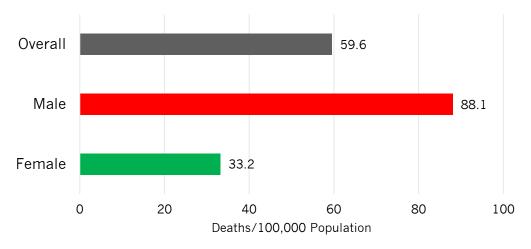


Figure 32. Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings by Gender in Summit County

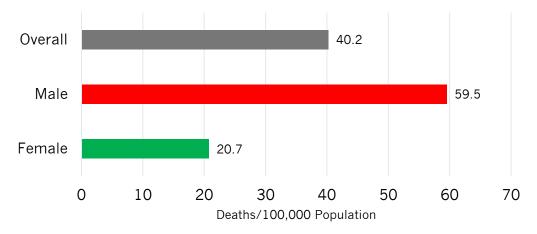
Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

Figure 33. Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries by Gender in Summit County



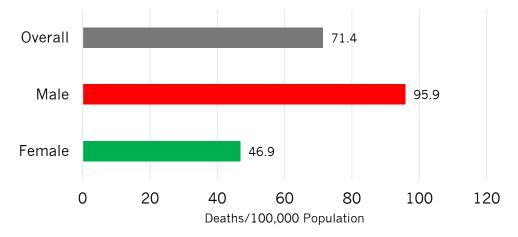
Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019





Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

Figure 35. Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries by Gender in Lake County



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2017-2019

## **Appendices Summary**

## A. Methodology

An overview of methods used to collect and analyze data from both secondary and primary sources.

## **B. Impact Evaluation**

A detailed overview of progress made on the 2019 Implementation Strategy planning, development and roll-out as well as email and web contacts for more information on the 2022 CHNA.

## C. Secondary Data Methodology and Scoring Tables

A detailed overview of the Conduent HCI data scoring methodology and indicator scoring results from the secondary data analysis.

## **D. Community Input Assessment Tools**

Quantitative and qualitative community feedback data collection tools, stakeholders and organizations that were vital in capturing community feedback during this collaborative CHNA:

- Key Stakeholder Interview Questions
- Key Stakeholder and Community Organizations

### E. Community Partners and Resources

The tables in this section acknowledge community partners and organizations who supported the CHNA process.

## **F. Acknowledgements**

## **Appendix A: Methodology**

## **Overview**

Primary and secondary data were collected and analyzed to inform the 2022 CHNA. Primary data consisted of key stakeholder interviews. The secondary data included indicators of health outcomes, health behaviors and social determinants of health. The methods used to analyze each type of data are outlined below. This analysis was conducted at the county-level and included data for Cuyahoga, Summit, and Lake counties. The findings from each data source were then synthesized and organized by health topic to present a comprehensive overview of health needs in the CCRH Beachwood Community.

## Secondary Data Sources & Analysis

The main source for the secondary data, or data that have been previously collected, is the community indicator database maintained by Conduent Healthy Communities Institute. The following is a list of both local and national sources used in the CCRH Beachwood Community Health Needs Assessment:

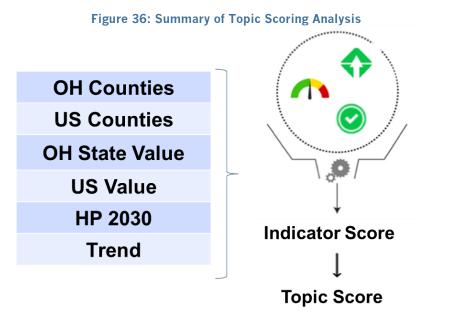
- American Community Survey
- American Lung Association
- Annie E. Casey Foundation
- CDC · PLACES
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
- Claritas Consumer Buying Power
- Claritas Consumer Profiles
- County Health Rankings
- Feeding America
- Healthy Communities Institute
- National Cancer Institute
- National Center for Education Statistics
- National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network
- Ohio Department of Education
- Ohio Department of Health, Infectious Diseases
- Ohio Department of Health, Vital Statistics
- Ohio Department of Public Safety, Office of Criminal Justice Services

- Ohio Public Health Information Warehouse
- Ohio Secretary of State
- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- U.S. Census County Business Patterns
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Environment Atlas
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- United For ALICE

Secondary data used for this assessment were collected and analyzed from Conduent Healthy Communities Institute's community indicator database. This database, maintained by researchers and analysts at HCI, includes 300 community indicators from at least 25 state and national data sources. HCI carefully evaluates sources based on the following three criteria: the source has a validated methodology for data collection and analysis; the source has scheduled, regular publication of findings; and the source has data values for small geographic areas or populations.

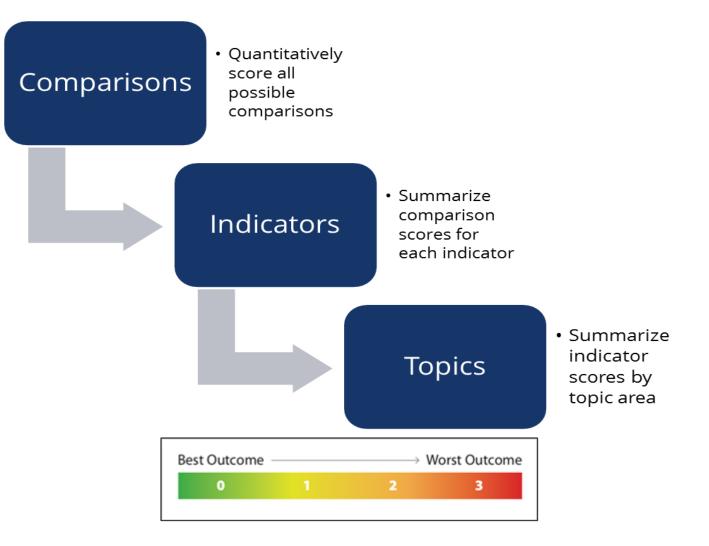
## Secondary Data Scoring

HCI's Data Scoring Tool (Figure 36) was used to systematically summarize multiple comparisons in order to rank indicators based on highest need. This analysis was completed at the county level. For each indicator, the community value was compared to a distribution of Ohio and US counties, state and national values, Healthy People 2030, and significant trends were noted. These comparison scores range from 0-3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 the worst. Availability of each type of comparison varies by indicator and is dependent upon the data source, comparability with data collected for other communities and changes in methodology over time. The comparison scores were summarized for each indicator, and indicators were then grouped into topic areas for a systematic ranking of community health needs.



#### Secondary Data Scoring

Data scoring is done in three stages:



Each indicator available is assigned a score based on its comparison to other communities, whether health targets have been met, and the trend of the indicator value over time. These comparison scores range from 0-3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 the worst. Availability of each type of comparison varies by indicator and is dependent upon the data source, comparability with data collected for other communities and changes in methodology over time.

Indicators are categorized into topic areas and each topic area receives a score. Indicators may be categorized in more than one topic area. Topic scores are determined by the comparisons of all indicators within the topic.

This process was completed separately for the three counties within the CCRH Beachwood Community: Cuyahoga, Lake, and Summit counties. To calculate the overall highest needs topic area scores, an average was taken for each topic area across the three counties. Each county's values were weighted the same. More details about topics scores and the average score for the CCRH Beachwood Community, see Appendix C.

#### **Comparison to a Distribution of County Values: Within State and Nation**

For ease of interpretation and analysis, indicator data on the Community Dashboard is visually represented as a green-yellowred gauge showing how the community is faring against a distribution of counties in the state or the United States. A distribution is created by taking all county values within the state or nation, ordering them from low to high, and dividing them into three groups (green, yellow, red) based on their order. Indicators with the poorest comparisons ("in the red") scored high, whereas indicators with good comparisons ("in the green") scored low.

#### Comparison to Values: State, National, and Targets

Each county is compared to the state value, the national value, and target values. Target values include the nation-wide Healthy People 2030 (HP2030) goals. Healthy People 2030 goals are national objectives for improving the health of the nation set by the Department of Health and Human Services' Healthy People Initiative. For all value comparisons, the scoring depends on whether the county value is better or worse than the comparison value, as well as how close the county value is to the target value.

#### **Trend over Time**

The Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend was used to assess whether the county value is increasing over time or decreasing over time, and whether the trend is statistically significant. The trend comparison uses the four most recent comparable values for the county, and statistical significance is determined at the 90% confidence level. For each indicator with values available for four time periods, scoring was determined by direction of the trend and statistical significance.

#### **Missing Values**

Indicator scores are calculated using the comparison scores, availability of which depends on the data source. If the comparison type is possible for an adequate proportion of indicators on the community dashboard, it will be included in the indicator score. After exclusion of comparison types with inadequate availability, all missing comparisons are substituted with

a neutral score for the purposes of calculating the indicator's weighted average. When information is unknown due to lack of comparable data, the neutral value assumes that the missing comparison score is neither good nor bad.

#### **Indicator Scoring**

Indicator scores are calculated as a weighted average of all included comparison scores. If none of the included comparison types are possible for an indicator, no score is calculated, and the indicator is excluded from the data scoring results. A full list of indicators and their scores can be seen in Appendix C.

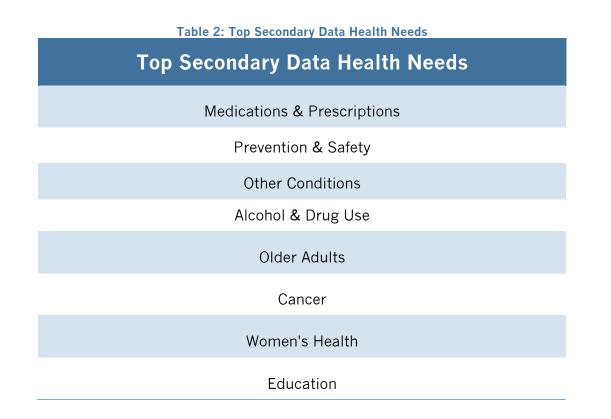
### **Topic Scoring**

Indicator scores are averaged by topic area to calculate topic scores. Each indicator may be included in up to three topic areas if appropriate. Resulting scores range from 0-3, where a higher score indicates a greater level of need as evidenced by the data. A topic score is only calculated if it includes at least three indicators.

Examples of the health and quality of life topic areas available through this analysis are described as follows:

Quality of Life	Health		
Community Economy Education Environmental Health	Adolescent Health Alcohol & Drug Use Cancer Children's Health Diabetes Health Care Access and Quality Heart Disease & Stroke Immunization & Infectious Diseases Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health Medications & Prescriptions Mental Health & Mental Disorders Nutrition & Healthy Eating	Older Adults Oral Health Other Conditions Prevention & Safety Physical Activity Respiratory Diseases Sexually Transmitted Infections Tobacco Use Women's Health Wellness & Lifestyle Weight Status	

Table 2 shows the health and quality of life topic scoring results for the CCRH Beachwood Community, ranked in order of highest need. Medications & Prescriptions scored as the poorest performing topic area with a score of 2.15, followed by Prevention & Safety with a score of 1.79. Topics that received a score of 1.50 or higher were considered a significant health need. Eight topics scored at or above the threshold. Topic areas with fewer than three indicators were considered a data gap.



#### **Index of Disparity**

An important part of the CHNA process is to identify health disparities, the needs of vulnerable populations and unmet health needs or gaps in services. There were several ways in which subpopulation disparities were examined by county. For secondary data health indicators, the Index of Disparity tool was utilized to see if there were large, negative, and concerning differences in indicator values between each subgroup data value and the overall county value. The Index of Disparity was run for each county, and the indicators with the highest race or ethnicity index value were found.

#### **Health Equity Index**

Every community can be described by various social and economic factors that can contribute to disparities in health outcomes. Conduent HCI's Health Equity Index (formerly SocioNeeds Index) considers validated indicators related to income, employment, education, and household environment to identify areas at highest risk for experiencing health inequities.

#### How is the index value calculated?

The national index value (ranging from 0 to 100) is calculated for each zip code, census tract, and county in the U.S. Communities with the highest index values are estimated to have the highest socioeconomic needs correlated with preventable hospitalizations and premature death.

#### What do the ranks and colors mean?

Ranks and colors help to identify the relative level of need within a community or service area. The national index value for each location is compared to all other similar locations within the community area to assign a relative rank (from 1 to 5) locally. These ranks are used to color the map and chart for the Health Equity Index, with darker coloring associated with higher relative need.

#### **Food Insecurity Index**

Every community can be described by various health, social, and economic factors that can contribute to disparities in outcomes and opportunities to thrive. Conduent HCI's Food Insecurity Index considers validated indicators related to income, household environment and well-being to identify areas at highest risk for experiencing food insecurity.

#### How is the index value calculated?

The national index value (ranging from 0 to 100) is calculated for each zip code, census tract, and county in the U.S. Communities with the highest index values are estimated to have the highest food insecurity, which is correlated with household and community measures of food-related financial stress such as Medicaid and SNAP enrollment.

#### What do the ranks and colors mean?

Ranks and colors help to identify the relative level of need within a community or service area. The national index value for each location is compared to all other similar locations within the community area to assign a relative rank (from 1 to 5) locally. These ranks are used to color the map and chart for the Food Insecurity Index, with darker coloring associated with higher relative need.

#### **Mental Health Index**

Every community can be described by various health, social, and economic factors that can contribute to disparities in mental health outcomes. Conduent HCI's Mental Health Index considers validated indicators related to access to care, physical health status, transportation, employment and household environment to identify areas at highest risk for experiencing poor mental health.

#### How is the index value calculated?

The national index value (ranging from 0 to 100) is calculated for each zip code, census tract, and county in the U.S. Communities with the highest index values are estimated to have the highest socioeconomic and health needs correlated with self-reported poor mental health.

#### What do the ranks and colors mean?

Ranks and colors help to identify the relative level of need within a community or service area. The national index value for each location is compared to all other similar locations within the community area to assign a relative rank (from 1 to 5) locally. These ranks are used to color the map and chart for the Mental Health Index, with darker coloring associated with higher relative need.

Zip Code	HEI Value	for Zip Codes within the CCRH Beacl FII Value	MHI Value
44022	1.1	2	38.9
44045	N/A	N/A	N/A
44060	17.3	25	61.9
44077	28.1	40.3	73.6
44087	12.7	19.8	60.7
44092	32.1	45.4	75.2
44094	17	27.1	70.3
44095	42.7	43.5	75
44103	99.3	98.3	100
44104	99.9	99.8	100
44105	98.1	98.2	99.8
44106	88.5	72.4	98.5
44108	98.8	97.6	100
44110	98.6	98.4	99.9
44112	96.6	97.6	99.9
44117	80	88	99.2
44118	19.8	41.4	80.5
44119	85.3	86	97.2
44120	84	88.4	99.2
44121	49.6	77.5	92.2

Table 3 below lists each zip code within the CCRH Beachwood Community and their respective HEI, FII, and MHI values.

Table 2: UEL EU and MUU Values for Zin Cades within the CODU Deschward Community

44122	7.8	24.1	87.9
44123	79.4	89.4	98.3
44124	13	18.5	80.3
44125	70.2	81.3	94.5
44128	92.8	96.1	99.7
44132	81.2	91.6	98.2
44137	82.8	86.2	97.7
44139	4.3	8.6	25.9
44143	20	25.4	89
44146	53.9	71.2	96.4

#### **Data Considerations**

Several limitations of data should be considered when reviewing the findings presented in this report. Although the topics by which data are organized cover a wide range of health and health-related areas, data availability varies by health topic. Some topics contain a robust set of secondary data indicators, while others may have a limited number of indicators or limited subpopulations covered by those specific indicators.

Data scores represent the relative community health need according to the secondary data for each topic and should not be considered a comprehensive result on their own. In addition, these scores reflect the secondary data results for the population as a whole and do not represent the health or socioeconomic need that is much greater for some subpopulations. Moreover, many of the secondary data indicators included in the findings are collected by survey, and though specific methods are used to best represent the population at large, these measures are subject to instability, especially for smaller populations. The Index of Disparity is also limited by data availability, where indicator data varies based on the population groups and service areas being analyzed.

#### **Race or Ethnic and Special Population Groupings**

The secondary data presented in this report derive from multiple sources, which may present race and ethnicity data using dissimilar nomenclature. For consistency with data sources throughout the report, subpopulation data may use different terms to describe the same or similar groups of community members.

#### Zip Codes and Zip Code Tabulation Areas

This report presents both Zip Code and Zip Code Tabulation Area (ZCTA) data. Zip Codes, which were created by the U.S. Postal Service to improve mail delivery service, are not reported in this assessment as they may change, include P.O. boxes or

cover large unpopulated areas. This assessment cover ZCTAs or Zip Code Tabulation Areas which were created by the U.S. Census Bureau and are generalized representations of Zip Codes that have been assigned to census blocks.

Demographics for this report are sourced from the United States Census Bureau, which presents ZCTA estimates. Tables and figures in the Demographics section of this report reference Zip Codes in title (for purposes of familiarity) but show values of ZCTAs. Data from other sources are labeled as such.

## **Primary Data Collection & Analysis**

Primary data used in this assessment consisted of key stakeholder interviews. These findings expanded upon the information gathered from the secondary data analysis.

## Key Stakeholder Interviews Methodology and Results

The project team also captured detailed transcripts of the key stakeholder interviews. Table 4 describes the key stakeholder organizations contributing to the primary data collection process.

Table 4: CCRH Beachwood Key Stakeholder Organizations			
Key Stakeholder and Co	ommunity Organizations		
<ul> <li>City of Cleveland Department of Public Health</li> <li>Cuyahoga County Board of Health</li> <li>Summit County Public Health</li> <li>Select Specialty Hospital-Cleveland Fairhill</li> <li>Cleveland Clinic Avon Hospital</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Neighborhood Family Practice</li> <li>Birthing Beautiful Communities</li> <li>Lead Safe Cleveland Coalition</li> <li>Better Health Partnerships</li> <li>NAMI Greater Cleveland</li> <li>Asian Services in Action (ASIA)</li> <li>Cleveland Clinic LGBTQ+ Care</li> <li>Benjamin Rose Institute on Aging</li> </ul>		
	Greater Cleveland Food Bank		

The Gathering Place
<ul> <li>Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority</li> </ul>
Esperanza
The Centers for Families and Children

The transcripts were analyzed using the qualitative analysis program Dedoose 2<sup>®</sup>. Text was coded using a pre-designed codebook-organized by themes and analyzed for significant observations. Figure 37 shows key findings from community stakeholder interviews specific to the CCRH Beachwood Community.

#### Figure 37: Key Stakeholder Findings



\*Feedback specific to Select Hospital key stakeholders

Findings from the key stakeholder interview were combined with findings from secondary data and incorporated into the Data Synthesis and Prioritized Health Needs.

## **Appendix B: Impact Evaluation**

The CHNA process should be viewed as a three-year cycle to evaluate the impact of actions taken to address priority areas. This step affirms organizations focus and target efforts during the next CHNA cycle. The top health priorities for the CCRH Beachwood Community from the 2019 CHNA were:

- Access to Affordable Healthcare
- Chronic Disease Prevention and Management
- Socioeconomic Concerns

Implementation strategies for these health topics shifted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Innovative strategies were adopted to continue building capacity for addressing the community health needs.

