Conscious Sedation

How to Prepare for Your Colonoscopy Using MoviPrep®

IMPORTANT - Please Read These Instructions at Least 2 Weeks Before Your Colonoscopy

Key Instructions:

- Your bowel must be empty so that your doctor can clearly view your colon. Follow all of the instructions in this handout EXACTLY as they are written.

If you do NOT follow the directions for when to start drinking the bowel preparation (see next page), your colonoscopy WILL be cancelled.

- Do NOT eat any solid food the ENTIRE day before your colonoscopy.
- Buy your bowel preparation at least 5 days before your colonoscopy.
- Do NOT mix the solution until the day before your colonoscopy.

Medications

Some of the medicines you take may need to be stopped or adjusted before your colonoscopy. You MUST call the doctor who ordered any of the following medicines at least 2 weeks before your colonoscopy.

- Blood thinners -- such as Coumadin® (warfarin), Plavix® (clopidogrel), Ticlid® (ticlopidine hydrochloride), Agrylin® (anagrelide), Xarelto® (Rivaroxaban), Pradaxa® (Dabigatran), Eliquis® (Apixaban), and Effient® (Prasugrel).

- Insulin or diabetes pills. Please call the doctor that monitors your glucose levels. Your insulin dosage may need to be adjusted due to the diet restrictions required with this bowel preparation. (Please bring your diabetes medicines with you on the day of your procedure.)

If you take aspirin, take it and ALL other medications prescribed by your doctor. On the day of your colonoscopy, take your medications with a sip of water.

Designated Driver on the Day of Your Exam

A responsible family member or friend MUST come with you to your colonoscopy and REMAIN in the endoscopy area until you are discharged! You are NOT ALLOWED to drive, take a taxi or bus, or leave the Endoscopy Center ALONE. If you do not have a responsible driver (family member or friend) with you to take you home, your exam cannot be done with sedation and will be cancelled.
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**Five (5) Days Before Your Colonoscopy**

- Do NOT take medicines that stop diarrhea -- such as Imodium®, Kaopectate®, or Pepto Bismol®.
- Do NOT take fiber supplements -- such as Metamucil®, Citrucel®, or Perdiem®.
- Do NOT take products that contain iron -- such as multi-vitamins -- (the label lists what is in the products).
- Do NOT take vitamin E.

Buy the prescription bowel preparation solution at your local pharmacy or drugstore pharmacy.

**Three (3) Days Before Your Colonoscopy**

Do NOT eat high-fiber foods -- such as popcorn, beans, seeds (flax, sunflower, quinoa), multigrain bread, nuts, salad/vegetables, or fresh and dried fruit.

**One (1) Day Before Your Colonoscopy**

Only drink clear liquids the ENTIRE DAY before your colonoscopy. Do NOT eat any solid foods. Drink at least 8 ounces of clear liquids every hour after waking up. The clear liquids you can drink include:

- water, apple, or white grape juice; broth; coffee or tea (without milk or creamer); clear carbonated beverages such as ginger ale or lemon-lime soda; Gatorade® or other sports drinks (not red);
- Kool-Aid® or other flavored drinks (not red).

You may eat plain jello or other gelatins (not red) or popsicles (not red).

Do NOT drink alcohol on the day before or the day of the procedure.

**When to Mix and Drink Your Bowel Prep**

The MoviPrep® carton contains pouches and a disposable container for mixing. Follow the mixing instructions on the carton. Mix the MoviPrep solution no sooner than 24 hours before it will be used. Do not add ice, sugar or flavorings to the solution. Do not take more than the recommended dose or serious side effects could occur. You can refrigerate the preparation before drinking.

**Morning Appointment (Before 12 noon)**

**Step 1.**

- Start drinking MoviPrep at 6 PM the evening before your colonoscopy. Drink an 8-oz glass of bowel preparation every 15 minutes for a total of 4 glasses.
- Fifteen (15) minutes later, drink an 8-oz glass of clear liquids every 15 minutes for a total of 2 glasses.

