

PERIPARTUM PROCESSES FOR COVID-19+ OR PUI MOTHERS AND THEIR NEONATES

- Pregnant patients who are PUI or COVID-19+ should be placed in isolation; an Epic order is required, and appropriate signage (cranberry isolation sign) should be utilized.
- Any hospital caregiver entering the room should don gown, gloves, N95/PAPR and eye protection.
- This isolation should continue for a minimum:
 - 10 days from the positive test.
 - 20 days of isolation will be necessary for any mother with an ICU stay or immunocompromised status as determined by infection prevention.
- Neonate should be considered a PUI and isolated in contact/droplet/eyewear with an Epic order.
- Neonate should be PCR tested for COVID-19 at 24-48 hours and, if negative, at 5-7 days. If negative, isolation and PUI status may be discontinued as early as day 10 with no further COVID-19 testing.
 - If there is concern for ongoing exposure to COVID-19, the infant should continue to quarantine for 10 days from the last exposure. For infants who remain hospitalized, please discuss discontinuation of isolation precautions with the infection prevention team.

- There is no evidence to show that the first bath needs to occur immediately. The neonate may have a delayed bath as per usual protocol.
- Mother may breastfeed her but must use appropriate hand hygiene and wear a mask while breastfeeding.
- Mother may pump to provide expressed breast milk for neonate but must use appropriate hand hygiene and wear a mask while; milk must be stored according to guidelines.
- Circumcision may be performed with all hospital caregivers using gown, gloves, N95 and eyewear.
- Kangaroo and skin-to-skin care may be done.
 - Mother/father/guardian must perform prior hand hygiene.
 - Mother/father/guardian must wear a mask during this time.
- When bed space is an issue, case-by-case evaluation of isolation duration, COVID-19 testing, and neonate placement should be done in conjunction with infection prevention.

Neonates rooming in with the mother:

- Neonate may go in an isolette or bassinette, whichever is most suitable for the size and condition of the neonate.
- Mother should be educated to stay at least 6 feet from neonate when not actively involved in care.
 - Hospital caregivers should remind mother if noncompliance is noted and document re-education in chart.
- Mother should wear a mask at all times whenever possible while rooming with neonate and must wear a mask if holding the neonate.
 - Hospital caregiver in the room should use appropriate PPE to care for neonate in room.
 - Hospital caregiver should change PPE and perform hand hygiene between caring for the mother and neonate.
 - Neonate is not to be taken to the newborn nursery.
- If the mother requires a higher level of care and is transferred to ICU, the neonate will not room in with the mother.
- A neonate who cannot room in with the mother will need to be placed in a single room/ not taken to the newborn nursery. Possible considerations for placement include pediatrics, NICU, or postpartum room.
 - Appropriate PPE should be used for a COVID-19 PUI.

NICU Admissions for PUI

- Neonate must be placed in a private room in contact/droplet/eyewear isolation.
- COVID-19 testing to be done at 24-48 hours of life and 5-7 days of life.
- If both tests are negative, isolation can be discontinued at day 10.
- A COVID-19+ mother may not visit the NICU for:
 - 10 days following a positive test or
 - 20 days from positive test for a mother who needed an ICU stay or immunocompromised medical condition warrants. Consult infection prevention.
 - If there is concern for ongoing exposure to COVID-19, the infant should continue to quarantine for 10 days from last exposure.
 For infants who remain hospitalized, please discuss with infection prevention discontinuation of isolation precautions.
- Mother may pump to provide expressed breast milk for neonate. The mother must use appropriate hand hygiene and wear mask while pumping.
 - Milk must be stored according to guidelines.

Cohorting

- Cohorting of PUI neonates should be avoided whenever possible and only considered under extreme circumstances.
- Cohorting of COVID-19+ neonates should be avoided.
- Cohorting of PUI neonates can be done if absolutely necessary by placing them in the same room at least 6 feet apart.
- Very careful attention must be placed to assure hospital caregiver PPE changes between babies. This includes changing gown, gloves, N95 and eyewear each time.

Homegoing teaching that must be done for a neonate prior to discharge should be done as follows:

- Attempt to have a second primary family/ caregiver present for the teaching.
- If this is not possible or not in the best interest of the baby, the teaching must be arranged to take place in a separate room other than the nursery or common area, and a COVID-19+ mother may attend only for the duration of the teaching.

Other:

Other scenarios will be handled in collaboration with infection prevention.

References:

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/caring-for-newborns.html

https://www.aap.org/en/pages/2019-novel-coronavirus-covid-19- infections/clinical-guidance/faqs-management-of-neonates-born-to-covid-19- mothers/