## **Actions Taken Since Previous CHNA**

Beachwood Rehabilitation's previous Implementation Strategy outlined a plan for addressing the following priorities identified in the 2019 CHNA. Access to affordable healthcare and chronic disease prevention and the management of chronic disease were identified as needs within the 2019 CHNA for Beachwood Rehabilitation. The table below describes the strategies completed and modifications made to the action plans for each health priority area.

## Access to Affordable Healthcare

#### Actions:

• Access to affordable healthcare was identified as a significant need in the 2019 CHNA for Beachwood Rehabilitation. Access barriers include cost, poverty, inadequate transportation, a lack of awareness regarding available services, and an undersupply of providers.

#### Highlighted Impacts:

- Financial Assistance Beachwood Rehabilitation provided medically necessary services to all patients regardless of race, color, creed, gender, country of national origin, or ability to pay. Financial assistance was also provided to patients on a case-by-case basis under certain medical circumstances.
- Awareness the hospital developed educational materials with patients, families, and providers to broaden community awareness and improve patients' ability to choose the most appropriate care setting. In addition, Beachwood Rehabilitation developed a large network of clinical liaisons throughout the community to assist elderly consumers in understanding their post-acute care options.

- How to Access Care Clinical staff serving the Brain Injury, Spinal Cord Injury, COVID19, Amputee and Stroke Program teams at Beachwood Rehabilitation developed support groups and educational sessions for families and community residents.
- Provider Support Beachwood Rehabilitation provides a host of medical support of Nephrology, Neurology, Physiology, Psychology, and Pulmonology

## **Chronic Disease Prevention and Management**

Actions:

• Chronic disease prevention and the management of chronic disease were identified as needs within the 2019 CHNA for Beachwood Rehabilitation. Chronic diseases, including addiction and mental health, heart disease, hypertension, obesity, diabetes, COPD.

#### Highlighted Impacts:

- Physicians educated patients on overall healthcare and on potential risk factors that may affect recovery. They also educated patients on their past medical history and how their existing conditions may be impacted by their new injury.
- Physical and functional impairments may be exacerbated by obesity. To encourage weight loss, the clinical team provided education and training to patients to increase mobility and activity. Discussions regarding healthy eating and interpretation of food labels were included as part of the therapy care plan.
- Depression and emotional changes, common following illness or injury, were addressed by a variety of modes of treatment and professionals including: therapists, nursing staff, psychologists, psychiatrists, non-pharmacological techniques, pharmacological treatment and recreation therapy.
- The hospital formalized an internal opioid management process for reviewing healthcare prescribing, data collection, and the use of non-pharmacologic treatment for pain
- Appropriate referrals to community programs, such as AA, NA, or mental health resources were delivered by case management and psychology staff.
- Beachwood Rehabilitation developed a large network of clinical liaisons throughout the community to assist elderly consumers in understanding their post-acute care options. (moved to top)
- Beachwood Rehabilitation developed evidence-based falls prevention education for internal and external stakeholders including information on environmental modifications, balance exercises, and home safety assessments,
- Smoking cessation aligned with Beachwood Rehabilitation goals for our patients. The hospital is a smoke free campus. A
  formalized smoking cessation program will was developed including resources and education that were provided to
  patients during an inpatient rehabilitation stay. Patients were also connected with organizations in the community for
  ongoing follow up and support.

- Beachwood Rehabilitation provides formalized hypertension classes for our cardiac and hypertensive patients. Educates patients on diet, exercise, and other lifestyle factors contributing to hypertension.
- Respiratory Team at Beachwood Rehabilitation developed an Oxygen Program that provides education for our patients with tracheotomy's, COPD and chronic respiratory disease going home on oxygen.
- Our Pharmacist, Registered Dietitians, and Nurses provide education on insulin, nutrition, and oral medications to our diabetic patients.

## **Community Feedback**

Community Health Needs Assessment reports from 2019 were published on the CCRH Beachwood website. No community feedback has been received as of the drafting of this report. For more information regarding Cleveland Clinic Community Health Needs Assessments and Implementation Strategy reports, please visit <u>www.clevelandclinic.org/CHNAreports</u> or contact CHNA@ccf.org.

# Appendix C: Secondary Data Scoring Tables

e <u>5: CCRH Beachwood H</u>	lospital Community Def
Zip code	Postal Name
44022	Chagrin Falls
44045	Grand River
44060	Mentor
44077	Painesville
44087	Twinsburg
44092	Wickliffe
44094	Willoughby
44095	Eastlake
44103	Cleveland
44104	Cleveland
44105	Cleveland
44106	Cleveland
44108	Cleveland
44110	Cleveland
44112	Cleveland
44117	Euclid
44118	Cleveland
44119	Cleveland
44120	Cleveland
44121	Cleveland
44122	Beachwood
44123	Euclid
44124	Cleveland
44125	Cleveland
44128	Cleveland
44132	Euclid
44137	Maple Heights

Table 5: CCRH Beachwood Hospital Community Definition

44139	Solon	
44143	Highland Heights	
44146	Bedford	

#### Table 6: Population Estimates for Each Zip Code

Zip code	City	Population
44022	Chagrin Falls	16,280
44045	Grand River	429
44060	Mentor	59,531
44077	Painesville	59,067
44087	Twinsburg	22,289
44092	Wickliffe	16,457
44094	Willoughby	36,802
44095	Eastlake	32,044
44103	Cleveland	16,179
44104	Cleveland	21,988
44105	Cleveland	35,422
44106	Cleveland	26,538
44108	Cleveland	22,563
44110	Cleveland	18,325
44112	Cleveland	20,733
44117	Euclid	9,846
44118	Cleveland	38,730
44119	Cleveland	11,660
44120	Cleveland	34,405
44121	Cleveland	31,150
44122	Beachwood	34,095
44123	Euclid	16,557
44124	Cleveland	37,673
44125	Cleveland	26,717
44128	Cleveland	27,367

44132	Euclid	14,033
44137	Maple Heights	21,557
44139	Solon	24,579
44143	Highland Heights	23,896
44146	Bedford	28,999

#### Table 7: Percentage of Families Living Below Poverty Level for Each Zip Code

Zip Code	City	Families Below Poverty Level (%)
44022	Chagrin Falls	1.5%
44045	Grand River	9.5%
44060	Mentor	3.8%
44077	Painesville	6.5%
44087	Twinsburg	6.1%
44092	Wickliffe	3.8%
44094	Willoughby	4.3%
44095	Eastlake	6.2%
44103	Cleveland	32.1%
44104	Cleveland	47.5%
44105	Cleveland	26.6%
44106	Cleveland	20.4%
44108	Cleveland	24.2%
44110	Cleveland	30.8%
44112	Cleveland	25.4%
44117	Euclid	10.6%
44118	Cleveland	7.8%
44119	Cleveland	16.5%
44120	Cleveland	16.4%
44121	Cleveland	10.8%

44122	Beachwood	4.8%
44123	Euclid	15.9%
44124	Cleveland	3.9%
44125	Cleveland	10.3%
44128	Cleveland	19.5%
44132	Euclid	16.1%
44137	Maple Heights	15.4%
44139	Solon	3.9%
44143	Highland Heights	4.6%
44146	Bedford	8.1%

Table 8: Secondary Data Results by Health Topic—Cuyahoga, Lake and Summit Counties

HEALTH TOPICS	CUYAHOGA	LAKE	SUMMIT	AVG
Alcohol & Drug Use	1.73	1.81	1.51	1.68
Cancer	1.71	1.55	1.51	1.59
Children's Health	1.72	1.21	1.41	1.45
Diabetes	1.17	1.04	1.29	1.17
Health Care Access & Quality	1.21	1.57	1.26	1.35
Heart Disease & Stroke	1.35	1.49	1.28	1.37
Immunizations & Infectious Diseases	1.20	1.02	1.27	1.16
Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	1.56	1.06	1.63	1.42
Medications & Prescriptions	1.72	2.5	2.22	2.15
Mental Health & Mental				
Disorders	1.39	1.16	1.66	1.40
Nutrition & Healthy Eating	1.31	1.47	1.67	1.48
Older Adults	1.65	1.58	1.63	1.62
Oral Health	1.14	1.15	0.86	1.05
Other Conditions	1.83	1.69	1.83	1.78
Physical Activity	1.39	1.47	1.47	1.44

Prevention & Safety	2.21	1.92	1.24	1.79
Respiratory Diseases	1.23	1.13	1.38	1.25
Tobacco Use	1.19	1.06	1.36	1.20
Wellness & Lifestyle	1.49	1.17	1.33	1.33
Women's Health	1.46	1.62	1.58	1.55
QUALITY OF LIFE TOPIC		SCO	RE	
Community	1.66	1.14	1.30	1.37
Community Economy	1.66 1.68	1.14 0.82	1.30 1.28	1.37 1.26

#### Secondary Data Scoring Indicators of Concern

From the secondary data scoring results, Health Care Access & Quality ranked as the 14<sup>th</sup> highest scoring health need, with a score of 1.35. Further analysis was done to identify specific indicators of concern. Those indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) were categorized as indicators of concern and are listed in Table 9 below. For each indicator, there is an indicator score, county value, state value, and national value (where available). Additionally, there are state and national county distributions for comparison along with indicator trend information. The legend (Figure 38) on the right shows how to interpret the distribution gauges and trend icons used in the data scoring results for each health topic by county (Table 8).

#### Figure 38: Prioritized Health Needs

	If the needle is in the red, the county value is in the worst 25% (or worst quartile) of counties in the state or nation.
	If the needle is in the green, the county value is in the best 50% of counties in the state or nation.
	The indicator is trending down, significantly, and this is not the ideal direction.
	The indicator is trending down and this is not the ideal direction.
∕	The indicator is trending up, significantly, and this is not the ideal direction.
	The indicator is trendng up and this is not the ideal direction.
	The indicator is trending down, signifcantly, and this is the ideal direction .
	The indicator is trending down and this is the ideal direction.
	The indicator is trending up, significantly, and this is the ideal direction.
	The indicator is trending up and this is the ideal direction.

SCORE	HEALTH CARE ACCESS & QUALITY	Cuyahoga County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
1.83	Adults with Health Insurance: 18+	89.8		90.2	90.6	Ę		
1.83	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	1057.6		1098.6	1047.4			
1.83	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	199.2		204.8	194.9			
1.50	Adults who Visited a Dentist	51.3		51.6	52.9			
1.50	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non-Prescription Drugs	627.2		638.9	609.6			

# Table 9. Data Scoring Results for Healthcare Access & Quality for the CCRH Beachwood Community Cuyahoga County

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

Lake County								
SCORE	HEALTH CARE ACCESS & QUALITY	Lake County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend

aka Ca

2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Health Insurance	4910.2	4371.7	4321.1		
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	1242.3	1098.6	1047.4		
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	229.2	204.8	194.9		
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non- Prescription Drugs	716.9	638.9	609.6		
2.33	Primary Care Provider Rate	43	76.7			
1.67	Persons without Health Insurance	5.9	6.6		 	

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

		Summit County	/			•		
SCORE	HEALTH CARE ACCESS & QUALITY	Summit County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
2.33	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	1153.1		1098.6	1047.4			

2.17	Consumer Expenditures: Health Insurance	4543.8	4371.7	4321.1		
2.17	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	213.4	204.8	194.9		
2.17	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non- Prescription Drugs	664.9	638.9	609.6		
1.56	Persons without Health Insurance	6.5	6.6		 	
1.50	Adults with Health Insurance	90	90.9	87.1	 	

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

#### Table 10: Secondary Data Scoring Indicators of Concern: Prioritized Health Topic #2: Adult Health

From the secondary data scoring results, Older Adult Health topic area had the fifth highest score at 1.62 and the related Other Conditions health topic ranked third with a score of 1.78. Further analysis was done to identify specific indicators of concern. Those indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) were categorized as indicators of concern and are listed in Table 10 below.

		Cuyahoga Count	ty					
SCORE	ADULT HEALTH	Cuyahoga County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend

				-		-	
2.72	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	23.8	16.9	19.4	18.9		
2.64	People 65+ Living Alone	34.8		28.8	26.1		
2.58	Breast Cancer Incidence Rate	134.8		129.6	126.8		
2.47	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	10.9		8.1	9.3		
2.36	Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	128		107.2	106.2		
2.31	Cancer: Medicare Population	9		8.4	8.4		
2.31	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	11.6		10.5	9.5		
2.28	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	23.6	15.3	21.6	19.9		
2.25	All Cancer Incidence Rate	479.7		467.5			

			1	1	1	1	
2.17	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	11.4		10.4	10.8		
2.14	Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	44.2		41.3	38		
2.14	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	9		9	8.4		
2.08	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	6.3		6.2	6.6		
2.03	Asthma: Medicare Population	5.2		4.8	5		
1.92	Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population	25.2		25.3	24.5		
1.92	Adults with Kidney Disease	3.6			3.1		
1.92	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	35.4		36.1	33.5		
1.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	171	122.7	169.4			

1.75	Adults 65+ who Received Recommended Preventive Services: Females	28.6			28.4			
1.75	Depression: Medicare Population	18.5		20.4	18.4			
1.69	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	15.3		14.7	14			
1.69	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease	15.2		14.5	12.9			
1.67	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	3.4						
1.67	Colon Cancer Screening	63.7	74.4		66.4			
1.58	Adults 65+ with Total Tooth Loss	15.5			13.5			
	Healthy People provides science based 10 year national objective		a boolth of all	Amorioona		l Increante e Hee	l Ithy Deeple terr	t to be met

HP2030 · Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

	L	ake County						
SCORE	ADULT HEALTH	Lake County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend

2.92	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	17.3	10.5	9.5		
2.92	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	8.2	6.2	6.6		
2.64	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	10	9	8.4		
2.64	Cancer: Medicare Population	9.2	8.4	8.4		
2.47	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	37.4	36.1	33.5		
2.31	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	52.4	49.4	47.7		
2.00	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	4.9				
1.81	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	28.5	27.5	26.8		
1.75	Adults with Arthritis	30.2		25.1		

1.69	Stroke: Medicare Population	4		3.8	3.8		
1.64	Depression: Medicare Population	19.2		20.4	18.4		
1.50	Colon Cancer Screening	64.2	74.4		66.4		
1.50	Consumer Expenditures: Eldercare	22.3		20.5	34.3		
1.50	COPD: Medicare Population	12.4		13.2	11.5		

HP2030 · Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

Summit	County

SCORE	ADULT HEALTH	Summit County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
2.75	Depression: Medicare Population	21.8		20.4	18.4			
2.75	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	37.7		36.1	33.5			

2.58	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	41		34	30.5		
2.42	Cancer: Medicare Population	8.5		8.4	8.4		
2.36	Asthma: Medicare Population	5.8		4.8	5		
2.19	People 65+ Living Alone	30.1		28.8	26.1		
2.17	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	11.3		10.4	10.8		
2.17	All nemers bisease of bementid. Medicare ropulation	11.5		10.4	10.0		
2.44	Octoor and the Madisana Devulation	6.6		6.2			
2.14	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	6.6		6.2	6.6		
							∕
1.92	Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population	24.7		25.3	24.5		
1.83	Colon Cancer Screening	62.2	74.4		66.4		
1.83	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	4.3					

1.81	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	8.9	9	8.4		
1.81	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	49.9	49.	47.7		
1.58	Adults with Arthritis	29.8		25.1		

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

## Table 11: Secondary Data Scoring Indicators of Concern: Prioritized Health Topic #3: Community Safety

Prevention & Safety ranked second among all health topics with a score of 1.79. Further analysis was done to identify specific indicators of concern which include indicators with high data scores (scoring at or above the threshold of 1.50) and seen in Table 11.

		Cuyahoga County						
SCORE	PREVENTION & SAFETY	Cuyahoga County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
2.64	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	42.6		38.1	21			
2.31	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	11.6		10.5	9.5			

2.31	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	42		40.2	21.4		
2.22	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	69.7	43.2	68.8	48.9		
2.00	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	3.6		2.8	2.5	 	

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

		Lake County					•	
SCORE	PREVENTION & SAFETY	Lake County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
2.92	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	17.3		10.5	9.5			
2.39	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	71.4	43.2	68.8	48.9			
2.14	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	40.2		40.2	21.4			
2.14	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	36.9		38.1	21			
1.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	2.6		2.8	2.5			

HP2030 - Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

		Summit County	_					
SCORE	PREVENTION & SAFETY	Summit County	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	Ohio Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend
2.00	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	38.7		40.2	21.4			
1.86	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	36.7		38.1	21			

HP2030 · Healthy People provides science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans. HP2030 represents a Healthy People target to be met by 2030.