You may continue to drink clear liquids until bedtime.

**Step 2. The next morning, 4 hours before exam time:**

- Drink an 8-oz glass of bowel preparation every 15 minutes for a total of 4 glasses.
- Fifteen (15) minutes later, drink an 8-oz glass of clear liquids every 15 minutes for a total of 2 glasses.

You may continue to drink clear liquids up to 2 hours before your colonoscopy.

If you take aspirin, take it and ALL other prescribed medicines with a sip of water on the day of your colonoscopy.

**Afternoon Appointment (After 12 noon)**

**Step 1.**

- Start drinking MoviPrep at 6 AM the day of your colonoscopy. Drink an 8-oz glass of bowel prep every 15 minutes for a total of 4 glasses.
- Fifteen (15) minutes later, drink an 8-oz glass of clear liquids every 15 minutes for a total of 2 glasses.

**Step 2. Thirty (30) minutes later:**

- Drink an 8-oz glass of bowel prep every 15 minutes for a total of 4 glasses.
- Fifteen (15) minutes later, drink an 8-oz glass of clear liquids every 15 minutes for a total of 2 glasses.

You may continue to drink clear liquids up to 2 hours before your colonoscopy.

If you take aspirin, take it and ALL other prescribed drugs with a sip of water on the day of your colonoscopy.
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Contact Information: If you are unable to keep your appointment or have any questions about the instructions, please call the facility where the procedure is being performed. Call between the hours of 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM. If you are calling after 5:00 PM, please call Nurse on Call at 216.442.0310.

Cleveland Clinic
Main Campus
Departments of Colorectal Surgery and Gastroenterology
9500 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44195
216/444-7601 (Q3 Appnts)
216/636-1908 (Q3 Prep Instruct)
216/444-6536 (A30 Appnts)
216/444-5469 (A30 Prep Instruct)

Avon – Richard E. Jacobs Health Center
33100 Cleveland Clinic Blvd. Avon, OH 44011
440/695-4000
(Ask for Colonoscopy Line)

Beachwood Family Health and Surgery Center
26900 Cedar Road, Ste. N 30
Beachwood, OH 44122
216/839-3338 (Appointments)
216/839-3542 (Prep Instructions)

Consultants in Gastroenterology (CIG)
Concord Endoscopy Center
7530 Fredle Drive
Concord Township, OH 44077
440/386-2250

Consultants in Gastroenterology (CIG)
Landerbrook Endoscopy Center
5900 Landerbrook Drive, Ste. 195
Mayfield Hts., OH 44124
440/461-2550

Chestnut Commons Family Health Center
303 Chestnut Commons Drive
Elyria, OH 44035
440/204-7339
440/204-7400

Hillcrest Digestive Disease Center
6770 Mayfield Road
Mayfield Hts., OH 44124
440/312-4084

Independence Family Health Center
Crown Centre II
5001 Rockside Road
Independence, OH 44131
216/986-4000 (Appointments)
216/986-4531 (Prep Instructions)

Lorain Family Health and Surgery Center
5700 Cooper Foster Park Road
Lorain, OH 44053
440/204-7339
440/204-7400

Lutheran Hospital
1730 West 25th Street
Cleveland, OH 44113
216/696-4300

Marymount Hospital
12300 McCracken Road
Garfield Hts., OH 44125
216/518-3650

Medina Hospital
1000 East Washington Street
Medina, OH 44256
330/725-1000

North Ohio Gastroenterology
3071 Clemens Road
Westlake, OH 44145
440/617-1212

South Pointe Hospital
20000 Harvard Road
Warrensville Hts., OH 44122
216/518-3650

Strongsville Family Health and Surgery Center
16761 SouthPark Center
Strongsville, OH 44136
440-878-3448

Twinsburg Family Health and Surgery Center
8701 Darrow Road
Twinsburg, OH 44087
330/888-4000
(Ask for Digestive Health Nurse)

