Purpose: The aim of this document is to provide recommendations for high quality resuscitation to patients diagnosed with or suspected of COVID-19 infection while minimizing exposure risk to caregivers and the environment.

- Caregiver Safety Considerations
 - Minimize the number of caregivers in the room.
 - Limit movement of caregivers in and out of the room.
 - Don personal protective equipment (PPE) <u>before entering the room even if this delays</u> <u>care:</u> *N95 mask*, eye protection, gown and gloves.
 - Place a covering (washcloth, towel, plastic barrier, or mask) over patient's face <u>before</u> starting chest compressions.
 - *Recommendation:* have one caregiver who is outside the room donned and ready to go in if needed.

• Initiation of Resuscitation:

- **<u>No rescue breaths</u>** should be administered during this time.
- Follow standard ACLS/BLS protocols otherwise.
- To GO INSIDE THE ROOM:
 - 1 medication RN
 - 2 compressors
 - RT
 - Airway leader <u>EPXREINCED</u> provider.

• To STAY OUTSIDE THE ROOM

OR if room layout doesn't permit to stay outside STAY 6 feet away (Don PPE)

- Code leader
- Documenting RN
- Runner (STAY OUTSIDE THE ROOM)

• Support of Circulation:

- High level compressions and early defibrillation are KEY.
- CPR should be administered by the first responder for non-shockable rhythms.
- Apply defibrillation pads (e.g. Zoll One Step Pads or ProPadz).
 - Early defibrillation is goal for VF and pulseless VT rhythms.
 - Pad placement: <u>Anterior-Anterior</u>.
 - Use AED mode (press ANALYZE) if working on a unit that manual defibrillation by a RN is not allowed. Refer to: <u>Defibrillation</u>, <u>Manual</u>, <u>Zoll R Series ALS</u>, <u>Adult</u> <u>Standard Operating Procedure</u>, for the list of units.
- IO access should be established early if no other adequate vascular access is present.

- Support of Breathing:
 - BVM should not be administered, EARLY INTUBATION is recommended.
 - Hold compressions during intubation.
 - A video laryngoscope is the first-line intubating device.
 - Fiber-optic bronchoscopy is <u>highly discouraged</u> due to aerosolization risk.
 - Disposable video bronchoscopes should be used if absolutely unavoidable.
 - \circ $\,$ Place an HEMF or HEPA filter between the LMA and the bag.
 - MET/Rapid response teams should bring with them.
 - Place a covering over the face and LMA before ventilating
 - Give the first breath after filter is in place.

• Medication Administration:

- Crash cart and medication box should be kept <u>OUTSIDE the room OR if room layout</u> <u>doesn't permit to stay outside the room STAY 6 feet away from the event (Clean all</u> <u>equipment after the code prior to taking it out of the room)</u>
- Medication preparation RN-
 - Handle all medications with clean, gloved hands.
 - Do not touch anything in room except medication.
 - Hand medication to nurse administering medications, AVOID TOUCHING.

DONNING/DOFFING SEQUENCE TO CHANGE FROM SURGICAL MASK TO N95 MASK

- Doff gloves
- Perform hand hygiene
- Doff eye protection
- Doff surgical mask
- Perform hand hygiene
- Don clean gloves
- Don N95 mask
- Don eye protection

Use buddy system if caregivers are available

- After the code:
 - Follow doffing sequence/guidelines.
 - Clean all equipment that was used EPA-registered hospital disinfectant (e.g. Super Sani wipes or Bleach wipes)
 - Medication box:
 - Any medications that were open and handed to medication administration RN must be discarded.
 - Gather unused medications (that was not handed to medication RN), close box, wipe with EPA-registered hospital disinfectant (e.g. Super Sani wipes or Bleach wipes), remove from room and return to pharmacy.