HEALTH TOPICS	AVG
Medications & Prescriptions	2.15
Prevention & Safety	1.79
Other Conditions	1.78
Alcohol & Drug Use	1.68
Older Adults	1.62
Cancer	1.59
Women's Health	1.55
Nutrition & Healthy Eating	1.48
Children's Health	1.45
Physical Activity	1.44
Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	1.42
Mental Health & Mental Disorders	1.40
Heart Disease & Stroke	1.37
Health Care Access & Quality	1.35
Wellness & Lifestyle	1.33
Respiratory Diseases	1.25
Tobacco Use	1.20
Diabetes	1.17
Immunizations & Infectious Diseases	1.16
Oral Health	1.05
QUALITY OF LIFE TOPIC	SCORE
Education	1.55

Environmental Health	1.42
Community	1.37
Economy	1.26

	ALCOHOL & DRUG		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	USE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
2.64	Drug Poisoning	population	42.6		38.1	21	2017-2019	9
		percent of driving						
		deaths with						
	Alcohol-Impaired	alcohol						
2.44	Driving Deaths	involvement	41.4	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9
	Adults who Drink							
2.00	Excessively	percent	19.6		18.5	19	2018	9
	Age-Adjusted Drug							
	and Opioid-	Deaths per						
	Involved Overdose	100,000						
1.92	Death Rate	population	43.8		42	22.8	2017-2019	5
	Consumer							
	Expenditures:	average dollar						
	Alcoholic	amount per						
1.67	Beverages	consumer unit	637.1		651.5	701.9	2021	7
	Health Behaviors							
1.42	Ranking	ranking	31				2021	9
	Liquor Store	stores/ 100,000						
1.31	Density	population	6.4		5.6	10.5	2019	22
	Adults who Binge							
1.25	Drink	percent	16			16.7	2019	4

	Mothers who							
0.02	Smoked During	norcont	C 1	4.2	11 E		2020	17
0.92	Pregnancy	percent	6.1	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17
			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CANCER	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
JCORE		UNITS	cooliti	111 2030	Onio	0.5.	TEMOD	Jource
	Age-Adjusted	dootho (100,000						
2 72	Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 males	23.8	16.9	19.4	18.9	2015-2019	12
2.72			23.8	10.9	19.4	18.9	2015-2019	12
	Breast Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
2.58	Incidence Rate	females	134.8		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	12
	Prostate Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
2.36	Incidence Rate	males	128		107.2	106.2	2014-2018	12
	Cancer: Medicare							
2.31	Population	percent	9		8.4	8.4	2018	6
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
2.28	Breast Cancer	females	23.6	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	12
	All Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
2.25	Incidence Rate	population	479.7		467.5	448.6	2014-2018	12
	Colorectal Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
2.14	Incidence Rate	population	44.2		41.3	38	2014-2018	12
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
1.78	Cancer	population	171	122.7	169.4	152.4	2015-2019	12
	Colon Cancer							
1.67	Screening	percent	63.7	74.4		66.4	2018	4

	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000		<u></u>	4-	a c =	2215 2242	4.0
1.44	Lung Cancer	population	42.9	25.1	45	36.7	2015-2019	12
	Lung and Bronchus							
	Cancer Incidence	cases/ 100,000						
1.36	Rate	population	63.7		67.3	57.3	2014-2018	12
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
1.28	Colorectal Cancer	population	14.5	8.9	14.8	13.4	2015-2019	12
1.25	Adults with Cancer	percent	7.5			7.1	2019	4
	Oral Cavity and							
	Pharynx Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
1.14	Incidence Rate	population	11.5		12.2	11.9	2014-2018	12
	Mammogram in							
0.94	Past 2 Years: 50-74	percent	75.2	77.1		74.8	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer							
0.89	Screening: 21-65	Percent	85.3	84.3		84.7	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer	cases/ 100,000		00		•		
0.61	Incidence Rate	females	6.4		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	12
0.01		Jennaies	0.4		7.5	7.7	2014 2018	12
	CHILDREN'S		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	HEALTH	UNITS	COTAHOGA	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
JCORE		UNITS	COUNTY	HF2030	UIIU	0.3.	PERIOD	Jource
2.47	Child Food		20 7		474	110	2010	10
2.17	Insecurity Rate	percent	20.7		17.4	14.6	2019	10
	Projected Child							
	Food Insecurity							
2.08	Rate	percent	23.4		18.5		2021	10
	Substantiated	cases/ 1,000						
1.94	Child Abuse Rate	children	10	8.7	6.8		2020	3

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	Deeple CE Living							
SCORE	COMMUNITY	UNITS	CUYAHOGA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
1.33	Childcare	consumer unit	272.1		301.6	368.2	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount per						
1.33	Children with Health Insurance	percent	97.1		95.2	94.3	2019	1
1.50	Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.3				2015	23
1.58	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=5 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	5.8		1.9		2020	19
1.86	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=10 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	1.7		0.5		2020	19

SCORE	COMMUNITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	People 65+ Living							
2.64	Alone	percent	34.8		28.8	26.1	2015-2019	1
	Single-Parent							
2.50	Households	percent	37.6		27.1	25.5	2015-2019	1
2.47	Homeownership	percent	50.9		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	1
		percent of driving						
		deaths with						
	Alcohol-Impaired	alcohol						
2.44	Driving Deaths	involvement	41.4	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9

		crimes/ 100,000						
2.39	Violent Crime Rate	population	637		303.5	394	2017	18
		membership						
		associations/						
2.31	Social Associations	10,000 population	9.2		11	9.3	2018	9
2.14	Linguistic Isolation	percent	2.9		1.4	4.4	2015-2019	1
	Households							
2.08	without a Vehicle	percent	12.8		7.9	8.6	2015-2019	1
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to							
2.00	Motor Vehicle	deaths/100,000	2.0		2.0	2 5	2015 2010	-
2.00	Collisions	population	3.6		2.8	2.5	2015-2019	5
	People Living Below Poverty							
2.00	Level	percent	17.5	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	1
2.00		•	17.5	0	14	13.4	2013-2013	
1.94	Substantiated Child Abuse Rate	cases/ 1,000 children	10	07	6.8		2020	3
1.94	Children Living	children	10	8.7	0.8		2020	3
	Below Poverty							
1.92	Level	percent	25.5		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	1
1.52	Median Household	percent	23.5		10.0	10.5	2010 2019	-
1.75	Income	dollars	50366		56602	62843	2015-2019	1
	Social and				50002	52015	2010 2010	
	Economic Factors							
1.75	Ranking	ranking	72				2021	9
		ranning	, _				2021	
	Young Children Living Below							
1.75	Poverty Level	percent	27.3		23	20.3	2015-2019	1
1.75	Youth not in	ρειζεπί	27.5		25	20.5	2013-2013	
1.75	School or Working	percent	2.3		1.8	1.9	2015-2019	1
1.75	School of WORKINg	percent	2.3		1.0	1.9	2013-2013	

	Voter Turnout: Presidential						
1.69	Election	percent	71	74		2020	20
	Consumer						
	Expenditures:	average dollar					
	Local Public	amount per					
1.67	Transportation	consumer unit	122.3	121.7	148.8	2021	7
	Households with						
	an Internet						
1.67	Subscription	percent	79.1	82.4	83	2015-2019	1
	Households with						
	One or More						
	Types of						
1.67	Computing Devices	percent	87.4	89.1	90.3	2015-2019	1
1.07	Mean Travel Time	percent	07.4	89.1	30.3	2013-2013	
1.53	to Work	minutes	24.3	23.7	26.9	2015-2019	1
1.55	Adults with	minutes	24.5	23.7	20.5	2013 2013	
1.50	Internet Access	percent	94.3	94.5	95	2021	8
1.50	Households with a	percent	54.5	<u> </u>		2021	0
1.50	Computer	percent	84.2	85.2	86.3	2021	8
	Persons with an	percent	0.112	0012	0010		
	Internet						
1.50	Subscription	percent	84	86.2	86.2	2015-2019	1
	Solo Drivers with a						
1.36	Long Commute	percent	32.3	31.1	37	2015-2019	9
	Households with a						
1.33	Smartphone	percent	80.3	80.5	81.9	2021	8

	Workers							
	Commuting by							
	Public							
1.06	Transportation	percent	4.6	5.3	1.6	5	2015-2019	1
	Workers who							
	Drive Alone to							
1.03	Work	percent	79.3		82.9	76.3	2015-2019	1
	Households with							
	No Car and Low							
	Access to a							
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.3				2015	23
	Households with							
	Wireless Phone							
0.83	Service	percent	97.2		96.8	97	2020	8
	Workers who Walk							
0.69	to Work	percent	2.7		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1
0.58	Per Capita Income	dollars	33114		31552	34103	2015-2019	1
	People 25+ with a							
	Bachelor's Degree							
0.25	or Higher	percent	32.5		28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1

			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	Г
SCORE	DIABETES	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Adults 20+ with							
1.50	Diabetes	percent	9				2019	5
	Diabetes:							
	Medicare							
1.14	Population	percent	25.3		27.2	27	2018	6

	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
0.86	Diabetes	population	22.4		25.3	21.5	2017-2019	5
			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ECONOMY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.47	Homeownership	percent	50.9		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	1
	People 65+ Living							
	Below Poverty							
2.47	Level	percent	10.9		8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1
	Child Food							
2.17	Insecurity Rate	percent	20.7		17.4	14.6	2019	10
2.17	Income Inequality		0.5		0.5	0.5	2015-2019	1
	Persons with							
	Disability Living in							
2.08	Poverty (5-year)	percent	33.9		29.5	26.1	2015-2019	1
	Projected Child							
	Food Insecurity							
2.08	Rate	percent	23.4		18.5		2021	10
	Adults who Feel							
	Overwhelmed by							
2.00	Financial Burdens	percent	15.1		14.6	14.4	2021	8
	Food Insecurity							
2.00	Rate	percent	13.9		13.2	10.9	2019	10
	Households that							
	are Below the							
	Federal Poverty				40.5			<u>a-</u>
2.00	Level	percent	17.7		13.8		2018	25

	People Living							
	Below Poverty			_				_
2.00	Level	percent	17.5	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	1
	Children Living							
4.02	Below Poverty		25.5		10.0	10 F	2015 2010	4
1.92	Level	percent	25.5		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	1
	Families Living							
1 0 2	Below Poverty	norecet	10		0.0	0.5	2015 2010	1
1.92	Level	percent	13		9.9	9.5	2015-2019	1
4.00	Projected Food		45.0				2024	4.0
1.92	Insecurity Rate	percent	15.6		14.1		2021	10
	Renters Spending							
	30% or More of							
	Household Income							
1.83	on Rent	percent	48.4		44.9	49.6	2015-2019	1
	Households with							
	Cash Public							
1.75	Assistance Income	percent	3.1		2.9	2.4	2015-2019	1
	Median Household							
1.75	Income	dollars	50366		56602	62843	2015-2019	1
	Severe Housing							
1.75	Problems	percent	17.1		13.7	18	2013-2017	9
	Social and							
	Economic Factors							
1.75	Ranking	ranking	72				2021	9
	Young Children							
	Living Below							
1.75	Poverty Level	percent	27.3		23	20.3	2015-2019	1
	Youth not in							
1.75	School or Working	percent	2.3		1.8	1.9	2015-2019	1
	- 0		-		-			

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	Households that						
	are Above the						
	Asset Limited,						
	Income						
	Constrained,						
	Employed (ALICE)						
1.67	Threshold	percent	58.8	61.6		2018	25
1.64	Size of Labor Force	persons	582791			44440	21
	SNAP Certified	stores/ 1,000					
1.64	Stores	population	0.9			2017	23
	Households with a						
1.50	Savings Account	percent	67.7	68.8	70.2	2021	8
	WIC Certified	stores/ 1,000					
1.50	Stores	population	0.1			2016	23
	People Living						
	200% Above						
1.42	Poverty Level	percent	64.7	68.8	69.1	2015-2019	1
	Consumer						
	Expenditures:	average dollar					
	Homeowner	amount per					
1.33	Expenses	consumer unit	7600	7828	8900.1	2021	7
	Households that						
	are Asset Limited,						
	Income						
	Constrained,						
1.33	Employed (ALICE)	percent	23.5	24.5		2018	25
	Low-Income and	<i>p</i> ······					
	Low Access to a						
1.33	Grocery Store	percent	4.3			2015	23
1.55	GIOCETY SLOTE	percent	4.5			2013	۷

	Overcrowded	percent of						
1.31	Households	households	1.2		1.4		2015-2019	1
	Unemployed							
	Workers in Civilian							
1.25	Labor Force	percent	4.6		4.3	4.6	Sep-21	21
	Consumer							
	Expenditures:	average dollar						
	Home Rental	amount per						
1.17	Expenses	consumer unit	3928.7		3798.7	5460.2	2021	7
	Mortgaged							
	Owners Spending							
	30% or More of							
	Household Income							
1.00	on Housing	percent	22.7		19.7	26.5	2019	1
0.58	Per Capita Income	dollars	33114		31552	34103	2015-2019	1
	Students Eligible							
	for the Free Lunch							
0.58	Program	percent	12.9				2019-2020	13
			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	EDUCATION	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	4th Grade							
	Students Proficient							
	in							
	English/Language							
1.86	Arts	percent	46.6		63.3		2018-2019	15
	4th Grade							
	Students Proficient							
1.86	in Math	percent	52.5		74.3		2018-2019	15

	8th Grade Students Proficient							
	in							
	English/Language							
1.86	Arts	percent	43.1		58.3		2018-2019	15
	8th Grade							
	Students Proficient							
1.86	in Math	percent	39.5		57.3		2018-2019	15
	Consumer	average dollar						
	Expenditures:	amount per						
1.33	Childcare	consumer unit	272.1		301.6	368.2	2021	7
	Consumer	average dollar						
	Expenditures:	amount per						
1.67	Education	consumer unit	1196.7		1200.4	1492.4	2021	7
	High School							
1.44	Graduation	percent	89.5	90.7	92		2019-2020	15
	People 25+ with a							
	Bachelor's Degree							
0.25	or Higher	percent	32.5		28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1
	Student-to-							
1.81	Teacher Ratio	students/ teacher	16.5				2019-2020	13

	ENVIRONMENTAL		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Adults with							
2.25	Current Asthma	percent	11			8.9	2019	4
	Fast Food	restaurants/ 1,000						
2.14	<b>Restaurant Density</b>	population	0.9				2016	23
	Houses Built Prior							
2.08	to 1950	percent	39.2		26.2	17.5	2015-2019	1

2.03	Asthma: Medicare Population	percent	5.2	4.8	5	2018	6
1.86	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=10 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	1.7	0.5		2020	19
1.75	Annual Ozone Air Quality		F			2017-2019	2
1.75	Physical Environment Ranking	ranking	88			2021	9
1.75	Severe Housing Problems	percent	17.1	13.7	18	2013-2017	9
1.67	Farmers Market Density	markets/ 1,000 population	0			2018	23
1.67	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store Number of	percent	3.4			2015	23
1.64	Extreme Precipitation Days	days	34			2019	14
1.64	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.9			2017	23
1.58	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=5 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	5.8	1.9		2020	19
1.53	Food Environment Index	index	7.3	6.8	7.8	2021	9

	Children with Low						
	Access to a					2245	
1.50	Grocery Store	percent	4.3			2015	23
	WIC Certified	stores/ 1,000					
1.50	Stores	population	0.1			2016	23
	Annual Particle						
1.44	Pollution		В			2017-2019	2
	Number of						
1.36	Extreme Heat Days	days	12			2019	14
	Number of						
	Extreme Heat						
1.36	Events	events	6			2019	14
	Weeks of						
	Moderate Drought						
1.36	or Worse	weeks per year	0			2020	14
	Low-Income and						
	Low Access to a						
1.33	Grocery Store	percent	4.3			2015	23
	Grocery Store	stores/ 1,000					
1.31	Density	population	0.2			2016	23
	, Liquor Store	stores/ 100,000					
1.31	Density	population	6.4	5.6	10.5	2019	22
	Overcrowded	percent of					
1.31	Households	households	1.2	1.4		2015-2019	1
1.08	PBT Released	pounds	234591.7	<b>1</b> .7		2020	24
1.08	Households with	pounus	234331./			2020	24
	No Car and Low						
	Access to a						
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.3			2015	23
1.00	GIOCELY SLOTE	percent	1.5			2013	25

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1.00Fitness Facilitiespopulation0.12016Access to ExerciseOpportunitiespercent97.583.9842020HEALTH CARE ACCESS & QUALITYCUYAHOGA COUNTYMEASUREMENT PERIODSCOREQUALITYUNITSCOUNTYHP2030OhioU.S.PERIODAdults with Health Insurance: 18+percent89.890.290.62021Consumer Expenditures:amount per amount per1057.61098.61047.420211.83Medical Servicesconsumer unit1057.61098.61047.42021LassMedical Servicesconsumer unit199.2204.8194.92021Adults who VisitedJohn String51.652.92021	9
0.50Opportunitiespercent97.583.9842020HEALTH CARE ACCESS & QUALITYCUYAHOGA COUNTYHP2030OhioU.S.MEASUREMENT PERIODAdults with Health 1.83Insurance: 18+percent89.890.290.62021Consumer Expenditures: amount perawerage dollar Expenditures: consumer unit1057.61098.61047.420211.83Medical Servicesconsumer unit1057.61098.61047.420211.83Medical Servicesconsumer unit199.2204.8194.92021Adults who VisitedKeyner unit199.2204.8194.92021	
HEALTH CARE       CUYAHOGA       MEASUREMENT         ACCESS &       CUYAHOGA       MEASUREMENT         SCORE       QUALITY       UNITS       COUNTY       HP2030       Ohio       U.S.       PERIOD         Adults with Health	
ACCESS & QUALITYCUYAHOGA UNITSMEASUREMENT PERIODAdults with HealthAdults with HealthHP2030OhioU.S.PERIOD1.83Insurance: 18+percent89.890.290.62021Consumeraverage dollar Expenditures:amount per1.83Medical Servicesconsumer unit1057.61098.61047.420211.83Medical Servicesconsumer unit1057.61098.61047.420211.83Medical Servicesamount per1.83Medical Suppliesconsumer unit199.2204.8194.92021Adults who Visited	
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1.83Medical Suppliesconsumer unit199.2204.8194.92021Adults who Visited	
Adults who Visited	
	7
<b>150</b> a Dentist percent 51.3 51.6 52.9 2021	
	8
Consumer	
Expenditures:	
Prescription and average dollar	
Non-Prescription amount per	
<b>1.50</b> Drugs consumer unit 627.2 638.9 609.6 2021	7
Adults without	
1.42Health Insurancepercent13132019	4
Persons without	
1.39Health Insurancepercent5.36.62019	1
Adults with Health	
<b>1.33</b> Insurance <i>percent</i> 92.2 90.9 87.1 2019	1

	Children with		07.4		05.0		2242	
1.33	Health Insurance	percent	97.1		95.2	94.3	2019	1
	Consumer	average dollar						
	Expenditures:	amount per						
1.33	Health Insurance	consumer unit	4238.3		4371.7	4321.1	2021	7
	Adults who have							
	had a Routine							
1.25	Checkup	percent	78.2			76.6	2019	4
	Clinical Care							
1.25	Ranking		10				2021	9
		providers/						
	Primary Care	100,000						
0.61	Provider Rate	population	112.7		76.7		2018	9
		dentists/ 100,000						
0.33	Dentist Rate	population	109.6		64.2		2019	9
		providers/						
	Mental Health	100,000						
0.33	Provider Rate	population	401.4		261.3		2020	9
	Non-Physician	providers/						
	Primary Care	100,000						
0.33	Provider Rate	population	180.6		108.9		2020	9
	HEART DISEASE &		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	STROKE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Atrial Fibrillation:							
	Medicare							
2.14	Population	percent	9		9	8.4	2018	6
	Adults who							
	Experienced a							
1.92	Stroke	percent	4.2			3.4	2019	4
	•	•						

	Heart Failure:							
1.69	Medicare Population	percent	15.3		14.7	14	2018	6
1.09	Age-Adjusted	percent	13.5		14.7	74	2018	0
	Death Rate due to							
	Coronary Heart	deaths/ 100,000						
1.50	Disease	population	107.8	71.1	101.4	90.5	2017-2019	5
	High Blood							
1.50	Pressure Prevalence	percent	35.4	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.50		percent	55.4	27.7		52.0	2015	
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to							
	Cerebrovascular	deaths/ 100,000						
1.44	Disease (Stroke)	population	36.6	33.4	42.5	37.2	2017-2019	5
	Adults who							
	Experienced							
1 4 2	Coronary Heart	a crocet	7 4			6.2	2010	Δ
1.42	Disease	percent	7.4			6.2	2019	4
1.36	Stroke: Medicare Population	percent	3.8		3.8	3.8	2018	6
1.50	Hypertension:	percent	5.0		5.0	5.0	2010	0
	Medicare							
1.31	Population	percent	57.2		59.5	57.2	2018	6
	Adults who Have							
	Taken Medications							
	for High Blood							_
1.25	Pressure	percent	78.7			76.2	2019	4
1 25	Cholesterol Test	noroant	96.2			07 C	2010	Λ
1.25	History	percent	86.3			87.6	2019	4