Willoughby Hills Family Health Center
2570 Som Center Road
Willoughby Hills, OH 44094
440/943-2500
(Ask for Endoscopy Nurse)

Wooster Milltown Specialty and Surgery Center
721 East Milltown Road
Wooster, OH 44691
330/287-4500

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Coloscopy Procedure Overview

Please Read Prior to the Procedure

What is a Colonoscopy

A colonoscopy is an outpatient procedure in which the inside of the large intestine (colon and rectum) is examined. A colonoscopy is commonly used to evaluate gastrointestinal symptoms, such as rectal and intestinal bleeding, abdominal pain, or changes in bowel habits. Colonoscopies are also performed in individuals without symptoms to check for colorectal polyps or cancer. A screening colonoscopy is recommended for anyone 50 years of age and older, and for anyone with parents, siblings or children with a history of colorectal cancer or polyps.

What Happens Before a Colonoscopy

To have a successful colonoscopy, your bowel must be empty so that your physician can clearly view the colon. **To do this, it is very important to read and follow all of the instructions given to you at least 2 weeks BEFORE your exam.** If your bowel is not empty, your colonoscopy will not be successful and may have to be repeated.

If you feel nauseated or vomit while taking the bowel preparation, wait 30 minutes before drinking more fluid and start with small sips of solution. Some activity (such as walking) or a few soda crackers may help decrease the nausea you are feeling. If the nausea persists, please contact nurse on call at 216.442.0310.

You may experience skin irritation around the anus due to the passage of liquid stools. To prevent and treat skin irritation, you should:

- Apply Vaseline® or Desitin® ointment to the skin around the anus before drinking the bowel preparation medications. These products can be purchased at any drugstore.

- Wipe the skin after each bowel movement with disposable wet wipes instead of toilet paper. These are found in the toilet paper area of the store.

- Sit in a bathtub filled with warm water for 10 to 15 minutes after you finish passing a stool; after soaking, blot the skin dry with a soft cloth, apply Vaseline® or Desitin® ointment to the anal area, and place a cotton ball just outside your anus to absorb leaking fluid.

What Happens During a Colonoscopy

During a colonoscopy, an experienced physician uses a colonoscope (a long, flexible instrument about 1/2 inch in diameter) to view the lining of the colon. The colonoscope is inserted into the rectum and advanced through the large intestine. If necessary during a colonoscopy, small amounts of tissue can be removed for analysis (a biopsy) and polyps can be identified and entirely removed. In many cases, a colonoscopy allows accurate diagnosis and treatment of colorectal problems without the need for a major operation.
You are asked to wear a hospital gown and an IV will be started.

You are given a pain reliever and a sedative intravenously (in your vein). You will feel relaxed and somewhat drowsy.

You will lie on your left side, with your knees drawn up towards your chest.

A small amount of air is used to expand the colon so the physician can see the colon walls.

You may feel mild cramping during the procedure. Cramping can be reduced by taking slow, deep breaths.

The colonoscope is slowly withdrawn while the lining of your bowel is carefully examined.

The procedure lasts from 30 minutes to 1 hour.

What Happens After a Colonoscopy

You will stay in a recovery room for observation until you are ready for discharge.

You may feel some cramping or a sensation of having gas, but this quickly passes.

If sedation has been given, a responsible family member or friend must drive you home.

Avoid alcohol, driving, and operating machinery for 24 hours following the procedure.

Unless otherwise instructed, you may immediately return to your normal diet. We recommend you wait until the day after your procedure to resume normal activities.

If polyps were removed or a biopsy was taken, the physician performing your colonoscopy will tell you when it is safe to resume taking your blood thinners.

If a biopsy was taken or a polyp was removed, you may notice a little amount of rectal bleeding for 1 to 2 days after the procedure. If you have a large amount of rectal bleeding, high or persistent fevers, or severe abdominal pain within the next 2 weeks, please go to your local emergency room and call the physician who performed your exam.