	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare						
1.00	Population	percent	45.2	49.4	47.7	2018	6
1.00	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	percent	25.8	27.5	26.8	2018	6
0.92	High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 18+	percent	32.2		33.6	2019	4
0.58	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Attack	deaths/ 100,000 population 35+ years	42.3	55.4		2019	14

## IMMUNIZATIONS

	& INFECTIOUS		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	DISEASES	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Chlamydia	cases/ 100,000						
2.39	Incidence Rate	population	949.5		561.9	551	2019	16
	Gonorrhea	cases/ 100,000						
2.39	Incidence Rate	population	432.9		224	187.8	2019	16
	Tuberculosis	cases/ 100,000						
1.61	Incidence Rate	population	1.2	1.4	1.1		2020	16
	COVID-19 Daily							
	Average Case-	deaths per 100						
1.53	Fatality Rate	cases	0		0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
	Overcrowded	percent of						
1.31	Households	households	1.2		1.4		2015-2019	1

1.17	Adults who Agree Vaccine Benefits Outweigh Possible Risks	Percent	48.6		48.6	49.4	2021	8
	Salmonella Infection Incidence	cases/ 100,000						
0.83	Rate	population	10	11.1	12.9		2018	16
0.58	Persons Fully Vaccinated Against COVID-19	percent	62.8				28-Jan-22	5
0.08	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	deaths/ 100,000 population	11.1		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5
0.00		ροραιατισπ	11.1		14.4	15.0	2017-2019	
0.02	COVID-19 Daily Average Incidence	cases per 100,000	20.0		120 4	177.0	20 100 22	11
0.08	Rate	population	30.6		128.4	177.3	28-Jan-22	11
SCORE	MATERNAL, FETAL & INFANT HEALTH	UNITS	CUYAHOGA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
2.11	Babies with Low Birth Weight	percent	10.8		8.5	8.2	2020	17
2.11	Babies with Very Low Birth Weight	percent	1.7		1.4	1.3	2020	17
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount per						
1.33	Consumer	average dollar	272.1		301.6	368.2	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount per	272.1 8.6	5	<u> </u>	368.2	2021 2019	7

	Mothers who Received Early							
1.00	Prenatal Care	percent	72.4		68.9	76.1	2020	17
	Mothers who							
	Smoked During							
0.92	Pregnancy	percent	6.1	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17
1.67	Preterm Births	percent	11.4	9.4	10.3		2020	17
		live births/ 1,000						
	Teen Birth Rate:	females aged 15-						
1.53	15-17	17	7.2		6.8		2020	17
		pregnancies/						
	Teen Pregnancy	1,000 females						
1.58	Rate	aged 15-17	23.9		19.5		2016	17

	<b>MEDICATIONS &amp;</b>		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	PRESCRIPTIONS	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.83	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1057.6		1098.6	1047.4	2021	7
1.83	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	average dollar amount per consumer unit	199.2		204.8	194.9	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non-Prescription	average dollar amount per						
1.50	Drugs	consumer unit	627.2		638.9	609.6	2021	7

SCORE	MENTAL HEALTH & MENTAL DISORDERS	UNITS	CUYAHOGA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
	Adults Ever							
	Diagnosed with							
1.42	Depression	percent	20.9			18.8	2019	4
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to							
	Alzheimer's	deaths/ 100,000						
0.64	Disease	population	21		34	30.5	2017-2019	5
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
1.61	Suicide	population	14	12.8	15.1	14.1	2017-2019	5
	Alzheimer's							
	Disease or							
	Dementia:							
	Medicare							_
2.17	Population	percent	11.4		10.4	10.8	2018	6
	Depression:							
	Medicare							
1.75	Population	percent	18.5		20.4	18.4	2018	6
		providers/						
	Mental Health	100,000						
0.33	Provider Rate	population	401.4		261.3		2020	9
	Poor Mental							
1.75	Health: 14+ Days	percent	16			13.6	2019	4
	Poor Mental							
	Health: Average							
1.83	Number of Days	days	5		4.8	4.1	2018	9

1.00	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good or Better	percent	85.8		85.6	86.5	2021	8
1.00	of Better	percent	05.0		05.0	00.5	2021	
SCORE	NUTRITION & HEALTHY EATING	UNITS	CUYAHOGA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
1.67	Consumer Expenditures: Fruits and Vegetables	average dollar amount per consumer unit	838.8		864.6	1002.1	2021	7
1.50	Consumer Expenditures: High Sugar Foods	average dollar amount per consumer unit	502.1		519	530.2	2021	7
1.33	Adults Who Frequently Used Quick Service Restaurants: Past 30 Days	Percent	41.1		41.5	41.2	2021	8
1.33	Consumer Expenditures: Fast Food Restaurants	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1415.1		1461	1638.9	2021	7
1.17	Consumer Expenditures: High Sugar Beverages	average dollar amount per consumer unit	310.6		319.7	357	2021	7

	Adult Sugar- Sweetened						
	Beverage						
	Consumption: Past						
0.83	7 Days	percent	79.6	80.9	80.4	2021	8

	OLDER ADULT		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	People 65+ Living							
2.64	Alone	percent	34.8		28.8	26.1	2015-2019	1
	People 65+ Living							
	Below Poverty							
2.47	Level	percent	10.9		8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
2.31	Falls	population	11.6		10.5	9.5	2017-2019	5
	Cancer: Medicare							
2.31	Population	percent	9		8.4	8.4	2018	6
	Alzheimer's							
	Disease or							
	Dementia:							
	Medicare							
2.17	Population	percent	11.4		10.4	10.8	2018	6
	Atrial Fibrillation:							
	Medicare							
2.14	Population	percent	9		9	8.4	2018	6
	Osteoporosis:	,						
	Medicare							
2.08	Population	percent	6.3		6.2	6.6	2018	6
2.00		percent	0.5		0.2	0.0	2010	0

	Asthma: Medicare							
2.03	Population	percent	5.2		4.8	5	2018	6
	Chronic Kidney							
	Disease: Medicare							
1.92	Population	percent	25.2		25.3	24.5	2018	6
	Rheumatoid							
	Arthritis or							
	Osteoarthritis:							
	Medicare							
1.92	Population	percent	35.4		36.1	33.5	2018	6
	Adults 65+ who							
	Received							
	Recommended							
	Preventive							
1.75	Services: Females	percent	28.6			28.4	2018	4
	Depression:							
	Medicare							
1.75	Population	percent	18.5		20.4	18.4	2018	6
	Heart Failure:							
	Medicare							
1.69	Population	percent	15.3		14.7	14	2018	6
	Colon Cancer							
1.67	Screening	percent	63.7	74.4		66.4	2018	4
	People 65+ with							
	Low Access to a							
1.67	Grocery Store	percent	3.4				2015	23
	Adults 65+ with							
1.58	Total Tooth Loss	percent	15.5			13.5	2018	4

	Adults with						
1.42	Arthritis	percent	29.3		25.1	2019	4
	Stroke: Medicare						
1.36	Population	percent	3.8	3.8	3.8	2018	6
	Hypertension:						
	Medicare						
1.31	Population	percent	57.2	59.5	57.2	2018	6
	Diabetes:						
	Medicare						
1.14	Population	percent	25.3	27.2	27	2018	6
	Consumer	average dollar					
	Expenditures:	amount per					
1.00	Eldercare	consumer unit	20.8	20.5	34.3	2021	7
	Hyperlipidemia:						
	Medicare						
1.00	Population	percent	45.2	49.4	47.7	2018	6
	Ischemic Heart						
	Disease: Medicare						
1.00	Population	percent	25.8	27.5	26.8	2018	6
	COPD: Medicare						
0.97	Population	percent	11.2	13.2	11.5	2018	6
	Adults 65+ who						
	Received						
	Recommended						
	Preventive						
0.92	Services: Males	percent	34.5		32.4	2018	4
	Age-Adjusted						
	Death Rate due to						
0.66	Alzheimer's	deaths/ 100,000	24	24	20 F	2047 2040	-
0.64	Disease	population	21	34	30.5	2017-2019	5

			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ORAL HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Adults 65+ with							
1.58	Total Tooth Loss	percent	15.5			13.5	2018	4
	Adults who Visited							
1.50	a Dentist	percent	51.3		51.6	52.9	2021	8
	Oral Cavity and							
	Pharynx Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
1.14	Incidence Rate	population	11.5		12.2	11.9	2014-2018	12
		dentists/ 100,000						
0.33	Dentist Rate	population	109.6		64.2		2019	9
	OTHER		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CONDITIONS	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Osteoporosis:							
	Medicare							
2.08	Population	percent	6.3		6.2	6.6	2018	6
	Adults with Kidney							
1.92	Disease	Percent of adults	3.6			3.1	2019	4
	Chronic Kidney							
	Disease: Medicare							
1.92	Population	percent	25.2		25.3	24.5	2018	6
	Rheumatoid							
	Arthritis or							
	Osteoarthritis:							
	Medicare							
1.92	Population	percent	35.4		36.1	33.5	2018	6

	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
1.69	Kidney Disease	population	15.2		14.5	12.9	2017-2019	5
	Adults with							
1.42	Arthritis	percent	29.3			25.1	2019	4
	PHYSICAL		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ΑCTIVITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Adults 20+ who							
2.22	are Obese	percent	34.2	36			2019	5
	Fast Food	restaurants/ 1,000						
2.14	Restaurant Density	population	0.9				2016	23
	Farmers Market	markets/ 1,000						
1.67	Density	population	0				2018	23
	People 65+ with							
	Low Access to a							
1.67	Grocery Store	percent	3.4				2015	23
	Adults 20+ who							
1.64	are Sedentary	percent	25.1				2019	5
	SNAP Certified	stores/ 1,000						
1.64	Stores	population	0.9				2017	23
	Food Environment							
1.53	Index	index	7.3		6.8	7.8	2021	9
	Children with Low							
	Access to a							
1.50	Grocery Store	percent	4.3				2015	23
	, WIC Certified	, stores/ 1,000						
1.50	Stores	population	0.1				2016	23
								-

	Health Behaviors							
1.42	Ranking	ranking	31				2021	9
	Low-Income and							
	Low Access to a							
1.33	Grocery Store	percent	4.3				2015	23
	Grocery Store	stores/ 1,000						
1.31	Density	population	0.2				2016	23
	Households with							
	No Car and Low							
4 00	Access to a		1.2				2045	22
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.3				2015	23
1 00	Recreation and	facilities/ 1,000	0.1				2010	22
1.00	Fitness Facilities	population	0.1				2016	23
	Adult Sugar-							
	Sweetened							
	Beverage							
0.92	Consumption: Past	noveont	70.0		80.0	00.4	2021	8
0.83	7 Days	percent	79.6		80.9	80.4	2021	8
0.00	Workers who Walk	noveont	2 7		2.2	2 7	2015 2010	1
0.69	to Work	percent	2.7		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1
0.50	Access to Exercise	noveont	07 5		83.9	0.4	2020	0
0.50	Opportunities	percent	97.5		83.9	84	2020	9
CCORE	PREVENTION &		CUYAHOGA	1102020	Ohia		MEASUREMENT	Course
SCORE	SAFETY Age-Adjusted	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
2.31	Falls	population	11.6		10.5	9.5	2017-2019	5
		P = P =						-

2.00	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	deaths/ 100,000 population	3.6		2.8	2.5	2015-2019	5
2.22	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	deaths/ 100,000 population	69.7	43.2	68.8	48.9	2017-2019	5
2.31	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	deaths/ 100,000 population	42		40.2	21.4	2017-2019	5
2.64	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	deaths/ 100,000 population	42.6		38.1	21.4	2017-2019	9
1.75	Severe Housing Problems	percent	17.1		13.7	18	2013-2017	9
SCORE	RESPIRATORY DISEASES	UNITS	CUYAHOGA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
2.25	Adults with Current Asthma	percent	11			8.9	2019	4
2.03	Asthma: Medicare Population	percent	5.2		4.8	5	2018	6
2.00	Consumer Expenditures: Tobacco and Legal Marijuana	average dollar amount per consumer unit	485.5		487.9	422.4	2021	7
1.61	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	1.2	1.4	1.1		2020	16

1.58	Adults with COPD	Percent of adults	8.6			6.6	2019	4
1.53	COVID-19 Daily Average Case- Fatality Rate	deaths per 100 cases	0		0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
1.44 1.42	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer Adults who Smoke	deaths/ 100,000 population percent	42.9 20.9	25.1 5	45 21.4	36.7 17	2015-2019 2018	12 9
1.36	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	63.7		67.3	57.3	2014-2018	12
0.97	COPD: Medicare Population	percent	11.2		13.2	11.5	2018	6
0.83	Adults Who Used Electronic Cigarettes: Past 30 Days	percent	4		4.3	4.1	2021	8
0.81	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	deaths/ 100,000 population	38.4		47.8	39.6	2017-2019	5
0.50	Adults Who Used Smokeless Tobacco: Past 30 Days	percent	1.2		2.2	2	2021	8
0.08	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	deaths/ 100,000 population	11.1		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5
		,, - p						-

0.08	COVID-19 Daily Average Incidence Rate	cases per 100,000 population	30.6		128.4	177.3	28-Jan-22	11
			CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	TOBACCO USE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Consumer							
	Expenditures:	average dollar						
	Tobacco and Legal	amount per						
2.00	Marijuana	consumer unit	485.5		487.9	422.4	2021	7
1.42	Adults who Smoke	percent	20.9	5	21.4	17	2018	9
	Adults Who Used Electronic Cigarettes: Past 30							
0.83	Days	percent	4		4.3	4.1	2021	8
	Adults Who Used Smokeless Tobacco: Past 30							
0.50	Days	percent	1.2		2.2	2	2021	8
	WELLNESS &		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	LIFESTYLE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.58	Insufficient Sleep	percent	44.9	31.4	40.6	35	2018	9
1.75	Morbidity Ranking	ranking	76				2021	9
	Poor Physical Health: Average				_	_		-
1.67	Number of Days	days	4.2		4.1	3.7	2018	9
	Poor Physical							

111

12.5

2019

4

14.3

percent

1.58

Health: 14+ Days

	Self-Reported							
	General Health							
	Assessment: Poor							
1.58	or Fair	percent	21.1			18.6	2019	4
	High Blood							
	Pressure		_					
1.50	Prevalence	percent	35.4	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.50	Life Expectancy	years	77		77	79.2	2017-2019	9
	Adults Who Frequently Used Quick Service Restaurants: Past						2024	
1.33	30 Days	Percent	41.1		41.5	41.2	2021	8
1.33	Consumer Expenditures: Fast Food Restaurants	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1415.1		1461	1638.9	2021	7
1.17	Adults who Agree Vaccine Benefits Outweigh Possible Risks	Percent	48.6		48.6	49.4	2021	8
	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good							
1.00	or Better	percent	85.8		85.6	86.5	2021	8
	Adult Sugar- Sweetened Beverage Consumption: Past							
0.83	7 Days	percent	79.6		80.9	80.4	2021	8

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	WOMEN'S		CUYAHOGA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Breast Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
2.58	Incidence Rate	females	134.8		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	12
	Age-Adjusted							
	Death Rate due to	deaths/ 100,000						
2.28	Breast Cancer	females	23.6	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	12
	Mammogram in							
0.94	Past 2 Years: 50-74	percent	75.2	77.1		74.8	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer							
0.89	Screening: 21-65	Percent	85.3	84.3		84.7	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer	cases/ 100,000						
0.61	Incidence Rate	females	6.4		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	12

Cuyahoga Data Sources

## Key Source Name

- 1 American Community Survey
- 2 American Lung Association
- 3 Annie E. Casey Foundation
- 4 CDC PLACES
- 5 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- 6 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
- 7 Claritas Consumer Buying Power
- 8 Claritas Consumer Profiles
- 9 County Health Rankings
- 10 Feeding America
- 11 Healthy Communities Institute
- 12 National Cancer Institute
- 13 National Center for Education Statistics

National Environmental Public Health

- 14 Tracking Network
- 15 Ohio Department of Education Ohio Department of Health, Infectious
- 16 Diseases
- 17 Ohio Department of Health, Vital Statistics Ohio Department of Public Safety, Office of
- 18 Criminal Justice Services
- 19 Ohio Public Health Information Warehouse
- 20 Ohio Secretary of State
- 21 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- 22 U.S. Census County Business Patterns U.S. Department of Agriculture - Food
- 23 Environment Atlas
- 24 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- 25 United For ALICE

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ALCOHOL & DRUG USE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Alcohol-Impaired Driving	percent of driving deaths						
2.72	Deaths	with alcohol involvement	50	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.33	Alcoholic Beverages	per consumer unit	724.3		651.5	701.9	2021	7
	Adults who Drink							
2.17	Excessively	percent	20.8		18.5	19	2018	9
	Death Rate due to Drug	deaths/ 100,000						
2.14	Poisoning	population	36.9		38.1	21	2017-2019	9
	Age-Adjusted Drug and							
	Opioid-Involved Overdose	Deaths per 100,000						
1.75	Death Rate	population	40.8		42	22.8	2017-2019	5
1.42	Adults who Binge Drink	percent	16.4			16.7	2019	4

		stores/ 100,000						
1.31	Liquor Store Density	population	6.5		5.6	10.5	2019	22
1.25	Health Behaviors Ranking	ranking	12				2021	9
	Mothers who Smoked							
1.19	During Pregnancy	percent	9.6	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CANCER	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.64	Cancer: Medicare Population	percent	9.2		8.4	8.4	2018	6
2.31	Breast Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	139.4		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	12
2.00	Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	8.1		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	12
1.92	Adults with Cancer	percent	8.5			7.1	2019	4
1.92	Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	12.6		12.2	11.9	2014-2018	12
1.83	All Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	481.2		467.5	448.6	2014-2018	12
1.50	Colon Cancer Screening	percent	64.2	74.4		66.4	2018	4
1.44	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 females	20.9	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	12
1.44	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	43.9	25.1	45	36.7	2015-2019	12
1.44	Mammogram in Past 2 Years: 50-74	percent	73.3	77.1		74.8	2018	4
1.33	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 males	17.7	16.9	19.4	18.9	2015-2019	12

1.28	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	14.7	8.9	14.8	13.4	2015-2019	12
1.25	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	66.3	0.5	67.3	57.3	2013-2013	12
1.19	Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	40.6		41.3	38	2014-2018	12
1.11	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	163.6	122.7	169.4	152.4	2014 2018	12
0.89	Cervical Cancer Screening: 21-65	Percent	85.4	84.3		84.7	2018	4
0.86	Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 males	95.7		107.2	106.2	2014-2018	12

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CHILDREN'S HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Children with Low Access							
2.00	to a Grocery Store	percent	8				2015	23
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.83	Childcare	per consumer unit	315		301.6	368.2	2021	7
	Children with Health							
1.33	Insurance	percent	95.7		95.2	94.3	2019	1
	Blood Lead Levels in							
	Children (>=5 micrograms							
1.14	per deciliter)	percent	0.8		1.9		2020	19
	Blood Lead Levels in							
	Children (>=10 micrograms							
1.03	per deciliter)	percent	0.2		0.5		2020	19
	Substantiated Child Abuse							
0.92	Rate	cases/ 1,000 children	3.9	8.7	6.8		2020	3

	Projected Child Food					
0.75	Insecurity Rate	percent	14.8	18.5	2021	10
0.67	Child Food Insecurity Rate	percent	13.4	17.4 14.6	2019	10

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	COMMUNITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Alcohol-Impaired Driving	percent of driving deaths						
2.72	Deaths	with alcohol involvement	50	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9
	Workers who Walk to							
2.64	Work	percent	1.2		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1
		membership						
		associations/ 10,000						
2.31	Social Associations	population	8.7		11	9.3	2018	9
	Workers who Drive Alone							
2.19	to Work	percent	86.6		82.9	76.3	2015-2019	1
		crimes/ 100,000						
1.67	Violent Crime Rate	population	234.5		303.5	394	2017	18
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate							
	due to Motor Vehicle	deaths/ 100,000						
1.50	Collisions	population	2.6		2.8	2.5	2015-2019	5
	Workers Commuting by							
1.44	Public Transportation	percent	1	5.3	1.6	5	2015-2019	1
1.36	Linguistic Isolation	percent	1.4		1.4	4.4	2015-2019	1
	Solo Drivers with a Long							
1.36	Commute	percent	32.3		31.1	37	2015-2019	9
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.33	Local Public Transportatior	-	120.9		121.7	148.8	2021	7
1.33	Single-Parent Households	percent	24		27.1	25.5	2015-2019	1
	0							

	Control and Francisco							
1.25	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	ranking	21				2021	9
1.23	People 25+ with a	ranking					2021	
	Bachelor's Degree or							
1,19	Higher	percent	27.4		28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1
	Households with Wireless	percent			20.0	02.12	2010 2015	
1.17	Phone Service	percent	96.7		96.8	97	2020	8
	Mean Travel Time to Work	minutes	23.5		23.7	26.9	2015-2019	1
1.14		minutes	25.5		25.7	20.9	2013-2019	<b>T</b>
1 02	Voter Turnout: Presidential Election	noroont	80.3		74		2020	20
1.03		percent	80.3		/4		2020	20
1 00	Adults with Internet		05		04 5	05	2024	0
1.00	Access	percent	95		94.5	95	2021	8
	Households with a	_	~~ ~		~ ~ ~			
1.00	Smartphone	percent	80.6		80.5	81.9	2021	8
	Households with No Car							
	and Low Access to a		_					
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.6				2015	23
	Youth not in School or							
0.97	Working	percent	1.4		1.8	1.9	2015-2019	1
0.92	People 65+ Living Alone	percent	26.2		28.8	26.1	2015-2019	1
	Substantiated Child Abuse							
0.92	Rate	cases/ 1,000 children	3.9	8.7	6.8		2020	3
	Households with a							
0.83	Computer	percent	86.6		85.2	86.3	2021	8
	Households with an							
0 83	Internet Subscription	percent	86.5		82.4	83	2015-2019	1
0.05	Households with One or	percent	00.5		02.4	05	2013 2013	
0.85	More Types of Computing Devices	percent	90.9		89.1	90.3	2015-2019	1
0.05	DEVICES	μετιεπι	50.5		03.1	50.5	2013-2013	T

	Persons with an Internet							
0.83	Subscription	percent	90.2		86.2	86.2	2015-2019	1
	Children Living Below							
0.64	Poverty Level	percent	11.6		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	1
	Young Children Living							
0.64	Below Poverty Level	percent	12.1		23	20.3	2015-2019	1
0.42	Per Capita Income	dollars	34409		31552	34103	2015-2019	1
	People Living Below							
0.39	Poverty Level	percent	8.1	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	1
0.36	Homeownership	percent	69.5		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	1
	Households without a							
0.25	Vehicle	percent	4.6		7.9	8.6	2015-2019	1
0.25	Median Household Income	dollars	64466		56602	62843	2015-2019	1

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	DIABETES	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.47	Adults 20+ with Diabetes	percent	8.6				2019	5
	Diabetes: Medicare							
1.14	Population	percent	25.6		27.2	27	2018	6
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000						
0.50	due to Diabetes	population	17.3		25.3	21.5	2017-2019	5

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ECONOMY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.00	Homeowner Expenses	per consumer unit	8502.5		7828	8900.1	2021	7
1.69	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.7				2017	23

1.67	Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	7.6			2015	23
1.64	Size of Labor Force	persons	119998			44440	21
1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1			2016	23
	Households that are Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed						
1.33	(ALICE)	percent	23.6	24.5		2018	25
	Mortgaged Owners Spending 30% or More of Household Income on						
1.28	Housing	percent	22.9	19.7	26.5	2019	1
1.25	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	ranking	21			2021	9
1.17	Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program	percent	20.4			2019-2020	13
1.14	Overcrowded Households	percent of households	1	1.4		2015-2019	1
1.00	Households that are Above the Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed (ALICE) Threshold	percent	69.2	61.6		2018	25
1.00	Households that are Below the Federal Poverty Level	percent	7.2	13.8		2018	25
	Youth not in School or						
0.97	Working	percent	1.4	1.8	1.9	2015-2019	1
0.92	Projected Food Insecurity Rate	percent	11.8	14.1		2021	10

	Adults who Feel Overwhelmed by Financial							
0.83	Burdens	percent	13.9		14.6	14.4	2021	8
).83	Food Insecurity Rate	percent	10.8		13.2	10.9	2019	10
0.83	Households with a Savings Account	percent	71.3		68.8	70.2	2021	8
).75	Projected Child Food Insecurity Rate	percent	14.8		18.5		2021	10
0.69	Renters Spending 30% or More of Household Income on Rent	percent	40.4		44.9	49.6	2015-2019	1
0.67	Child Food Insecurity Rate	percent	13.4		17.4	14.6	2019	10
0.67	Income Inequality		0.4		0.5	0.5	2015-2019	1
0.64	Children Living Below Poverty Level	percent	11.6		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	1
).64	Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	percent	12.1		23	20.3	2015-2019	1
).50	Consumer Expenditures: Home Rental Expenses	average dollar amount per consumer unit	3322.9		3798.7	5460.2	2021	7
0.42	Per Capita Income	dollars	34409		31552	34103	2015-2019	1
).42	Severe Housing Problems	percent	11.2		13.7	18	2013-2017	9
).39	People Living Below Poverty Level	percent	8.1	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	1
0.36	Homeownership	percent	69.5		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	1
).36	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	percent	6.2		8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1
).36	Persons with Disability Living in Poverty (5-year)	percent	20.4		29.5	26.1	2015-2019	1

	Households with Cash							
0.25	Public Assistance Income	percent	1.7		2.9	2.4	2015-2019	1
0.25	Median Household Income	dollars	64466		56602	62843	2015-2019	1
	Unemployed Workers in							
0.25	Civilian Labor Force	percent	3.4		4.3	4.6	Sep-21	21
	Families Living Below							
0.08	Poverty Level	percent	5		9.9	9.5	2015-2019	1
	People Living 200% Above							
0.08	Poverty Level	percent	77.7		68.8	69.1	2015-2019	1
			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	_
SCORE	EDUCATION	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Sourc
	8th Grade Students							
2.14	Proficient in Math	percent	26.8		57.3		2018-2019	15
	8th Grade Students							
	Proficient in		04 <del>7</del>		50.0		2010 2010	4 -
2.00	English/Language Arts	percent	21.7		58.3		2018-2019	15
1.86	Student-to-Teacher Ratio	students/ teacher	18.5				2019-2020	13
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.83	Childcare	per consumer unit	315		301.6	368.2	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.83	Education	per consumer unit	1212.2		1200.4	1492.4	2021	7
	4th Grade Students							
1.36	Proficient in Math	percent	75		74.3		2018-2019	15
	People 25+ with a							
1 10	Bachelor's Degree or	t	27.4		20.2	22.4	2015 2010	1
1.19	Higher	percent	27.4		28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1
1.17	High School Graduation	percent	93.7	90.7	92		2019-2020	15

	4th Grade Students					
	Proficient in					
0.58	English/Language Arts	percent	81.3	63.3	2018-2019	15

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.00	Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	8				2015	23
2.00	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.9				2015	23
1.83	Fast Food Restaurant Density	restaurants/ 1,000 population	0.8				2016	23
1.75	Annual Ozone Air Quality		F				2017-2019	2
1.69	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.7				2017	23
1.67	Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	7.6				2015	23
1.58	Adults with Current Asthma	percent	9.8			8.9	2019	4
1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1				2016	23
1.36	Grocery Store Density	stores/ 1,000 population	0.2				2016	23
1.36	Number of Extreme Heat Days	days	13				2019	14
1.36	Number of Extreme Heat Events	events	6				2019	14
1.36	Number of Extreme Precipitation Days	days	34				2019	14
1.36	Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air	pounds	34566.1				2020	24

SCORE	HEALTH CARE ACCESS &	UNITS	LAKE COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
0.42	Severe Housing Problems	percent	11.2		13.7	18	2013-2017	9
0.53	Houses Built Prior to 1950	percent	15		26.2	17.5	2015-2019	1
0.83	Access to Exercise Opportunities	percent	90.9		83.9	84	2020	9
0.92	Asthma: Medicare Population	percent	4.5		4.8	5	2018	6
1.00	Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	1.6				2015	23
1.03	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=10 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	0.2		0.5		2020	19
1.14		percent of households	8		1.4	7.8	2021	9
1.14	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=5 micrograms per deciliter) Food Environment Index	percent index	0.8		1.9	7.8	2020 2021	19
1.17	Recreation and Fitness Facilities	facilities/ 1,000 population	0.1				2016	23
1.25	Physical Environment Ranking	ranking	2				2021	9
	Annual Particle Pollution	population	A		0.0	10.0	2017-2019	2
1.31		stores/ 100,000 population	6.5		5.6	10.5	2019	22
1.33	Farmers Market Density	markets/ 1,000 population	0				2018	23

2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Health Insurance	average dollar amount per consumer unit	4910.2	4371.7 4321.1	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1242.3	1098.6 1047.4	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	average dollar amount per consumer unit	229.2	204.8 194.9	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non- Prescription Drugs	average dollar amount per consumer unit	716.9	638.9 609.6	2021	7
2.33	Primary Care Provider Rate	providers/ 100,000 population	43	76.7	2018	9
1.67	Persons without Health Insurance	percent	5.9	6.6	2019	1
1.42	Clinical Care Ranking Children with Health	ranking	25		2021	9
1.33	Insurance	percent	95.7	95.2 94.3	2019	1
1.33	Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate	providers/ 100,000 population	69.1	108.9	2020	9
1.25	Adults who have had a Routine Checkup	percent	78.3	76.6	2019	4
1.17	Mental Health Provider Rate	providers/ 100,000 population	216	261.3	2020	9
0.92	Dentist Rate	dentists/ 100,000 population	68.7	64.2	2019	9
0.83	Adults who Visited a Dentist	percent	53.9	51.6 52.9	2021	8
0.83	Adults with Health Insurance: 18+	percent	91.4	90.2 90.6	2021	8

	Adults without Health							
0.75	Insurance	percent	11.2			13	2019	4
CORE	HEART DISEASE & STROKE	UNITS	LAKE COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Sourc
	Atrial Fibrillation:							
2.64	Medicare Population	percent	10		9	8.4	2018	6
2.31	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	percent	52.4		49.4	47.7	2018	6
1.81	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	percent	28.5		27.5	26.8	2018	6
1.69	Stroke: Medicare Population	percent	4		3.8	3.8	2018	6
1.58	High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 18+	percent	33.7			33.6	2019	4
1.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	107.6	71.1	101.4	90.5	2017-2019	5
1.42	Adults who Experienced Coronary Heart Disease	percent	7.2			6.2	2019	4
1.33	High Blood Pressure Prevalence	percent	34.1	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.31	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	percent	13.8		14.7	14	2018	6
1.31	Hypertension: Medicare Population	percent	57.9		59.5	57.2	2018	6
	Adults who Experienced a Stroke	percent	3.6			3.4	2019	4

	Adults who Have Taken							
	Medications for High Blood							_
1.25	Pressure	percent	78.4			76.2	2019	4
1.25	Cholesterol Test History	percent	86.3			87.6	2019	4
0.86	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	deaths/ 100,000 population	35.9	33.4	42.5	37.2	2017-2019	5
0.86	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Attack	deaths/ 100,000 population 35+ years	42.4		55.4		2019	14
	IMMUNIZATIONS &		LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE		UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.53	COVID-19 Daily Average Case-Fatality Rate	deaths per 100 cases	0.2		0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
1.50	Gonorrhea Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	83.9		224	187.8	2019	16
1.25	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	0.4	1.4	1.1		2020	16
1.22	Chlamydia Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	307.7		561.9	551	2019	16
1.14	Overcrowded Households	percent of households	1		1.4		2015-2019	1
1.06	Salmonella Infection Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	11.3	11.1	12.9		2018	16
1.03	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	deaths/ 100,000 population	13		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5

	Persons Fully Vaccinated					
0.58	Against COVID-19	percent	63.8		28-Jan-22	5
	COVID-19 Daily Average	cases per 100,000				
0.08	Incidence Rate	population	30.1	128.4 177.3	28-Jan-22	11

SCORE	MATERNAL, FETAL & INFANT HEALTH	UNITS	LAKE COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
1.83	Consumer Expenditures: Childcare	average dollar amount per consumer unit	315		301.6	368.2	2021	7
1.28	Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care	percent	70.3		68.9	76.1	2020	17
1.19	Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy	percent	9.6	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17
1.03	Teen Pregnancy Rate	pregnancies/ 1,000 females aged 15-17	16.9		19.5		2016	17
0.97	Preterm Births	percent	8.5	9.4	10.3		2020	17
		live births/ 1,000 females						
0.86	Teen Birth Rate: 15-17	aged 15-17	1.4		6.8		2020	17
0.78	Babies with Low Birth Weight	percent	6.8		8.5	8.2	2020	17
	Babies with Very Low Birth							
0.78	Weight	percent	1.1		1.4	1.3	2020	17
0.78	Infant Mortality Rate	deaths/ 1,000 live births	1.8	5	6.9		2019	17
	MEDICATIONS &		LAKE				MEASUREMENT	

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SCORE	PRESCRIPTIONS	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD So	Source
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.50	Medical Services	per consumer unit	1242.3		1098.6	1047.4	2021	7

2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	average dollar amount per consumer unit	229.2		204.8	194.9	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non- Prescription Drugs	average dollar amount per consumer unit	716.9		638.9	609.6	2021	7
SCORE	MENTAL HEALTH &	UNITS	LAKE COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
	Depression: Medicare							
1.64	Population	percent	19.2		20.4	18.4	2018	6
1.56	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	deaths/ 100,000 population	14.4	12.8	15.1	14.1	2017-2019	5
1.42	Poor Mental Health: 14+ Days	percent	15			13.6	2019	4
1.25	Adults Ever Diagnosed with Depression	percent	20.6			18.8	2019	4
1.17	Mental Health Provider Rate	providers/ 100,000 population	216		261.3		2020	9
1.17	Poor Mental Health: Average Number of Days	days	4.5		4.8	4.1	2018	9
1.02	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare	norcont	0.0		10.4	10.9	2019	6
1.03	Population Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good	percent	9.9		10.4	10.8	2018	6
0.83	or Better	percent	86.8		85.6	86.5	2021	8
0.36	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	25.9		34	30.5	2017-2019	5

	<b>NUTRITION &amp; HEALTHY</b>		LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	EATING	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.17	High Sugar Foods	per consumer unit	554.5		519	530.2	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.00	Fast Food Restaurants	per consumer unit	1589.1		1461	1638.9	2021	7
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.83	High Sugar Beverages	per consumer unit	329.7		319.7	357	2021	7
	Adults Who Frequently							
	Used Quick Service							
1.00	Restaurants: Past 30 Days	Percent	40.6		41.5	41.2	2021	8
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.00	Fruits and Vegetables	per consumer unit	919.9		864.6	1002.1	2021	7
	Adult Sugar-Sweetened							
	Beverage Consumption:							
0.83	Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	OLDER ADULTS	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000						
2.92	due to Falls	population	17.3		10.5	9.5	2017-2019	5
	Osteoporosis: Medicare							
2.92	Population	percent	8.2		6.2	6.6	2018	6
	Atrial Fibrillation:							
2.64	Medicare Population	percent	10		9	8.4	2018	6
	Cancer: Medicare							
2.64	Population	percent	9.2		8.4	8.4	2018	6

	Rheumatoid Arthritis or							
	Osteoarthritis: Medicare							
2.47	Population	percent	37.4		36.1	33.5	2018	6
	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare							
2.31	Population	percent	52.4		49.4	47.7	2018	6
	People 65+ with Low							
2.00	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.9				2015	23
	Ischemic Heart Disease:							
1.81	Medicare Population	percent	28.5		27.5	26.8	2018	6
1.75	Adults with Arthritis	percent	30.2			25.1	2019	4
	Stroke: Medicare							
1.69	Population	percent	4		3.8	3.8	2018	6
	Depression: Medicare							
1.64	Population	percent	19.2		20.4	18.4	2018	6
1.50	Colon Cancer Screening	percent	64.2	74.4		66.4	2018	4
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
1.50	Eldercare	per consumer unit	22.3		20.5	34.3	2021	7
	COPD: Medicare							
1.50	Population	percent	12.4		13.2	11.5	2018	6
	Chronic Kidney Disease:							
1.42	Medicare Population	percent	22.8		25.3	24.5	2018	6
	Heart Failure: Medicare							
1.31	Population	percent	13.8		14.7	14	2018	6
	Hypertension: Medicare						2010	-
1.31	Population	percent	57.9		59.5	57.2	2018	6
1 1 0	Diabetes: Medicare	noroont	2F C		27.2	27	2018	~
1.14	Population	percent	25.6		27.2	27	2018	6

	Adults 65+ who Received Recommended Preventive						
1.08	Services: Females	percent	32.9		28.4	2018	4
1.03	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	percent	9.9	10.4	10.8	2018	6
1.05	Adults 65+ who Received Recommended Preventive	percent	5.5	10.4	10.0	2018	0
0.92	Services: Males	percent	34.4		32.4	2018	4
0.92	Adults 65+ with Total Tooth Loss	percent	13.2		13.5	2018	4
0.01	Asthma: Medicare	percent	1012		2010	2010	· ·
0.92	Population	percent	4.5	4.8	5	2018	6
0.92	People 65+ Living Alone	percent	26.2	28.8	26.1	2015-2019	1
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000					
0.36	due to Alzheimer's Disease	population	25.9	34	30.5	2017-2019	5
0.36	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	percent	6.2	8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ORAL HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.92	Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	12.6		12.2	11.9	2014-2018	12
0.92	Adults 65+ with Total Tooth Loss	percent	13.2			13.5	2018	4
0.92	Dentist Rate	dentists/ 100,000 population	68.7		64.2		2019	9
0.83	Adults who Visited a Dentist	percent	53.9		51.6	52.9	2021	8

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	OTHER CONDITIONS	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Osteoporosis: Medicare							
2.92	Population	percent	8.2		6.2	6.6	2018	6
	Rheumatoid Arthritis or							
	Osteoarthritis: Medicare		-					_
2.47	Population	percent	37.4		36.1	33.5	2018	6
1.75	Adults with Arthritis	percent	30.2			25.1	2019	4
	Chronic Kidney Disease:							
1.42	Medicare Population	percent	22.8		25.3	24.5	2018	6
0.92	Adults with Kidney Disease	Percent of adults	3.1			3.1	2019	4
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000						
0.64	due to Kidney Disease	population	10.2		14.5	12.9	2017-2019	5

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	_
SCORE	PHYSICAL ACTIVITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Workers who Walk to							
2.64	Work	percent	1.2		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1
	Children with Low Access							
2.00	to a Grocery Store	percent	8				2015	23
	People 65+ with Low							
2.00	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.9				2015	23
	Fast Food Restaurant	restaurants/ 1,000						
1.83	Density	population	0.8				2016	23
1.69	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.7				2017	23
1.67	Adults 20+ who are Obese	percent	30	36			2019	5

1.07	Low-Income and Low		7.0				2015	22
1.67	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	7.6				2015	23
1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/1,000 population	0.1				2016	23
1.36	Grocery Store Density	stores/ 1,000 population	0.2				2016	23
		markets/ 1,000						
1.33	Farmers Market Density	population	0				2018	23
1.25	Health Behaviors Ranking	ranking	12				2021	9
	Recreation and Fitness	facilities/ 1,000						
1.17	Facilities	population	0.1				2016	23
1.14	Food Environment Index	index	8		6.8	7.8	2021	9
	Adults 20+ who are							
1.03	Sedentary	percent	20.4				2019	5
	Households with No Car							
	and Low Access to a							
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.6				2015	23
	Access to Exercise							
0.83	Opportunities	percent	90.9		83.9	84	2020	9
	Adult Sugar-Sweetened							
	Beverage Consumption:							
0.83	Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	PREVENTION & SAFETY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000		111 2030	51110	0.5.		
2.92	due to Falls	population	17.3		10.5	9.5	2017-2019	5
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	<b>, ,</b>						
	due to Unintentional	deaths/ 100,000						
								_

71.4

43.2

68.8

48.9

2017-2019

5

population

2.39 Injuries

2.14	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	deaths/ 100,000 population	40.2	40.2	21.4	2017-2019	5
2.14	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	deaths/ 100,000 population	36.9	38.1	21	2017-2019	9
1.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	deaths/ 100,000 population	2.6	2.8	2.5	2015-2019	5
0.42	Severe Housing Problems	percent	11.2	13.7	18	2013-2017	9

9	SCORE	RESPIRATORY DISEASES	UNITS	LAKE COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
	1.58	Adults with COPD	Percent of adults	8.7			6.6	2019	4
	1.58	Adults with Current Asthma	percent	9.8			8.9	2019	4
	1.53	COVID-19 Daily Average Case-Fatality Rate	deaths per 100 cases	0.2		0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
	1.50	COPD: Medicare Population	percent	12.4		13.2	11.5	2018	6
	1.44	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	43.9	25.1	45	36.7	2015-2019	12
	1.42	Adults who Smoke	percent	21.1	5	21.4	17	2018	9
	1.33	Consumer Expenditures: Tobacco and Legal Marijuana	average dollar amount per consumer unit	462.7		487.9	422.4	2021	7
	1.25	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	66.3		67.3	57.3	2014-2018	12
	1.25	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	0.4	1.4	1.1		2020	16

	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and	deaths/ 100,000						
1 03	Pneumonia	population	13		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5
1.05	Asthma: Medicare	ροραιατισπ	15		14.4	13.0	2017-2019	J
0 92	Population	percent	4.5		4.8	5	2018	6
0.52	Adults Who Used		4.5		4.0	J	2018	0
	Electronic Cigarettes: Past							
0.83	30 Days	percent	3.9		4.3	4.1	2021	8
0.85	Adults Who Used		5.5		4.5	4.1	2021	0
	Smokeless Tobacco: Past							
0.67	30 Days	percent	1.9		2.2	2	2021	8
0.07	·		1.5		2.2	2	2021	0
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower	deaths/ 100,000						
0 5 2	Respiratory Diseases	population	39.6		47.8	39.6	2017-2019	5
0.55			59.0		47.0	59.0	2017-2019	
0.00	COVID-19 Daily Average	cases per 100,000	20.1		120 4	177.0	20 100 22	11
0.08	Incidence Rate	population	30.1		128.4	177.3	28-Jan-22	11
							_	
			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	_
SCORE	TOBACCO USE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.42	Adults who Smoke	percent	21.1	5	21.4	17	2018	9
	Consumer Expenditures:							
	Tobacco and Legal	average dollar amount						
1.33	Marijuana	per consumer unit	462.7		487.9	422.4	2021	7
	Adults Who Used							
	Electronic Cigarettes: Past							
0.83	30 Days	percent	3.9		4.3	4.1	2021	8
	Adults Who Used							
	Smokeless Tobacco: Past							
0.67	30 Days	percent	1.9		2.2	2	2021	8

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	WELLNESS & LIFESTYLE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.00	Consumer Expenditures: Fast Food Restaurants	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1589.1		1461	1638.9	2021	7
1.42	Insufficient Sleep	percent	38.4	31.4	40.6	35	2018	9
1.33	High Blood Pressure Prevalence	percent	34.1	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.25	Morbidity Ranking		9				2021	9
1.25	Poor Physical Health: 14+ Days	percent	13.3			12.5	2019	4
1.17	Life Expectancy	years	78.5		77	79.2	2017-2019	9
1.08	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	percent	18.3			18.6	2019	4
1.00	Adults Who Frequently Used Quick Service Restaurants: Past 30 Days	Percent	40.6		41.5	41.2	2021	8
	Poor Physical Health: Average Number of Days	days	3.8		4.1	3.7	2018	9
0.83	Adult Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption: Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
0.83	Adults who Agree Vaccine Benefits Outweigh Possible Risks	Percent	50		48.6	49.4	2021	8
	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good							
0.83	or Better	percent	86.8		85.6	86.5	2021	8

			LAKE				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	WOMEN'S HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Breast Cancer Incidence							
2.31	Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	139.4		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	12
	Cervical Cancer Incidence							
2.00	Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	8.1		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	12
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate							
1.44	due to Breast Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 females	20.9	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	12
	Mammogram in Past 2							
1.44	Years: 50-74	percent	73.3	77.1		74.8	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer Screening:							
0.89	21-65	Percent	85.4	84.3		84.7	2018	4

Lake County Data Sources

- Key Data Source Name
  - 1 American Community Survey
  - 2 American Lung Association
  - 3 Annie E. Casey Foundation
  - 4 CDC · PLACES
  - 5 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
  - 6 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
  - 7 Claritas Consumer Buying Power
  - 8 Claritas Consumer Profiles
  - 9 County Health Rankings
  - 10 Feeding America
  - 11 Healthy Communities Institute
  - 12 National Cancer Institute
  - 13 National Center for Education Statistics
  - 14 National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network
  - 15 Ohio Department of Education
  - 16 Ohio Department of Health, Infectious Diseases
  - 17 Ohio Department of Health, Vital Statistics Ohio Department of Public Safety, Office of Criminal Justice
  - 18 Services
  - 19 Ohio Public Health Information Warehouse
  - 20 Ohio Secretary of State
  - 21 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
  - 22 U.S. Census County Business Patterns
  - 23 U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Environment Atlas
  - 24 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

## 25 United For ALICE

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ALCOHOL & DRUG USE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.58	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths	percent of driving deaths with alcohol involvement	40.7	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.50	Alcoholic Beverages	per consumer unit	821.2		651.5	701.9	2021	7
1.92	Adults who Binge Drink	percent	17.6			16.7	2019	4
	Adults who Drink							
1.33	Excessively	percent	18.5		18.5	19	2018	9
	Age-Adjusted Drug and Opioid-Involved Overdose	Deaths per 100,000						
1.25	Death Rate	population	25.1		42	22.8	2017-2019	5
1.25	Health Behaviors Ranking		4				2021	9
	Mothers who Smoked							
1.19	During Pregnancy	percent	6.9	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17
	Death Rate due to Drug	deaths/ 100,000						
1.14	Poisoning	population	20.1		38.1	21	2017-2019	9
		stores/ 100,000						
0.08	Liquor Store Density	population	1.7		5.9	10.6	2018	22
			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CANCER	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Prostate Cancer Incidence							
2.64	Rate	cases/ 100,000 males	135.8		107.2	106.2	2014-2018	12

	Breast Cancer Incidence							
2.58	Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	134.7		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	1
2.58	Cancer: Medicare Population	percent	9		8.4	8.4	2018	(
2.25	All Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	486.3		467.5	448.6	2014-2018	1
1.92	Adults with Cancer	percent	8.3			7.1	2019	
1.42	Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	11.4		12.2	11.9	2014-2018	1
1.25	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 males	18.6	16.9	19.4	18.9	2015-2019	1
1.03	Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	38.8		41.3	38	2014-2018	1
0.94	Colon Cancer Screening	percent	68.2	74.4		66.4	2018	
0.94	Mammogram in Past 2 Years: 50-74	percent	74.8	77.1		74.8	2018	
0.89	Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	5.1		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	1
0.89	Cervical Cancer Screening: 21-65	Percent	86.8	84.3		84.7	2018	
0.86	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	57.4		67.3	57.3	2014-2018	1
0.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 females	18.2	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	1
0.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	149	122.7	169.4	152.4	2015-2019	1
0.61	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	36.5	25.1	45	36.7	2015-2019	1

	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000						
0.44	due to Colorectal Cancer	population	11.4	8.9	14.8	13.4	2015-2019	12
			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	CHILDREN'S HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.33	Childcare	per consumer unit	403.8		301.6	368.2	2021	7
2.33		per consumer unit	403.8		301.0	308.2	2021	/
	Children with Low Access							
1.83	to a Grocery Store	percent	6.8				2015	23
	Substantiated Child Abuse							
1.72	Rate	cases/ 1,000 children	7.4	8.7	6.8		2020	3
	Children with Health							
1.33	Insurance	percent	95.4		95.2	94.3	2019	1
	Blood Lead Levels in							
	Children (>=10							
1.14	micrograms per deciliter)	percent	0.2		0.5		2020	19
	Blood Lead Levels in							
	Children (>=5 micrograms							
1.14	per deciliter)	percent	0.6		1.9		2020	19
	Projected Child Food	<b>i</b>						
0.75	Insecurity Rate	percent	11.7		18.5		2021	10
		•						
0.50	Child Food Insecurity Rate	percent	10.6		17.4	14.6	2019	10
			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	COMMUNITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Workers who Walk to							
2.64	Work	percent	0.9		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1
		P						

2.58	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths	percent of driving deaths with alcohol involvement	40.7	28.3	32.2	27	2015-2019	9
2.36	Solo Drivers with a Long Commute	percent	43.4		31.1	37	2015-2019	9
2.22	Workers Commuting by Public Transportation	percent	0.3	5.3	1.6	5	2015-2019	1
2.19	Workers who Drive Alone to Work	percent	86.9		82.9	76.3	2015-2019	1
2.17	Consumer Expenditures: Local Public Transportation	average dollar amount per consumer unit	134.3		121.7	148.8	2021	7
		membership associations/						
2.14	Social Associations	10,000 population	9.4		11	9.3	2018	9
2.03	Mean Travel Time to Work	minutes	27.3		23.7	26.9	2015-2019	1
1.72	Substantiated Child Abuse Rate	cases/ 1,000 children	7.4	8.7	6.8		2020	Э
1.25	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	ranking	6				2021	ç
1.19	People 65+ Living Alone	percent	26.3		28.8	26.1	2015-2019	1
1.00	Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store	percent	1.3				2015	2
1.00	Households with Wireless Phone Service	percent	97		96.8	97	2020	ξ
0.97	Linguistic Isolation	percent	0.5		1.4	4.4	2015-2019	1
0.97	Adults with Internet	ρειζεπ	0.5		1.4	4.4	2013-2019	L
0.83	Adults with Internet Access	percent	95.8		94.5	95	2021	8

	Households with a							
0.83	Computer	percent	88.7		85.2	86.3	2021	8
	Households with a							
0.83	Smartphone	percent	82.9		80.5	81.9	2021	8
	Households with an							
0.83	Internet Subscription	percent	87.6		82.4	83	2015-2019	
	Households with One or							
	More Types of Computing							
0.83	Devices	percent	93.4		89.1	90.3	2015-2019	
	Persons with an Internet							
0.83	Subscription	percent	90.5		86.2	86.2	2015-2019	
	Young Children Living							
0.64	Below Poverty Level	percent	11.3		23	20.3	2015-2019	
		crimes/ 100,000						
0.61	Violent Crime Rate	population	41.6		303.5	394	2017	1
	Voter Turnout:							
0.58	Presidential Election	percent	82		74		2020	2
	Youth not in School or							
0.53	Working	percent	0.6		1.8	1.9	2015-2019	
	Children Living Below							
0.36	Poverty Level	percent	8.1		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	
0.36	Homeownership	percent	76.1		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	
	Households without a							
0.36	Vehicle	percent	4.1		7.9	8.6	2015-2019	
0.36	Single-Parent Households	percent	16		27.1	25.5	2015-2019	
	People Living Below							
0.28	Poverty Level	percent	6	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	-

0.25	People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	percent	33.9	28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1
	Median Household						
0.08	Income	dollars	76600	56602	62843	2015-2019	1
0.08	Per Capita Income	dollars	37788	31552	34103	2015-2019	1

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	DIABETES	UNITS	COUNTY H	IP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.50	Adults 20+ with Diabetes	percent	9.2				2019	5
0.81	Diabetes: Medicare Population	percent	23.9		27.2	27	2018	6
0.36	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	deaths/ 100,000 population	18.8		25.3	21.5	2017-2019	5

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	ECONOMY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
2.33	Homeowner Expenses	per consumer unit	9561.5		7828	8900.1	2021	7
1.86	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.6				2017	23
1.64	Size of Labor Force	persons	93296				44440	21
1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1				2016	23
	Low-Income and Low							
1.33	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.2				2015	23
	Social and Economic							
1.25	Factors Ranking	ranking	6				2021	9
1.03	Overcrowded Households	percent of households	1.1		1.4		2015-2019	1

	Households that are						
	Above the Asset Limited,						
	Income Constrained,						
	Employed (ALICE)						
1.00	Threshold	percent	73.7	61.6		2018	25
	Households that are Asset						
	Limited, Income						
	Constrained, Employed						
1.00	(ALICE)	percent	19.3	24.5		2018	25
	Households that are						
	Below the Federal Poverty						
1.00	Level	percent	7	13.8		2018	25
	Adults who Feel						
	Overwhelmed by Financial						
0.83	Burdens	percent	13.2	14.6	14.4	2021	8
	Households with a Savings						
0.83	Account	percent	74.1	68.8	70.2	2021	8
	Renters Spending 30% or						
	More of Household						
0.83	Income on Rent	percent	39.1	44.9	49.6	2015-2019	1
	Projected Child Food						
0.75	Insecurity Rate	percent	11.7	18.5		2021	10
	Projected Food Insecurity	p					
0.75	Rate	percent	10.1	14.1		2021	10
0.67	Income Inequality	<b>F</b>	0.4	0.5	0.5	2015-2019	1
0.07	· · · ·		0.4	0.5	0.5	2013-2013	<u> </u>
	People 65+ Living Below	_		• •			
0.64	Poverty Level	percent	5.2	8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1
	Young Children Living						
0.64	Below Poverty Level	percent	11.3	23	20.3	2015-2019	1

	Students Eligible for the							
0.58	Free Lunch Program	percent	15.8				2019-2020	13
	Youth not in School or							
0.53	Working	percent	0.6		1.8	1.9	2015-2019	1
0.50	Child Food Insecurity Rate	percent	10.6		17.4	14.6	2019	10
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount						
0.50	Home Rental Expenses	per consumer unit	3057.8		3798.7	5460.2	2021	7
0.50	Food Insecurity Rate	percent	9.3		13.2	10.9	2019	1
	Persons with Disability							
0.50	Living in Poverty (5-year)	percent	16.4		29.5	26.1	2015-2019	1
	Children Living Below							
0.36	Poverty Level	percent	8.1		19.9	18.5	2015-2019	1
	Families Living Below							
0.36	Poverty Level	percent	4.1		9.9	9.5	2015-2019	1
0.36	Homeownership	percent	76.1		59.4	56.2	2015-2019	1
	Households with Cash							
0.36	Public Assistance Income	percent	1.2		2.9	2.4	2015-2019	-
	Mortgaged Owners							
	Spending 30% or More of							
	Household Income on							
0.33	Housing	percent	16.4		19.7	26.5	2019	-
	People Living Below							
0.28	Poverty Level	percent	6	8	14	13.4	2015-2019	1
0.25	Severe Housing Problems	percent	10.4		13.7	18	2013-2017	ç
	Unemployed Workers in							
0.25	Civilian Labor Force	percent	3.1		4.3	4.6	Sep-21	2
	Median Household							
0.08	Income	dollars	76600		56602	62843	2015-2019	1

	People Living 200% Above						
0.08	Poverty Level	percent	82.8	68.8	69.1	2015-2019	1
0.08	Per Capita Income	dollars	37788	31552	34103	2015-2019	1

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	EDUCATION	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.33	Consumer Expenditures: Childcare	average dollar amount per consumer unit	403.8		301.6	368.2	2021	7
2.17	Consumer Expenditures: Education	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1490.7		1200.4	1492.4	2021	7
1.58	Student-to-Teacher Ratio	students/ teacher	18.3				2019-2020	13
1.50	8th Grade Students Proficient in Math	percent	62.1		57.3		2018-2019	15
1.00	4th Grade Students Proficient in Math	percent	86.3		74.3		2018-2019	15
0.86	4th Grade Students Proficient in English/Language Arts	percent	79		63.3		2018-2019	15
0.72	High School Graduation	percent	96.3	90.7	92		2019-2020	15
0.58	8th Grade Students Proficient in English/Language Arts	percent	74		58.3		2018-2019	15
0.25	People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	percent	33.9		28.3	32.1	2015-2019	1
SCORE	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source

2.00	Grocery Store Density	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1			2016	23
1.86	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.6			2017	23
	Children with Low Access						
1.83	to a Grocery Store	percent	6.8			2015	23
	Fast Food Restaurant	restaurants/ 1,000					
1.81	Density	population	0.7			2016	23
	People 65+ with Low						
1.50	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	2.5			2015	23
1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1			2016	23
	Number of Extreme Heat						
1.36	Days	days	14			2019	14
	Number of Extreme						
1.36	Precipitation Days	days	28			2019	14
1.36	PBT Released	pounds	676.8			2020	24
	Recognized Carcinogens						
1.36	Released into Air	pounds	447			2020	24
	Weeks of Moderate						
1.36	Drought or Worse	weeks per year	1			2020	14
		markets/ 1,000					
1.33	Farmers Market Density	population	0			2018	23
	Low-Income and Low						
1.33	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.2			2015	23
	Adults with Current						
1.25	Asthma	percent	9.4		8.9	2019	4
	Physical Environment						_
1.25	Ranking	ranking	10			2021	9
	Asthma: Medicare		47		-	2010	c
1.19	Population	percent	4.7	4.8	5	2018	6

	Blood Lead Levels in						
1.14	Children (>=10 micrograms per deciliter)	percent	0.2	0.5		2020	19
	Blood Lead Levels in Children (>=5 micrograms						
1.14	per deciliter)	percent	0.6	1.9		2020	19
1.11	Annual Ozone Air Quality		А			2017-2019	2
1.11	Annual Particle Pollution		А			2017-2019	2
1.03	Overcrowded Households	percent of households	1.1	1.4		2015-2019	1
	Households with No Car and Low Access to a						
1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.3			2015	23
1.00	Recreation and Fitness Facilities	facilities/ 1,000 population	0.1			2016	23
0.83	Access to Exercise Opportunities	percent	92.1	83.9	84	2020	9
0.53	Houses Built Prior to 1950	percent	12.5	26.2	17.5	2015-2019	1
0.36	Food Environment Index	index	8.6	6.8	7.8	2021	9
0.25	Severe Housing Problems	percent	10.4	13.7	18	2013-2017	9
0.08	Liquor Store Density	stores/ 100,000 population	1.7	5.9	10.6	2018	22

	HEALTH CARE ACCESS &		MEDINA				Г	
SCORE	QUALITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Health Insurance	average dollar amount per consumer unit	5410.8		4371.7	4321.1	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1419.1		1098.6	1047.4	2021	7

2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	average dollar amount per consumer unit	259.4	204.8	194.9	2021	
	Consumer Expenditures:						
	Prescription and Non-	average dollar amount					
2.50	Prescription Drugs	per consumer unit	781.2	638.9	609.6	2021	
	Primary Care Provider	providers/ 100,000					
1.72	Rate	population	60.3	76.7		2018	
	Non-Physician Primary	providers/100,000					
1.50	Care Provider Rate	population	63.4	108.9		2020	
		dentists/ 100,000					
1.44	Dentist Rate	population	53.4	64.2		2019	
	Persons without Health						
1.39	Insurance	percent	4.3	6.6		2019	
	Adults with Health						
1.33	Insurance	percent	94.4	90.9	87.1	2019	
	Children with Health						
1.33	Insurance	percent	95.4	95.2	94.3	2019	
	Mental Health Provider	providers/100,000					
1.33	Rate	population	140.8	261.3		2020	
1.25	Clinical Care Ranking	ranking	4			2021	
	Adults who have had a						
0.92	Routine Checkup	percent	79.5		76.6	2019	
	Adults who Visited a						
0.83	Dentist	percent	56.6	51.6	52.9	2021	
	Adults with Health						
0.83	Insurance: 18+	percent	92.4	90.2	90.6	2021	
	Adults without Health						
0.75	Insurance	percent	9.5		13	2019	

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	-
SCORE	HEART DISEASE & STROKE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.31	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	percent	9.4		9	8.4	2018	6
1.81	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	percent	50		49.4	47.7	2018	6
1.42	Adults who Have Taken Medications for High Blood Pressure	percent	78			76.2	2019	4
1.33	High Blood Pressure Prevalence	percent	33.7	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.31	Hypertension: Medicare Population	percent	57.5		59.5	57.2	2018	6
1.28	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	deaths/ 100,000 population	34.1	33.4	42.5	37.2	2017-2019	5
1.25	Cholesterol Test History	percent	87.1			87.6	2019	4
1.08	Adults who Experienced Coronary Heart Disease	percent	6.6			6.2	2019	4
1.08	High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 18+	percent	32.8			33.6	2019	4
1.03	Stroke: Medicare Population	percent	3.5		3.8	3.8	2018	6
0.92	Adults who Experienced a Stroke	percent	3.2			3.4	2019	4

0.86	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Attack	deaths/ 100,000 population 35+ years	45.4		55.4		2019	14
0.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	83.7	71.1	101.4	90.5	2017-2019	5
0.69	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	percent	12.9		14.7	14	2018	6
0.69	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	percent	24.7		27.5	26.8	2018	6
SCORE	IMMUNIZATIONS & INFECTIOUS DISEASES	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
1.92	Salmonella Infection Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	16.2	11.1	12.9		2018	16
1.72	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	1.1	1.4	1.1		2020	16
1.03	Overcrowded Households	percent of households	1.1		1.4		2015-2019	1
0.89	Gonorrhea Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	43		224	187.8	2019	16
0.83	Adults who Agree Vaccine Benefits Outweigh Possible Risks	Percent	50.9		48.6	49.4	2021	8
0.75	Chlamydia Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	216.8		561.9	551	2019	16
0.58	Persons Fully Vaccinated Against COVID-19	percent	62.5				28-Jan-22	5
0.36	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	deaths/ 100,000 population	8		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5

	COVID-19 Daily Average						
0.08	Case-Fatality Rate	deaths per 100 cases	0	0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
	COVID-19 Daily Average	cases per 100,000					
0.08	Incidence Rate	population	56.4	128.4	177.3	28-Jan-22	11

	MATERNAL, FETAL &		MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	INFANT HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.33	Consumer Expenditures: Childcare	average dollar amount per consumer unit	403.8		301.6	368.2	2021	7
1.19	Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy	percent	6.9	4.3	11.5	5.5	2020	17
1.11	Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care	percent	74.7		68.9	76.1	2020	17
0.86	Teen Birth Rate: 15-17	live births/ 1,000 females aged 15-17	1.6		6.8		2020	17
0.86	Teen Pregnancy Rate	pregnancies/ 1,000 females aged 15-17	13.4		19.5		2016	17
0.78	Infant Mortality Rate	deaths/ 1,000 live births	1.8	5	6.9		2019	17
0.78	Preterm Births	percent	7.6	9.4	10.3		2020	17
0.75	Babies with Low Birth Weight	percent	5.7		8.5	8.2	2020	17
0.61	Babies with Very Low Birth Weight	percent	0.6		1.4	1.3	2020	17
SCORE	MEDICATIONS & PRESCRIPTIONS	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source

2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Services	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1419.1		1098.6	1047.4	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Medical Supplies	average dollar amount per consumer unit	259.4		204.8	194.9	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Prescription and Non- Prescription Drugs	average dollar amount per consumer unit	781.2		638.9	609.6	2021	7
SCORE	MENTAL HEALTH & MENTAL DISORDERS	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
1.92	Depression: Medicare Population	percent	19		20.4	18.4	2018	6
1.89	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	deaths/ 100,000 population	15.7	12.8	15.1	14.1	2017-2019	5
1.58	Adults Ever Diagnosed with Depression	percent	21.2			18.8	2019	4
1.33	Mental Health Provider Rate	providers/ 100,000 population	140.8		261.3		2020	9
1.25	Poor Mental Health: 14+ Days	percent	14.3			13.6	2019	4
1.17	Poor Mental Health: Average Number of Days	days	4.4		4.8	4.1	2018	9
1.14	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	percent	9.4		10.4	10.8	2018	6
0.97	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	28.8		34	30.5	2017-2019	5

0.83	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good or Better	percent	88.2		85.6	86.5	2021	8
			00.2		0010			
SCORE	NUTRITION & HEALTHY EATING	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Fast Food Restaurants	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1814.2		1461	1638.9	2021	7
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: High Sugar Foods	average dollar amount per consumer unit	627		519	530.2	2021	7
2.33	Consumer Expenditures: High Sugar Beverages	average dollar amount per consumer unit	370		319.7	357	2021	7
1.00	Adults Who Frequently Used Quick Service Restaurants: Past 30 Days	Percent	40.2		41.5	41.2	2021	8
0.83	Adult Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption: Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
0.67	Consumer Expenditures: Fruits and Vegetables	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1043.8		864.6	1002.1	2021	7

			MEDINA			MEASUREMEN	т
SCORE	OLDER ADULTS	UNITS	COUNTY HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Cancer: Medicare						
2.58	Population	percent	9	8.4	8.4	2018	6
	Rheumatoid Arthritis or						
	Osteoarthritis: Medicare						
2.58	Population	percent	37.2	36.1	33.5	2018	6

	Atrial Fibrillation:						
2.31	Medicare Population	percent	9.4	9	8.4	2018	6
	Osteoporosis: Medicare						
2.14	Population	percent	6.6	6.2	6.6	2018	6
	Depression: Medicare						
1.92	Population	percent	19	20.4	18.4	2018	e
	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare						
1.81	Population	percent	50	49.4	47.7	2018	6
1.75	Adults with Arthritis	percent	30		25.1	2019	Z
	Consumer Expenditures:	average dollar amount					
1.67	Eldercare	per consumer unit	24.4	20.5	34.3	2021	-
	People 65+ with Low						
1.50	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	2.5			2015	2
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate	deaths/ 100,000					
1.47	due to Falls	population	9.7	10.5	9.5	2017-2019	ļ
	Chronic Kidney Disease:						
1.42	Medicare Population	percent	23	25.3	24.5	2018	(
	Hypertension: Medicare						
1.31	Population	percent	57.5	59.5	57.2	2018	(
	Asthma: Medicare						
1.19	Population	percent	4.7	4.8	5	2018	
1.19	People 65+ Living Alone	percent	26.3	28.8	26.1	2015-2019	
	Alzheimer's Disease or						
	Dementia: Medicare						
1.14	Population	percent	9.4	10.4	10.8	2018	(
	Stroke: Medicare		o -			2212	
1.03	Population	percent	3.5	3.8	3.8	2018	6

1.44	Dentist Rate	dentists/ 100,000 population	53.4		64.2		2019	9
SCORE	ORAL HEALTH	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
0.64	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	percent	5.2		8.1	9.3	2015-2019	1
0.69	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	percent	24.7		27.5	26.8	2018	6
0.69	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	percent	12.9		14.7	14	2018	6
0.75	Adults 65+ with Total Tooth Loss	percent	11			13.5	2018	4
0.75	Adults 65+ who Received Recommended Preventive Services: Males	percent	38.5			32.4	2018	4
0.75	Adults 65+ who Received Recommended Preventive Services: Females	percent	36.5			28.4	2018	4
0.81	Diabetes: Medicare Population	percent	23.9		27.2	27	2018	6
0.94	Colon Cancer Screening	percent	68.2	74.4		66.4	2018	4
0.97	COPD: Medicare Population	percent	10.8		13.2	11.5	2018	6
0.97	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	28.8		34	30.5	2017-2019	5

1.42	Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	11.4	12.2	11.9	2014-2018	12
0.83	Adults who Visited a Dentist	percent	56.6	51.6	52.9	2021	8
0.75	Adults 65+ with Total Tooth Loss	percent	11		13.5	2018	4

			MEDINA			MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	OTHER CONDITIONS	UNITS	COUNTY HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.58	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	percent	37.2	36.1	33.5	2018	6
2.14	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	percent	6.6	6.2	6.6	2018	6
1.75	Adults with Arthritis	percent	30		25.1	2019	4
1.42	Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population	percent	23	25.3	24.5	2018	6
0.92	Adults with Kidney Disease	Percent of adults	2.8		3.1	2019	4
0.36	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease	deaths/ 100,000 population	8.7	14.5	12.9	2017-2019	5

		MEDINA				MEASUREMENT			
SCORE	PHYSICAL ACTIVITY	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source	
	Workers who Walk to								
2.64	Work	percent	0.9		2.2	2.7	2015-2019	1	
2.00	Grocery Store Density	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1				2016	23	

	1.86	SNAP Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.6				2017	23
		Children with Low Access							
	1.83	to a Grocery Store	percent	6.8				2015	23
		Fast Food Restaurant	restaurants/ 1,000						
	1.81	Density	population	0.7				2016	23
		People 65+ with Low							
	1.50	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	2.5				2015	23
	1.50	WIC Certified Stores	stores/ 1,000 population	0.1				2016	23
			markets/ 1,000						
	1.33	Farmers Market Density	population	0				2018	23
		Low-Income and Low							
	1.33	Access to a Grocery Store	percent	4.2				2015	23
	1.25	Health Behaviors Ranking		4				2021	9
		Adults 20+ who are							
	1.03	Sedentary	percent	21.1				2019	5
		Households with No Car							
		and Low Access to a							
	1.00	Grocery Store	percent	1.3				2015	23
		<b>Recreation and Fitness</b>	facilities/ 1,000						
	1.00	Facilities	population	0.1				2016	23
	0.94	Adults 20+ who are Obese	percent	27.8	36			2019	5
		Access to Exercise							
	0.83	Opportunities	percent	92.1		83.9	84	2020	9
		Adult Sugar-Sweetened							
		Beverage Consumption:							
	0.83	Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
	0.36	, Food Environment Index		8.6		6.8	7.8	2021	9
E									-

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	<b>PREVENTION &amp; SAFETY</b>	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
1.47	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	deaths/ 100,000 population	9.7		10.5	9.5	2017-2019	5
1.47	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	deaths/ 100,000 population	23.6		40.2	21.4	2017-2019	5
1.14	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	deaths/ 100,000 population	20.1		38.1	21	2017-2019	9
0.67	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	deaths/ 100,000 population	43.8	43.2	68.8	48.9	2017-2019	5
0.25	Severe Housing Problems	percent	10.4		13.7	18	2013-2017	9

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	г
SCORE	<b>RESPIRATORY DISEASES</b>	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Tuberculosis Incidence							
1.72	Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	1.1	1.4	1.1		2020	16
	Consumer Expenditures:							
	Tobacco and Legal	average dollar amount						
1.67	Marijuana	per consumer unit	472.9		487.9	422.4	2021	7
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate							
	due to Chronic Lower	deaths/ 100,000						
1.47	Respiratory Diseases	population	43.7		47.8	39.6	2017-2019	5
1.42	Adults with COPD	Percent of adults	7.9			6.6	2019	4
	Adults Who Used							
	Smokeless Tobacco: Past							
1.33	30 Days	percent	2.3		2.2	2	2021	8

	Adults with Current							
1.25	Asthma	percent	9.4			8.9	2019	4
	Asthma: Medicare							
1.19	Population	percent	4.7		4.8	5	2018	6
0.97	COPD: Medicare Population	percent	10.8		13.2	11.5	2018	6
0.92	Adults who Smoke	<b>·</b>	17.9	5	21.4	11.5	2018	9
0.92		percent	17.9	5	21.4	17	2018	9
0.86	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	cases/ 100,000 population	57.4		67.3	57.3	2014-2018	12
0.61	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 population	36.5	25.1	45	36.7	2015-2019	12
0.50	Adults Who Used Electronic Cigarettes: Past 30 Days	percent	3.7		4.3	4.1	2021	8
0.36	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	deaths/ 100,000 population	8		14.4	13.8	2017-2019	5
0.08	COVID-19 Daily Average Case-Fatality Rate	deaths per 100 cases	0		0	0.5	28-Jan-22	11
0.08	COVID-19 Daily Average Incidence Rate	cases per 100,000 population	56.4		128.4	177.3	28-Jan-22	11
SCORE	TOBACCO USE	UNITS	MEDINA COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	Source
JUNE	Consumer Expenditures:	GIIIJ		111 2030		0.3.		
1.67	Tobacco and Legal Marijuana	average dollar amount per consumer unit	472.9		487.9	422.4	2021	7

	Adults Who Used Smokeless Tobacco: Past							
1.33	30 Days	percent	2.3		2.2	2	2021	8
0.92	Adults who Smoke	percent	17.9	5	21.4	17	2018	9
	Adults Who Used							
	Electronic Cigarettes: Past							
0.50	30 Days	percent	3.7		4.3	4.1	2021	8

			MEDINA				MEASUREMEN <sup>.</sup>	Г
SCORE	WELLNESS & LIFESTYLE	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
2.50	Consumer Expenditures: Fast Food Restaurants	average dollar amount per consumer unit	1814.2		1461	1638.9	2021	7
1.42	Insufficient Sleep	percent	37.5	31.4	40.6	35	2018	9
1.33	High Blood Pressure Prevalence	percent	33.7	27.7		32.6	2019	4
1.25	Morbidity Ranking	ranking	4				2021	9
1.00 0.92	Adults Who Frequently Used Quick Service Restaurants: Past 30 Days Poor Physical Health: 14+ Days	Percent	40.2		41.5	41.2	2021 2019	8
0.83	Adult Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption: Past 7 Days	percent	80.2		80.9	80.4	2021	8
0.83	Adults who Agree Vaccine Benefits Outweigh Possible Risks	Percent	50.9		48.6	49.4	2021	8
0.83	Life Expectancy	years	80.1		77	79.2	2017-2019	9

0.83	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Good or Better	percent	88.2	85.6	86.5	2021	8
0.75	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	percent	16.5		18.6	2019	4
0.67	Poor Physical Health: Average Number of Days	days	3.6	4.1	3.7	2018	9

			MEDINA				MEASUREMENT	
SCORE	WOMEN'S HEALTH	UNITS	COUNTY	HP2030	Ohio	U.S.	PERIOD	Source
	Breast Cancer Incidence							
2.58	Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	134.7		129.6	126.8	2014-2018	12
	Mammogram in Past 2							
0.94	Years: 50-74	percent	74.8	77.1		74.8	2018	4
	Cervical Cancer Incidence							
0.89	Rate	cases/ 100,000 females	5.1		7.9	7.7	2014-2018	12
	Cervical Cancer Screening:							
0.89	21-65	Percent	86.8	84.3		84.7	2018	4
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate							
0.78	due to Breast Cancer	deaths/ 100,000 females	18.2	15.3	21.6	19.9	2015-2019	12

Medina County Data Sources

- Key Data Source Name
  - 1 American Community Survey
  - 2 American Lung Association
  - 3 Annie E. Casey Foundation
  - 4 CDC · PLACES

- 5 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- 6 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
- 7 Claritas Consumer Buying Power
- 8 Claritas Consumer Profiles
- 9 County Health Rankings
- 10 Feeding America
- 11 Healthy Communities Institute
- 12 National Cancer Institute
- 13 National Center for Education Statistics
- 14 National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network
- 15 Ohio Department of Education
- 16 Ohio Department of Health, Infectious Diseases
- 17 Ohio Department of Health, Vital Statistics Ohio Department of Public Safety, Office of Criminal Justice
- 18 Services
- 19 Ohio Public Health Information Warehouse
- 20 Ohio Secretary of State
- 21 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- 22 U.S. Census County Business Patterns
- 23 U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Environment Atlas
- 24 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- 25 United For ALICE

# **Appendix D: Community Input Assessment Tools**

CCF identified key community stakeholders to provide vital perspectives and context around important community health issues. CCF and HCI worked to develop a questionnaire to determine what a community needs to be healthy, what barriers to health exist in the community, how COVID-19 has impacted health in the community and how the challenges identified might be addressed in the future. Below is the complete Key Stakeholder Interview Guide:

**WELCOME:** Cleveland Clinic *{hospital name}* is in the process of conducting our 2022 comprehensive Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) to understand and plan for the current and future health needs of our community. You have been invited to take part in this interview because of your experience working *{at organization}* in the community. During this interview, we will ask a series of questions related to health issues in your community. Our ultimate goal is to gain various perspectives on the major issues affecting the population that your organizations serves and how to improve health in your community. We hope to get through as many questions as possible and hear your perspective as much as time allows.

**TRANSCRIPTION:** For today's call we are using the transcription feature in MS Teams. This feature produces a live transcript and makes meetings more inclusive for those who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have different levels of language proficiency. Our primary purpose for using this feature is to assist with note taking.

**CONFIDENTIALITY:** For this conversation, I will invite you to share as much or little as you feel comfortable sharing. The results of this assessment will be made available to the public. Although we will take notes on your responses, your name will not be associated with any direct quotes. Your identity will be kept confidential, so please share your honest opinions.

**FORMAT**: We anticipate that this conversation will last ~45 minutes to an hour.

#### Section #1: Introduction

- What community, or geographic area, does your organization serve (or represent)?
  - o How does your organization serve the community?

#### Section #2: Community Health and Well-being

• From your perspective, what does a community need to be healthy?

• What do you believe are the 2-3 most important issues that must be addressed to improve health and quality of life in your community?

### Section #3: Barriers to Health

- What health disparities appear most prevalent in your community?
- What are the barriers or challenges to improving health in the community?
  - o What makes some people healthy in the community while others experience poor health?
  - o What particular parts of the community or geographic areas that are underserved or under-resourced?
  - o What services are most difficult to access?
- What could be done to promote health equity?

### Section #4: COVID-19

- How has COVID-19 impacted health in your community?
  - o What were the most significant health concerns prior to the pandemic vs now?
  - o What populations have been most affected by COVID-19?
- How has COVID-19 impacted access to care in the community?
  - o What about access to mental health or substance use treatment in the community?
  - o What about emergency and preventative care services?

### Section #5: Addressing the Challenges & Solutions

- What are some possible solutions to the problems that we have discussed?
  - o How can organizations such as hospitals, health departments, government, and community-based organizations work together to address some of the problems that have been mentioned?
- How can we make sure that community voices are heard when decisions are made that affect their community?
  - What would be the best way to communicate with community members about progress organizations are making to improve health and quality of life?
- What resources does your community have that can be used to improve community health?

#### Section #6: Conclusion

• Is there anything else that you think would be important for us to know as we conduct this community health needs assessment?

**CLOSURE SCRIPT:** Thank you again for taking time out of your busy day to share your experiences with us. We will include the key themes from today's discussion in our assessment. Please remember, your name will not be connected to any of the comments you made today. Please let us know if you have any questions or concerns about this.

# **Appendix E: Community Partners and Resources**

This section identifies other facilities and resources available in the community served by CCRH Beachwood that are available to address community health needs.

### **Federally Qualified Health Centers**

Ohio's Association of Community Health Centers (OACHC) is a not-for-profit membership association representing Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs).<sup>21</sup> FQHCs are established to promote access to ambulatory care in areas designated as medically underserved. These clinics provide primary care, mental health, and dental services for lower-income members of the community. FQHCs receive enhanced reimbursement for Medicaid and Medicare services and most also receive federal grant funds under Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act. OACHC represents Ohio's 57 Community Health Centers at 400 locations, including multiple mobile units The following FQHC clinics and networks operate in the CCRH Beachwood Community:

- Asian Services in Action, Inc.
- Axesspointe Community Health Center, Inc.
- <u>Care Alliance</u>
- Community Support Services, Inc.
- Health Source of Ohio
- <u>MetroHealth Community Health Centers (MHCHC)</u>
- <u>Neighborhood Family Practice</u>
- Northeast Ohio Neighborhood Health Services
- Signature Health, Inc.
- <u>The Centers</u>

### **Hospitals**

In addition to several Cleveland Clinic hospitals in Northeast Ohio, the following is a list of other hospital facilities located in the CCRH Beachwood Community:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Ohio Association of Community Health Centers, https://www.ohiochc.org/page/178

- Akron Children's Hospital
- Crystal Clinic Orthopaedic Center
- Grace Hospital
- MetroHealth Medical Centers (Multiple Locations)
- Select Specialty Hospital- Akron
- St. Vincent Charity Medical Center
- Summa Health System Akron Campus
- University Hospitals (Multiple Locations)
- Western Reserve Hospital

### **Other Community Resources**

A wide range of agencies, coalitions, and organizations that provide health and social services is available in the region served by CCRH Beachwood. United Way 2-1-1 Ohio maintains a large, online database to help refer individuals in need to health and human services in Ohio. This is a service of the Ohio Department of Social Services and is provided in partnership with the Council of Community Services, The Planning Council, and United Way chapters in Cleveland. United Way 2-1-1 Ohio contains information on organizations and resources in the following categories:

- Donations and Volunteering
- Education, Recreation, and the Arts
- Employment and Income Support
- Family Support and Parenting
- Food, Clothing, and Household Items
- Health Care
- Housing and Utilities
- Legal Services and Financial Management
- Mental Health and Counseling
- Municipal and Community Services
- Substance Abuse and Other Addictions

Additional information about these resources is available at: <u>http://www.211oh.org/</u>

### **Appendix F: Acknowledgements**

Conduent Healthy Communities Institute (HCI) supported report preparation. HCI works with clients across the nation to drive community health outcomes by assessing needs, developing focused strategies, identifying appropriate intervention programs, establishing monitoring systems, and implementing performance evaluation processes. To learn more about Conduent HCI, please visit <u>www.conduent.com/community-population-health</u>.

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# Beachwood

Implementation Strategy Report 2022

# CEVELAND CLINIC REHABILITATION HOSPITAL, BEACHWOOD 2022 IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY REPORT

2022 Community Health Needs Assessment Implementation Strategy Report for Years 2023 – 2025

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# **CEVELAND CLINIC REHABILITATION HOSPITAL, BEACHWOOD** 2022 IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY REPORT

# I. INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

This written plan is intended to satisfy the requirements set forth in the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(r)(3) regarding community health needs assessments and implementation strategies. The overall purpose of the Implementation Strategy is to align the hospital's limited resources, program services, and activities with the findings of the 2022 Beachwood Rehabilitation Community Health Needs Assessment ("CHNA"). The Implementation Strategy Report (ISR) includes the priority community health needs identified during the 2022 CHNA and hospital-specific strategies to address those needs from 2023 through 2025.

### A. Description of Hospital

Beachwood Rehabilitation is a 60-bed rehabilitation facility offering sophisticated technology and advanced medical care within an intimate and friendly environment. Additional information on the hospital and its services is available at: https://my.clevelandclinic.org/locations/rehabilitation-hospital.

The hospital is a joint venture between Cleveland Clinic health system and Select Medical. The hospital is part of the Cleveland Clinic health system, which includes an academic medical center near downtown Cleveland, fourteen regional hospitals in northeast Ohio, a children's hospital, a children's rehabilitation hospital, five southeast Florida hospitals, and a number of other facilities and services across Ohio, Florida, and Nevada. Additional information about Cleveland Clinic is available at: https://my.clevelandclinic.org/.

Select Medical is one of the largest providers of post-acute care, operating 100 critical illness recovery hospitals in 28 states, 33 rehabilitation hospitals in 12 states, and 1,695 outpatient rehabilitation clinics in 37 states and the District of Columbia. Additionally, Select Medical's joint venture subsidiary Concentra operates 526 occupational health centers in 41 states. Concentra also provides contract services at employer worksites and Department of Veterans Affairs community-based outpatient clinics. Select Medical provides post-acute care encompassing four areas of expertise: critical illness recovery, inpatient medical rehabilitation, outpatient physical therapy, and occupational medicine, all of which are delivered and supported by more than 46,000 talented healthcare professionals across the U.S. Additional information about Select Medical is available at: https://www.selectmedical.com/.

### Beachwood Rehabilitation's mission is:

Cleveland Clinic Rehabilitation Hospital is committed to the provision of comprehensive physical medicine and rehabilitation programs and services to maximize the health, function, and quality of life to those we serve, ultimately returning those persons to their communities.

# **II. COMMUNITY DEFINITION**

For purposes of this report, Beachwood Rehabilitation's community definition is an aggregate of 30 zip codes in Cuyahoga, Lake and Summit Counties comprising approximately 75% of inpatient visits in 2021 (Figure 1).

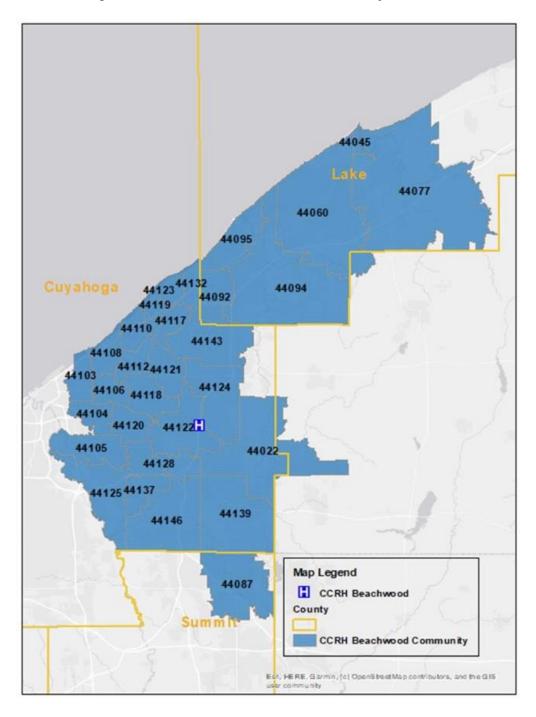


Figure 1: Beachwood Rehabilitation Community Definition

# III. HOW IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY WAS DEVELOPED

This Implementation Strategy was developed by members of senior leadership at Beachwood Rehabilitation and Cleveland Clinic, representing several departments of these organizations. Alignment with county Community Health Assessments (CHA) and the State Health Assessment (SHA) was also considered. Leadership at Beachwood Rehabilitation will utilize this Implementation Strategy to determine whether changes should be made to better address the health needs of its communities.

### IV. SUMMARY OF THE COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS IDENTIFIED

Beachwood Rehabilitation's prioritized community health needs as determined by analyses of quantitative and qualitative data include:

- Access to Healthcare
- Adult Health
- Community Safety

In addition to the prioritized community health needs, themes of healthy equity and social determinants of health are intertwined in all community health components and impact multiple areas of community health strategies and delivery.

### **COVID-19 Considerations**

The COVID-19 global pandemic declared in early 2020 has caused extraordinary challenges for healthcare systems worldwide, including Beachwood Rehabilitation. Keeping front line workers and patients safe, securing protective equipment, developing testing protocols, and helping patients and families deal with the isolation needed to stop the spread of the virus all took priority as the pandemic took hold.

Many of the community benefit strategies noted in the previous 2019 implementation strategy were temporarily paused or adjusted to comply with current public health guidelines to ensure the health and safety of patients, staff, and other participants. Many of the strategies included in the 2023-2025 implementation strategy are a continuation or renewal of those that were paused during the pandemic as the community needs identified in the 2022 CHNA did not change greatly from those identified in the 2019 CHNA.

See the 2022 Cleveland Clinic CHNAs for more information: www.clevelandclinic.org/CHNAReports

# V. NEEDS HOSPITAL WILL ADDRESS

Each Cleveland Clinic hospital provides numerous services and programs in efforts to address the health needs of the community. Implementation of our services focuses on addressing structural factors important for community health, strengthening trust with residents and stakeholders, ensuring community voice in developing strategies, and evaluating our strategies and programs.

Strategies within the ISRs are included according to the prioritized list of needs developed during the 2022 CHNA:

- Access to Healthcare
- Adult Health
- Community Safety

It should be noted that no one organization can address all the health needs identified in its community. Beachwood Rehabilitation is committed to serving the community by adhering to its mission, and using its skills, expertise, and resources to provide a range of community benefit programs to address post-acute rehabilitation services for adults.

# A. Access to Healthcare

Access to Healthcare data analysis results describe community needs related to consumer expenditures for insurance, medical expenses, medicines, and other supplies. More expansive parameters include limitations to accessing healthcare described in terms of transportation challenges, resource limitations, and availability of primary care and other prevention services in local neighborhoods.

Access to Healthcare Initiatives for 2023-2025 include:

- Beachwood Rehabilitation provides medically necessary services to all patients regardless of race, color, creed, gender, country of national origin, or ability to pay. Beachwood Rehabilitation has a financial assistance policy that provides free or discounted care based on financial need. Financial assistance may also be provided to patients on a case-by-case basis under certain medical circumstances. The financial assistance policy can be found here: Beachwood Rehabilitation Financial Assistance.
- 2. The term "rehabilitation" is widely used to describe many different levels of care, which contributes to confusion among stakeholders. The rehabilitation offered at Beachwood Rehabilitation is defined by licensure and regulatory requirements. For patients, confusion surrounding rehabilitation can be a barrier to accessing the right level of care at the right time. Beachwood Rehabilitation will develop and share educational materials with patients, families, and providers to broaden community awareness and improve patients' ability to choose the most appropriate care setting.
- 3. A key cornerstone of inpatient rehabilitation is the prevention of stroke and brain injury through patient and community education. Clinical staff serving the Brain Injury and Stroke Program teams at Beachwood Rehabilitation will develop support groups and educational sessions for families and community residents. As part of this education and outreach, the hospital will provide information on post-acute care settings, how to access different levels of care, and community based resources.

### B. Adult Health

Adult Health encompasses several subtopics where information is available including Older Adult Health; Other Conditions; and Chronic Disease Prevention and Management including Nutrition and Healthy Eating. By addressing these issues in concert, Beachwood Rehabilitation hopes to impact concerns for older adult mental health from isolation, chronic conditions, and access to healthy food.

Adult Health Initiatives for 2023-2025 include:

- 1. Each patient is followed by a physician's service throughout their stay at the rehabilitation hospital. Physicians educate patients on their overall healthcare and on potential risk factors that may affect their recovery. They also educate patients on their past medical history and how their existing conditions may be impacted by their new injury. There are consulting physicians including but not limited to cardiologists, pulmonologists, and nephrologists that are available for consultation regarding secondary diagnoses or complications related to the new injury/illness. Additionally, through Beachwood Rehabilitation's linkage with Cleveland Clinic, patients have access to comprehensive diagnostic, medical, and surgical services.
- 2. Physical and functional impairments may be exacerbated by obesity. To encourage weight loss, the clinical team, which includes the attending physician, therapy, and nursing teams, provide education and training to patients to increase mobility and activity. Discussions regarding healthy eating and interpretation of food labels may be initiated as part of the therapy care plan.
- 3. Continuing education is routinely provided to nursing and pharmacy staff specific to diabetes medication and diabetic management.
- 4. Depression and emotional changes are common following illness or injury. These occur as primary effects of the illness, as in the case of stroke, or as secondary reactions to new disabilities that may have commonly pre-existed the event.
  - a. Psychologists are capable of evaluation and psychotherapeutic treatment of a variety of disorders. The attending psychiatrist often will start pharmacological intervention with antidepressant medications, mood stabilizers, and anxiolytics. It is important to use medications that can improve recovery and to avoid and/or discontinue those medications that have been shown or hypothesized to impede recovery.
  - b. Therapists and nursing staff also provide emotional support, encouragement, and hope. It is also essential to use non-pharmacological techniques to help with these psychological disorders.
  - c. Recreational therapy is essential to help add some "downtime" to the rigors of the therapy schedule as well as to help patients realize and replicate common activities of daily living that will need to be performed after discharge.
- 5. The population in Beachwood Rehabilitation's community is expected to age. Providing an effective continuum of care, including rehabilitation services, for those over 65 years of age in the future will be challenging. Beachwood Rehabilitation will leverage relationships with providers across the continuum of post-acute care in order to cross-refer, provide patient education, and support self-advocacy. Recognizing the health literacy needs of the community and the wide array of post-acute care options available, Beachwood Rehabilitation has developed a large network of clinical liaisons

throughout the community to assist elderly consumers in understanding their post-acute care options. The hospital offers facility tours and coordinates with our acute care case management partners.

# C. Community Safety

Community Safety issues, though related to social determinants of health (SDOH), stands apart as a health topic intended to describe community health needs related to the following subtopics: Prevention & Safety and Alcohol & Drug Use.

Community Safety Initiatives for 2023-2025 include:

- Falls represent a particular concern for our elderly populations. Beachwood Rehabilitation has developed evidence-based fall prevention education for internal and external stakeholders including information on environmental modifications, balance exercises, and home safety assessments. In addition to focusing on fall prevention, the hospital also provides educational materials detailing how to reduce the likelihood of injury should a fall occur.
- 2. Tobacco use is a risk factor for several medical conditions commonly treated in the inpatient rehabilitation setting. Smoking can also increase the risk of disease recurrence and presents a significant barrier to healthy living. Smoking cessation aligns well with Beachwood Rehabilitation's goals for our patients. Since Beachwood Rehabilitation is a smoke free campus, inpatients have a head start on smoking cessation following discharge. A smoking cessation program is more than just nicotine replacement therapy (NRT). Though NRT addresses the physiological need for nicotine, the psychological need to smoke must also be of focus. Patients are more likely to succeed in quitting when they receive both pharmacologic therapy and counseling. A formalized smoking cessation program will be developed including resources and education that can be provided to patients during an inpatient rehabilitation stay. Patients will also be connected with organizations in the community for ongoing follow up and support. Low-cost or free smoking cessation resources will also be investigated.
- 3. Beachwood Rehabilitation is committed to preventing deaths from opioid overdose by improving opioid prescribing practices, reducing exposure to opioids, and preventing misuse. The hospital has formalized an internal opioid management process for reviewing healthcare prescribing, data collection, and the use of non-pharmacological treatment for pain.
  - a. Healthcare providers screen all patients for pain on admission and develop a pain management plan based on the patient's input, history, and desired goals.
  - b. Appropriate referrals to community programs, such as Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, or mental health resources are provided by case management and psychology staff.
- 4. Beachwood Rehabilitation will explore a common community referral data platform to coordinate services and ensure optimal communication. New program impacts will improve active referrals to community-based organizations, non-profits, and other healthcare facilities.

While this ISR outlines specific strategies and programs identified to address the 2022 CHNA, it does not reflect all the work being done by Beachwood Rehabilitation to improve community health. Through this iterative process, opportunities are identified to grow and expand existing work in prioritized areas, as well as implementing additional programming in new areas. These ongoing strategic conversations will allow

Beachwood Rehabilitation to build stronger community collaborations and make smarter, more targeted investments to improve the health of the people in the communities they serve.

For more information regarding Cleveland Clinic Select Medical Community Health Needs Assessments and Implementations Strategy Reports, please visit www.clevelandclinic.org/CHNAReports or contact CHNA@ccf.org .

clevelandclinic.org/CHNAreports